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# Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future  
Great Railroad Centre and Grand  
Gateway of International Com-  
merce.

VOL. XXXVIII.

LAREDO, TEXAS, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1918—TWELVE PAGES.

NO 22.

## RICHTER'S NOVEMBER SALE SILK DRESSES

We have placed on Sale 93 Silk  
Dresses at \$13.95.

The values are \$18.50, all crisp,  
bright new styles.

You will effect quite a saving on  
your selection.

We will take your Liberty bonds  
in trade at 4 per cent discount.

\$50.00 BONDS \$48.00

\$100.00 " \$96.00

Do your Xmas shopping now.

AUG. C. RICHTER

## THE PRICE YOU PAY

THE INCREASED PRICE OF GOOD CLOTHES IS  
PROPORTIONATELY LESS THAN FOR THOSE  
OF QUESTIONABLE QUALITY. BY GOOD  
CLOTHES WE MEAN PURE WOOL CLOTHES  
TAILORED TO OUR ORDER — THE KIND THAT

Real economy consists in paying  
the price of quality.

Yet our hundreds of weaves in  
pure wool and worsted for tail-  
ored suits and overcoats are price-  
surprises.

EXAMINE THE SUITS THAT WE HAVE ON  
DISPLAY. YOU'LL FIND THE QUALITY TO  
WHICH YOU ARE ACCUSTOMED, OR HAVE  
ALWAYS PREFERRED, AT A PRICE THAT  
YOU WILL WILLINGLY PAY.

**I. ALEXANDER**  
CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER

When Your Eyes Twitch,  
burn and blur it is a sign  
you're straining the delicate  
nerves and muscles.



Don't let these conditions  
continue. Remember your  
sight is priceless. Consult  
us about Your EYES.

Expert eye examination by modern methods. We fit  
and grind Kryptok Glasses. The Invisible Bi-Focal  
for far and near vision.

**LAREDO OPTICAL CO.**  
516 Flores Ave. opposite City Hall.

## OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED THAT KAISER HAS ABDICATED SAYS A MESSAGE FROM BERNE

Chancellor Maximilian Issued a Decree Stating that Kaiser had  
Decided to Renounce the Throne, and will Appoint  
Deputy Ebert as Chancellor, While People  
Decide Form of Government.

By Associated Press

London, Nov. 9.—A telegram from Copenhagen via Berlin asserts  
that Emperor William, his son-in-law, the Duke of Brunswick, and his  
successor have abdicated.

London, Nov. 9.—A German wireless message states: "German  
Imperial Chancellor Prince Max issued the following decree: 'The kaiser  
and king has decided to renounce the throne. The imperial chancellor  
will remain in office until questions connected with the abdication of  
the kaiser, the renouncing by the crown prince of the throne of the  
German empire and the setting up of a regency have been settled.' For  
regent he intends to appoint Deputy Ebert as imperial chancellor and  
proposes that a bill be brought in for the establishment of a law  
providing for immediate promulgation of the suffrage and a constitu-  
tional assembly to settle finally the future form of government of the  
German nations and of those peoples who desire coming within the  
empire."

### ANNOUNCE ABDICATION

Paris, Nov. 9.—The abdication of the Kaiser Wilhelm is officially announced from  
Berlin, a Haves Agency despatch from Basel announces.

### NO WORD RECEIVED.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The American government was advised late today that no  
word had been received by Marshal Foch from the German high command regarding the  
armistice.

### REVOLUTION IS SPREADING.

London, Nov. 9.—It is reported from Amsterdam that the revolution is now spread-  
ing over western Germany. It is reported to have reached Cologne.

### BANKS STOP PAYMENT.

London, Nov. 9.—An Amsterdam despatch says that owing to a rush on the Berlin  
banks these institutions have stopped payment.

\*\*\*\*\*  
The War Summary.  
Germany's answer to the al-  
lied terms for an armistice  
are not expected to reach Mar-  
shal Foch until the middle of  
this afternoon at the earliest.  
A courier left for Spa, the Ger-  
man headquarters, immediately  
after the terms were delivered.  
Few details have been di-  
vulged. Meanwhile the allies  
are grimly sticking to their  
task. The French have reach-  
ed Mezieres and the British  
have captured Avesnes. Ba-  
varia has been declared a re-  
public and King Ludwig de-  
posed. The kaiser's abdication  
is demanded by socialists and  
refused. Revolution is rapidly  
spreading throughout Prussia.  
\*\*\*\*\*

Extended the Limit.  
Berne, Nov. 9.—The German social-  
ists decided not to carry out at noon  
today their threat to withdraw from  
the governor if the emperor had not  
abdicated by that hour. They ex-  
tended the limit in consideration of  
an eventual armistice, says a Berlin  
despatch.

Max's Resignation Not Accepted.  
Copenhagen, Nov. 9.—The kaiser  
has not yet accepted the resignation  
of Prince Maximilian, the German  
chancellor, according to a Berlin mes-  
sage. He asked Maximilian to con-  
tinue in office until the emperor's  
final decision is reached.

Absolute United Necessary.  
Amsterdam, Nov. 9.—Absolute unity  
is necessary among the German peo-  
ple to avert unforeseen consequences,  
declared Chancellor Maximilian in an

address urging Germany to be calm.

Uprising is Spreading.  
Copenhagen, Nov. 9.—The uprising  
in northwestern Germany is reported  
to have spread to Hanover, Olden-  
burg and other cities. Further dis-  
turbances are reported at Hamburg.

Railway Strike in Germany.  
London, Nov. 9.—A general railway  
strike has begun in Germany, accord-  
ing to a Copenhagen despatch.

Severs Last German Artery.  
Washington, Nov. 9.—The capture  
of Meuse, General March said to-  
day, marks the definite severance of  
the last German artery to that sector  
of the western front and makes it im-  
possible for the enemy to shift his  
forces to meet a new attack.

Americans Advance 30 Miles.  
Washington, Nov. 9.—Summarizing  
the allied successes, General March  
said the Germans had been driven 64  
miles further from Paris and their  
French holdings reduced from 10,000  
to 2,500 square miles. The American  
First army under Pershing advanced  
30 miles in the last eight days.

Americans Going Ahead.  
With the Americans on the Sedan  
Front, Nov. 9.—The Americans went  
ahead in this region north and south  
of Damvillers. Along the line of the  
Meuse from Passey to Myrincourt  
the front was marked by heavy artil-  
lery and machine gun fighting.

American Flag Flying.  
With the American at Sedan, No-  
9.—The American flag is now flying  
over Dun-sur-Meuse. When the Amer-  
icans entered the town the German  
battle flag was flying from a church

spire. The American flag soon re-  
placed it, the German flag becoming  
the trophy of the engineer corps. The  
usual despoliation marked the Ger-  
man withdrawal.

His Last Hold.  
Washington, Nov. 9.—Wrestling  
from the enemy his last hold on the  
heights east of the Meuse is reported  
by Gen. Pershing in his communique  
of Friday.

French Resumed Advance.  
Paris, Nov. 9.—The French armies  
today resumed the forward march  
along the entire front, the war office  
announces.

British Capture Maubeuge.  
London, Nov. 9.—British forces  
have captured Fortress Maubeuge,  
Marshal Haig announces. South of  
Maubeuge they are pushing eastward  
and are well beyond the Avesnes  
road.

Bolshevik Forces Scattered.  
Tokio, Nov. 9.—Bolshevik forces  
and Austro-German prisoners in Sib-  
eria are now almost completely scat-  
tered, according to an official state-  
ment.

Newspaperman Heads Revolution.  
Paris, Nov. 9.—Kurt Eisner, the so-  
cialist newspaperman, heads the rev-  
olution in Bavaria. Eisner has organ-  
ized a committee of workmen, soldiers  
and peasants similar to the Russian  
soviet.

Carrying Out Armistice.  
Rome, Nov. 9.—No war event is re-  
ported on the Italian front, says the  
war office. The conditions of the ar-  
mistice are being carried out.

J. K. Beretta, President  
B. M. Alexander, Vice-Pres. M. W. Brennan, Asst. Cash.  
Sam W. Brown, Cashier A. L. Vidaurri, Asst. Cash.

## LAREDO NATIONAL BANK

LAREDO, TEXAS

CAPITAL SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS - \$450,000.00  
TOTAL RESOURCES OVER - \$2,500,000.00

Liberal treatment of customers, close attention to  
all matters pertaining to banking, with conservative  
management, makes a strong bank.

ACCOUNTS LARGE OR SMALL WELCOMED.



WE HAVE BEEN HAMMERING AWAY A LONG TIME TRYING TO DRIVE  
ONE THOUGHT INTO THE MINDS OF THE PEOPLE OF THIS COMMUNITY—  
THAT WE WILL NOT SELL HARDWARE TO ANYONE AT ANY PRICE THAT  
WE DO NOT KNOW TO BE GOOD.

WE HAVE SUCCEEDED DOING BUSINESS THIS WAY, AND WE ARE NOT  
GOING TO CHANGE OUR SYSTEM.

WE SELL WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.

**A. DEUTZ & BROTHER**

## That Gems Governed Destinies

is an ancient tradition that has grown into the pretty custom  
of giving birthstones as a Holiday expression of best wishes.  
We have an unusually good line of BIRTHSTONES set in  
Rings, Brooches and Lavallieres—High Grade Gold very  
reasonably priced.

|                   |                 |                    |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| January—Garnet    | May—Emerald     | September—Sapphire |
| February—Amethyst | June—Moss Agate | October—Opal       |
| March—Bloodstone  | July—Ruby       | November—Topaz     |
| April—Diamond     | August—Sardonyx | December—Turquoise |

**L. Daiches**  
The Jeweler

## OLD NOTIONS FOR OLD TIMES

But modern people want modern improvements.

## A RANGE BOILER

is one of the most convenient and satisfying  
household equipments. It saves time, energy  
and nerves. Just turn a cock and hot water  
flows at your command.

We sell the best known makes on the  
market, boilers that have stood the highest  
test of experience.

**JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE CO.**

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords  
to its patrons security and comfort  
BEST MUSIC, BEST FILM SERVICE  
TODAY.

Montagu Love in "TO HIM THAT HATH." Intense, dramatic,  
real. It will hold your interest from start to finish. It is forceful,  
convincing.

Allies Official War Review and a comedy.

Royal Concert Orchestra.

Admission 10c and 20c.

Tomorrow: J. Warren Kerrigan in "PRISONERS OF THE  
PINES."

Tuesday: Geraldine Farrar in "THE TURN OF THE WHEEL."



## THE WAR WORK CAMPAIGN.

At the very edge of the front line trenches there are civilians who are there by the authorization of the war department for the purpose of aiding the soldiers. Many hundreds of these civilians are women; all of them are as much soldiers of the common good as though they wore the uniform and carried a rifle.

These people are so much in the danger zone that they are supplied with gas masks and shrapnel helmets. They run the same risks as the soldiers in trenches or in billets, and they have not the satisfaction of being able to "hit back," for they are unarmed.

They are the soldiers of humanity. They are fighting the forces of evil in the only way that is successful. They bridge the gap between the men in the field and the folks at home. They bring comfort to the men who are in need of it, and they give their lives as freely as the men in uniform, feeling that what they have done is done in the name of America.

It is for the purpose of keeping up this work—not necessarily paying salaries to these people, for many of them have never received a cent of pay—but to furnish them with what they need to keep the soldiers supplied with hot chocolate or coffee, sandwiches and doughnuts when they come out of the trenches, with chewing gum and soda, and fruits and tobacco, and all that a soldier needs, except what is supplied by the government.

The people in this country have done a great deal to help in the war. They have denied themselves many comforts and some necessities, as well as luxuries. They are wearing last year's clothes and shoes and hats; they are doing without sugar and many other things they like, all that there may be enough for the soldiers.

But so far as mere money is concerned, that is the cheapest thing we have. It only costs a little labor, a little self-sacrifice, a little self-denial. It is not like the sacrifice which many a mother has made—"The only son of his mother, and she a widow." It is not like the sacrifice which sisters and wives and daughters are making, and making without a murmur.

You are not asked to wade through mud to your shoe tops to serve a hungry soldier with hot coffee and sandwiches. You are not asked to give up your comfortable home and leave your family in order to do service abroad. You are not asked to do anything but give a small amount of money to aid in carrying on this work. A sum which you would perhaps spend without a regret in pursuit of a "good time." A sum you often wasted in a game of dice when the saloons were open.

You have a chance to do your duty across the seas vicariously. You have many hundreds of representatives, no matter what your creed. They are ready to do your work, the same as the soldiers are doing your fighting. All they ask is the money with which to carry it on.

Many of these men and women have not only given their personal services, they have also given more money than you know there was in the world. And on top of that they are doing menial work which you would hardly feel like doing in case of sickness in the house and a strike of the domestics.

One English lady of refinement was on her knees scrubbing a floor. A man in military uniform passed, and she asked him to bring her a bucket of water. He exploded: "Why, dammit, madam, I am an officer!" She retorted: "Why, dammit, officer, I am a duchess!" And she was!

If you have confined your personal services to lending an occasional hand in soliciting bond subscriptions, or the like, remember that your personal responsibility does not end there. If you are not able—or willing—to go across and do what others are doing, come across and help them to do your share as well as their own.

Remember that there are thousands of delicate, refined women now doing work that they would hesitate to ask a servant at home to do. Yet they are doing it cheerfully, and most of them without a cent of pay.

You would not want our boys to want anything they could not get. If you are not going to be there to hand it to them, send it over in the shape of your personal contribution to the United War Fund. It will not be wasted, and some soldier will be cheered by it, no matter if he does not know who gave it.

## THE LABOR CONFERENCE.

There are matters of the gravest import to the labor element of the Americas which might be discussed with advantage at the coming labor conference in Laredo. The question is, Will those subjects be discussed, or will the conference be devoted rather to the "unionizing" of the working men of the various republics represented?

A labor union is a good thing, if properly conducted. It organizes the men who are skilled at a particular trade or occupation into a self-supporting body; it secures the cooperation of all for the mutual interests of all. When properly conducted it is not a menace to the employer but is an aid to him, for the best interests of both employer and em-

ployee are so interwoven that an attack upon one means an injury to the other.

But in many cases in their zeal to "organize" a trade, the new union takes in many who arrogate to themselves a knowledge and an ability which they do not possess. It is necessary for a man to be more than a mere "brush hand," for instance, to become a union painter, with equal rights with those who have mastered all the branches of this important occupation.

A master plumber needs to know more than merely how to "wipe a joint," and if he has mastered his trade, he knows as much as anyone else of the necessity of keeping to the proper inclination in digging a trench and laying the pipes with the proper avoidance of angles.

It is the same with all trades. Yet sometimes a new union takes in everyone connected with the trade, without any scrutiny of their capabilities, and the result is that the union is discredited from the very start. Its members are not equal, although they demand equal rights and equal pay.

Some years ago, in their zeal to "organize" the city, the professional organizers of San Francisco practically invented new unions which up to that time were not on the list of organized labor. They organized the hod carriers, the street sweepers, the trash pickers, the dishwashers, and many others whose places could be filled by inexperienced workers and who could not be said in any sense of the word to have a trade. At least their work was not skilled in any sense.

What was the result? The skilled occupations number considerably less than the men without any training, and soon the unskilled, ignorant element were dominating the situation by sheer force of majority, and the conservative, although at the same time progressive, class of the skilled workmen found themselves unable to carry out any intelligent program looking to the advancement of the workmen because their ignorant opponents far outnumbered them.

When a man has no more ambition than to remain a street sweeper or a hod carrier, he is a menace to the advancement of his fellows. If he desires, he can advance, for there is no man so stupid or unintelligent that he cannot improve himself.

In India the caste system regulates the trade of a man's descendants for thousands of years. Once a sweeper, always a sweeper, and this extends to his children for thousands of generations. But there is no reason why the intelligent workman of the Americas should follow this pernicious example.

To go no further from home than across the river, there are hundreds of men who have risen from the humblest of occupations to positions of authority and trust. Some of the poorest at the start have acquired riches and dignity.

But it was not done by the method of the modern trades union organizer. The man who rose was willing to devote his best efforts to improving himself and increasing his output. He was not content to remain one of the crowd; he rose step by step on the ladder of opportunity, until he was at the top.

To tell the man who has but a smattering of the trade at which he works that he is the equal of the skilled master workman is an injustice; it is unjust to the ignorant man who in his complacency is willing to remain incapable and inefficient; it is unjust to the man who has striven to make himself more efficient, and who has mastered the difficulties which presented an insuperable obstacle to the advancement of the more ignorant and less ambitious workman.

## MEXICAN OPERA CO. IN CITY OPENING UP LAST EVENING

Ricardo de la Vega Co., Which Visited Laredo Before and Made Reputation, Here Again.

The opera company in charge of Ricardo de la Vega, which filled an extended engagement in Laredo several years ago and attracted large audiences nightly to their high-class productions has returned to Laredo for an indefinite engagement and are showing at the Lincoln skating rink, which has been converted into a showhouse temporarily with a large stage.

The opening bill last night was "The Chocolate Soldier," which was witnessed by a good sized crowd. Their repertoire consists of high class operas, including the "Merry Widow," "Madame Sherry," etc.

## W. S. S. TO THE PUBLIC.

For the convenience of the public, the District Intelligence Office, 220 Alexander building, announces that hereafter requests for permits to purchase ammunition or guns will be heard at that office between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock in the morning. Because of the presence of the hunting season and the ensuing large number of requests for such permits it has been found necessary to set aside a certain time for the hearing of such requests. Applicants should always apply to Mayor Robert McComb, at the City Hall, for permits before appearing at the District Intelligence Office.

## SOUTHERN BUSINESS MAN ENTHUSIASTIC

GENERAL MANAGER OF JACKSON VEHICLE COMPANY TELLS OF REMARKABLE IMPROVEMENT—GAINED 25 POUNDS.

H. D. Warden, Treasurer and General Manager of the Jackson Vehicle Company, 300 South State Street, Jackson, Miss., is another well known southern business man who has given his unqualified endorsement to Tanlac for the benefits he has derived from its use. Mr. Warden says:

"I have gained twenty-five pounds on three bottles of Tanlac and feel better than I have in years. When I first came to Jackson, I weighed one hundred and ninety-one pounds. I took malaria and fell off until I had lost forty pounds. My weakened, nervous condition made me very irritable. I had such pains in my back and sides that I couldn't sleep and no medicine I took seemed to do me any good.

"My family induced me to try Tanlac and I began to improve at once. I have gained twenty-five pounds already and at the rate my weight and strength is coming back I will soon be as well and strong as I ever was. The malaria is entirely gone, my stomach is in splendid condition, the pains have left my sides and back, my nerves are steady as a rock and I feel like a different person."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

## W. S. S. CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Webb.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County, Greeting:— You are hereby commanded to summon S. Garcia Quiroga by making publication of this citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Webb County to be held at the court house thereof in Laredo, Texas, on the 13th Monday after the first Monday in September, 1918, the same being the 2nd day of December, 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 18th day of May, 1918, in a suit numbered on the Docket of said court No. 4784, wherein I, M. Castro is plaintiff, and S. Garcia Quiroga is defendant, said petition alleging that on or about the 17th day of November, 1917, plaintiff and defendant entered into a partnership to carry on a skating rink and also operate a picture-show owned by defendant, as partners, under the name of Oriental Tent Theater and Skating Rink to continue five months, that plaintiff put into said business Eight Hundred and Fifty Dollars as agreed and said sum was invested in improvements for skating rink and skates, and said picture show. After a short time the skating rink was by agreement discontinued and picture show continued, each party to share equally in the profits, and on the 31st day of January, 1918, said partnership was by agreement extended one year from said last named date and said picture show business was so continued. That on January the 30th, 1918, the financial condition of said partnership was such that plaintiff and defendant found it necessary to borrow Six Hundred and Fifty Dollars, and that defendant authorized plaintiff to give the property as security for such money, but that plaintiff went and borrowed the money and gave his personal note for same and that \$225.00 was paid on chairs and moving picture machine, and an electric light bill due by defendant and the balance used in paying debts of said partnership. That on or about the 21st day of April, 1918, defendant sought to terminate said partnership without making any accounting or settlement with plaintiff and denied this plaintiff any rights to the proceeds of the business or access to the books, and left Laredo and went into Mexico and left the business with a minor son who closed same since the institution of this suit and carried away the skates and other property and skates are still gone.

That defendant is indebted to him for money advanced for defendant to said partnership in the sum of \$425.00, and to the Milmo National Bank for the sum of \$225.00, and to the partnership for \$225.00 for money taken from the business, and One Thousand Dollars net profits taken by defendant from the business.

Plaintiff asks for an auditor to audit the books and for judgment for such money as may be found due him in winding up the partnership.

Herein fail not, but have before said court on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness Eliseo E. Ochoa, Clerk of the District Court of Webb County. Given under my hand and the seal of the said court, in the City of Laredo, this the 31st day of October, A. D. 1918.

ELISEO E. OCHOA, Clerk of the District Court of Webb County, Texas.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 60c. per month.

## LOCAL NEWS

—The importations through this port from Mexico today consisted of two carloads of ixtle, one carload of henequen, eleven carloads of lead, one carload of skins and one carload of manganese.

—A recuperative diet in influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crocket 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2-25-tf.

—Commissioners' court of Webb county will convene in regular quarterly session on next Monday morning and remain in session throughout the week. One of the tasks coming before the commissioners at their session will be the canvassing of the vote cast in the election last Saturday in this county.

—When in need of a plumber phone 1203. Jarez Plumbing, 419 Matamoros street.

2-11-tf.

—The complete returns of Webb county are now in the hands of County Clerk Rodriguez and they show that in the election on Thursday in this county a total of 182 votes were cast for Archer Parr for state senator, and 342 for D. W. Glasscock for state senator.

—The Belmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

6-20-tf.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Dionicio Barrera and Miss Luisa Garcia, Harley L. Henderson and Miss Lola A. Wilton.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

6-15-tf.

—The Mexican labor unions of this city are making preparations to give a welcoming demonstration to the officials and delegates who will be here within the next few days to attend the meeting of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor on Monday and the International Labor Council which begins a three-day session on Wednesday.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

4-10-tf.

—Teacher of Gregg Shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street.

4-27-tf.

—At first it was expected that a number of the governors of various states of this country would be here for the International Labor Conference next week, but so far there has been no assuring information that there will be any of them here. Governor Hobby is convalescing from the "flu" and will not venture out too soon after his recovery.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

4-10-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

4-24-tf.

—The fourth Saturday session of the City Teachers' Institute will be held at the Central School building beginning tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. The final day's session of the Institute will be held on Saturday, November 16. The institute is scheduled for five consecutive Saturdays, and tomorrow will be the fourth Saturday session.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-27-tf.

—W. S. S. Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She Cured Her Son of a Cold.

"When my son Ellis was sick with a cold last winter I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Homer City, Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take.

—W. S. S.—

## Your Troubles May be a Warning of a Nervous Breakdown

Nine failures out of ten are due to personal physical conditions. The causes are usually not far to seek—at first a little brain fog, weakened memory, insomnia, nervous indigestion and increased irritability; nerves become unstrung—finally there is a complete breakdown of the nervous system.

## SENSAPERSA

helps rebuild the nerve system and makes rich blood. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double the nerve health in ten days. Every nerve, every tissue will receive its share of energy and health. Take heed of the warnings. Don't be a failure. Build up your health with Sensaparsa. Two sizes, 60c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

W.S.S. DOLLAR MARK YOUR PLEDGE—W.S.S. PAY THE PRESIDENT

## IS JUST BACK FROM FRANCE AND WORKING IN CAMPAIGN

College Companion President Wilson Has Arrived in Texas to Help in United War Work Campaign.

Commissioner Luther D. Wishard, who is now touring Texas in the United War Work Campaign, has had the trying experience of riding horseback across the Caucasus, Persia, Kurdistan, and Asia Minor. He has lived many years and traveled extensively in many of the belligerent countries—in Europe, Asia, and Africa, and his years of intimate contact with all classes of people in these nations peculiarly fitted him for making first-hand studies of conditions in the war zone and for grasping the principles of the Prussian plot for world domination.

Mr. Wishard was a college companion of President Wilson, and was the originator of the Y. M. C. A. work among college students. At the President's own request he was sent to the zone by the War Council.

His long time connection with soldiers and soldiers' orphans and his familiarity with the great sanitary and relief enterprises in other wars clearly pointed him out as the man pre-eminently qualified to make an intelligent survey of the vast hospital services and the measures of relief which the Red Cross is employing among soldiers, children, and refugees.

His baptism of shell fire in company with a division of Canadian troops, his observation when conducting an inspection of the devastated area, his vivid portrayal of the experiences through which a wounded soldier passes from the battle front to the base hospital, when his life is so dependent upon the agents and equipment furnished by the Red Cross, his word pictures of camp life "Somewhere in France," and above all, his special message from General Pershing to the members and supporters of the great American war welfare agencies entitle him to the enthusiastic receptions with which he is everywhere met.

Mr. Wishard is now touring Texas in the interest of the United War Work Campaign, and will speak in a number of the principal cities of the state before returning east.

—W. S. S.—

## Notice

Regular meeting of Encampment Number 29, I. O. O. F., every second and fourth Friday of each month at the Odd Fellows' Hall at 8:30 o'clock. JOS. NETZER, Chief Patriarch. GEO. W. PEW, Scribe.

—W. S. S.—

## MET NUMBER OLD FRIENDS AND REUNION TOOK PLACE

Lieut. Ed. J. Moser Runs Into the Third Field Artillery Boys Who Were Formerly Stationed Here.

An interesting letter was received yesterday by Mrs. Charles Moser from her son, Lieutenant Ed. Moser, who is with the 11th Ammunition Train "over there," in which he says the American soldiers are kept busy these days in the great marathon they are engaged in of chasing the Huns.

In his letter he refers to a happy meeting which took place on the battlefield, when he met the boys of the Third Field Artillery which was formerly stationed here and such exchanges as "hello, Ed. Moser," met with such responses as "hello, Jimmy Broughton," "hello, Roxie," etc. Lieutenant Moser says there was a temporary stop and a genuine old hugging bee took place between him and his old pals and that on the following Sunday they were to have a big dinner and reunion at the artillery camp.

—W. S. S.—

## Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTER CO. 1210 Southwestern Life Bldg. Dallas, Texas.

8-3-tf.

## GLAD TO TESTIFY

Says Watoga Lady, "As To What Cardui Has Done For Me, So As To Help Others."

Watoga, W. Va.—Mrs. S. W. Gladwell, of this town, says: "When about 15 years of age, I suffered greatly . . . Sometimes would go a month or two, and I had terrible headache, backache, and bearing-down pains, and would just drag and had no appetite. Then . . . it would last . . . two weeks, and was so weakening, and my health was awful.

My mother bought me a bottle of Cardui, and I began to improve after taking the first bottle, so kept it up until I took three . . . I gained, and was well and strong, and I owe it all to Cardui.

I am married now and have 3 children . . . Have never had to have a doctor for female trouble, and just resort to Cardui if I need a tonic. I am glad to testify to what it has done for me, so as to help others."

If you are nervous or weak, have headaches, backaches, or any of the other ailments so common to women, why not give Cardui a trial? Recommended by many physicians. In use over 40 years. Begin taking Cardui today. It may be the very medicine you need.

NC-120

**INSPECTION**



**KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT**

# 2 IN 1

## SHOE POLISHES

**LIQUIDS AND PASTES. FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES. PRESERVE THE LEATHER.**

The F. F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS, LIMITED, BUFFALO, N. Y.

\*\*\*\*\* Prince Erick of Denmark, who settled in Canada to study practical agriculture, born in Copenhagen, 28 years ago today.

\*\*\*\*\* Rene Viviani, who preceded M. Clemenceau in the French premiership, born in Algeria, 57 years ago today.

\*\*\*\*\* Ethel Clayton, widely celebrated as a motion picture star, born at Champaign, Ill., 28 years ago today.

\*\*\*\*\* Joe Choyinski, a one-time brilliant performer in the squared circle, born in San Francisco, 50 years ago today.

## SOMETHING NEW-FROZEN PUDDINGS.

Our Ice Cream Department is starting something new for those who want to treat a friend or surprise the family with a dainty, delicious dessert out of the ordinary.

Beginning Saturday afternoon the 9th, we will offer our patrons a line of "Boderette" Frozen Puddings that will be distinctly different from anything previously offered in Laredo. We will start off with Pineapple Puffs, and if you want to find out how truly delicious they are try them either at the City Drug Store, Botica del Pueblo or Windrow's, or order direct from our factory.

In offering you this new treat we await your verdict with the utmost confidence that you will be pleased.

## CONSUMERS' ICE CO.

## ANEMIA TABLETS

If you wish to increase your strength, vigor and nervous force take at once

**"Dr. Riveroll's Anemia Tablets"**  
the ONE TONIC which should be in every home.

They build up the nervous system wonderfully, and enrich the blood, imparting a healthy rose color to the cheeks, "ANEMIA TABLETS" keep the system always thoroughly healthy and in vigorous condition.

Procurable in sealed boxes at all good druggists

## NOTICE

After October 1st, 1918, prices of 10 to 50 Watt Mazda Lamps will be increased to 30 cents each, 60 Watt Lamps to 40 cents each. Prices of larger sizes unchanged.

Laredo Electric & Railway Co.



# JUDGMENT FOR PLAINTIFFS WILL HAVE A WIDE EFFECT

Judgment in Favor of City to Six Blocks of City Property Gives City Title to Entire 118 Blocks.

Yesterday afternoon in the district court City Attorney A. Winslow secured a judgment in favor of the plaintiffs in the suit of the City of Laredo vs. T. A. Bunn, establishing title to six blocks of city property. The legal effect of this suit settles the title to a total of 118 blocks of city property involved in a like manner.

Involved in the result of the suit were a total of 118 blocks of city property located in Laredo which Mr. Bunn claimed as his property, and the suit by the city to clear the title to the six blocks covers the status of the entire lot, and therefore the judgment affects the whole, as the other blocks are involved in a like manner.

## A CORRECTION.

To The Times.

I have learned with regret that a recent article written by me and published in your valuable paper concerning the induction into the United States Army of men charged with criminal offenses was taken by some as a reflection by this office upon the loyalty and honesty of purpose of District Attorney Valls and other local and Government officials here. In that connection I take this occasion to state that this office has always enjoyed the most splendid personal and official relations with Mr. Valls and the other officials at Laredo since taking up our mission among them, and that within our knowledge, Mr. Valls has repeatedly refused in a number of instances to permit the dismissal of cases against offenders in order that they might be inducted into, or join the United States Army. We were misinformed as to the circumstances in the instance referred to in our previous article as it appears that the party involved is entitled to his release on legal grounds and that his induction into the United States Army follows in the regular course.

Our efforts here have been directed in no other channel than in the interest of the Government and its people here, and we trust this correction will be accepted by all concerned as indicating the desire of this office to secure and maintain the most agreeable relations at all times. The thought of reflecting upon the good name of any official or citizen was far from our purpose when we offered the protest against a condition that we feel sure not only Mr. Valls, but every other loyal citizen of Laredo will agree should not obtain.

J. O. CHAPMAN,  
Captain U. S. Army.

Laredo, Texas, Nov. 7, 1918.

FROM JOHN A. VALLS.

Laredo, November 7th, 1918.

The Laredo Daily Times:

I will appreciate the publication of this note in your paper.

No criminal accusation of any kind has ever been filed in any court in my district against Captain Chapman, who has diligently co-operated with me in the suppression of the illegal sale of liquor.

Mr. Pope's statement that I have been kind to Captain Chapman is true, and the further statement that Captain Chapman recalls the incident is also true, and this information was furnished by me to Mr. Pope. This incident, however, is one whose interest is confined principally to the parties concerned, and Mr. Pope had no intention of conveying the idea that any criminal charge had ever been filed against Captain Chapman.

Very respectfully,  
JOHN A. VALLS,  
District Attorney.

W. S. S.

## LOCAL NEWS

—Mrs. M. Capra has received word that her son-in-law, Lieut. Walter E. Seamount, has been promoted to captain. Captain Seamount is somewhere in France, while his wife and children are residing at their home in Los Angeles, California.

—The funeral of Less Petty took place from the residence of his sister, Mrs. John E. Valls, 2026 Sanchez Avenue, yesterday afternoon and was attended by a number of friends of the deceased customs inspector. Members of the customs department attended the funeral in a body.

—Next week is a big week in Laredo. There will be a meeting of the executive council of the American Federation here on Monday, followed by the convening of the International Labor Conference on Wednesday morning; federal court meets on Monday morning to continue throughout the week and the regular quarterly term of commissioners' court convenes on Monday morning.

—According to reports, the quarantine at Fort McIntosh will in all probability be raised early in the coming week, as the influenza there has improved to such an extent that it is considered safe to let the soldiers out. The improvement at the base hospital has been such that a big decrease in the number of patients has been experienced daily for the past week.

## For Weak Women

In use for over 40 years!

Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women.

There are no harmful or habit-forming drugs in Cardui. It is composed only of mild, medicinal ingredients, with no bad after-effects.

## TAKE

# CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

You can rely on Cardui.

Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help.

"I was taken sick, seemed to be . . .," writes Mrs. Mary E. Veste, of Madison Heights, Va. "I got down so weak, could hardly walk . . . just staggered around. . . . I read of Cardui, and after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I take it in the spring when run-down. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw." Try Cardui.

All Druggists

L. 70

## Certain Cure for Croup.

Mrs. Rose Middleton, of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says, "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately and I was never without it in the house. I have taken it myself for coughs and colds with good results."

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

NOVEMBER 7.

Sir Hormidas Laporte, head of the War Purchasing Commission of Canada, born at Lachine, Que., 68 years ago today.

Francis T. C. O'Hara, for many years Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce for Canada, born 48 years ago today.

Dr. Andrew D. White, celebrated scholar, educator and diplomatist, born at Homer, N. Y., 86 years ago today.

W. R. Stubbs, ex-governor of Kansas and recent candidate for senatorial nomination, born in Indiana, 60 years ago today.

Charlotte Crabtree (Lotta), celebrated actress, now retired, born in New York City, 71 years ago today.

Braxton B. Comer, former governor of Alabama, born in Barbour County, Ala., 70 years ago today.

Melvin O. Adams, eminent Boston lawyer and financier, born at Ashburnham, Mass., 68 years ago today.

## W. S. S.

A tight feeling in the chest accompanied by a short, dry cough, indicates an inflamed condition in the lungs. To relieve it buy the dollar size BAL-LARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP; you get with each bottle a free HER-RICK'S RED PEPPER POROUS PLASTER for the chest. The syrup relaxes out the inflammation. It is an ideal combination for curing colds settled in the lungs. Sold by all druggists.

**KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS**  
**WITH DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY**  
**FOR COUGHS** (PRICE 50¢ & \$1.00)  
**AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES**  
**GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.**



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

There will be an important meeting of the Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

Friday.

The Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls will hold their regular weekly meeting with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular monthly meeting of the Girls of Honor Guard will be held at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Mrs. Hugh Cluck.

\*\*\*\*\*

## The Trees.

The poplar is a French tree,  
A tall and laughing wench tree,  
A slender tree, a tender tree,  
That whispers to the rain—  
An easy, breezy flapper tree,  
A lithe and blithe and dapper tree,  
A girl of trees, a pearl of trees,  
Beside the shallow Aisne.

The oak is a British tree,  
And not at all skittish tree;  
A rough tree, a tough tree,  
A knotty tree to bruise;  
A drives-his-roots-in-deep tree,  
A what-I-find-I-keep tree,  
A mighty tree, a Blighty tree,  
A tree of stubborn trees.

The pine tree is our own tree  
A grown tree, a cone tree,  
The tree to face a bitter wind,  
The tree for mast and spar—  
A mountain tree, a fine tree,  
A fragrant turpentine tree,  
A limber tree, a timber tree,  
And resinous with tar!  
—Christopher Morley in Collier's Weekly.

## General Mention.

Miss Virginia Roach and sister left last night for the Roach ranch in response to a wire stating that their mother is seriously ill.

Lieut. Lawrence, who has been stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga., has been transferred to Camp Travis.

Mrs. E. H. Bueuz will go to San Antonio the latter part of the week to meet her mother, Mrs. Beene, of Little Rock, Ark., who is coming to spend the winter with her daughter. Mrs. Bueuz will be the guest of Mrs. E. P. Lewis while in San Antonio.

Captain Rollman leaves tonight for Camp Meade, Aberdeen, Maryland.

Mrs. L. Bruni will leave some time this week to visit her husband at Camp Stanley, S. C.

Mrs. Adams of San Antonio, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. B. Arthur, for the past month, expects to return home today.

Captain and Mrs. R. L. Bobbitt are now at Columbia, South Carolina, where Captain Bobbitt is with the artillery. Mrs. Bobbitt has just returned from a visit to Major and Mrs. I. Gill at Raleigh, North Carolina.

Mr. Paul Rocks of San Antonio, is in the city on a business trip.

Mrs. John Packard, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Putman, for the past several weeks, has gone to San Antonio to join her husband, who is stationed there.

In a recent letter from Major John T. Halsell, assistant division surgeon for the 7th Division, now at the front, he states: "Too much cannot be said of the courageous spirit shown and the excellent work done for the American wounded, by the battalion aid surgeons. The American surgeons are doing the first aid work right under the shell fire which was formerly done at the ambulance dressing stations further back." He also went on to say: "The New York Times and the magazines I have never received, but the 'Weekly Laredo Times,' yes, and I enjoy it very much."

Announcements.  
The Woman's Club are planning to entertain with their regular weekly program at the army Y. M. C. A. next week.

The regular monthly meeting of the Girls Honor Guard will be held Friday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Hugh Cluck. A full attendance is urged.

There will be a final meeting of the chairmen of the various committees in the United War Work campaign at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon at Market Hall, to plan for the opening of the campaign on Monday. All chairmen, men and women, are requested to be present, and we ask for volunteers.

MRS. HAL W. GREER,  
Chairman.

## Parish Guild.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church held their regular meeting at the Rectory yesterday afternoon after resting for the past three weeks. The members spent a busy afternoon putting the prices on the articles for the Thanksgiving Sale. A committee was appointed to select an assortment of Christmas seals and cards and a few articles suitable for Christmas gifts. Mrs. McKinney asked for six members who would volunteer to sell Thrift Stamps during the month of December. Booths will be placed at various places for the convenience of the public. The Guild will meet next Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Elmer Anderson. Those present yesterday were Mesdames Arkles, Anderson, Kehl, Mussett, MacGregor, McKinney, Mason, Puster, Woodman, Vidales, Woodh and Cook.

## Club Notes.

There was a called meeting on Monday afternoon at the Woman's Club for the purpose of organizing the "Garden Club," which will be under the direction of Prof. Mally. There will be two meetings a month, to be held on Thursday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Every woman who is interested in this line of work is most cordially invited to join the club and get the benefit of Prof. Mally's lectures. It is being formed not only for the members of the Woman's Club, but for any woman who would like to become a member. The city teachers will also join and as many as can will attend the meetings. There will be lectures on the preparation of the soil for fall gardens and the preparation for spring gardens. Rose culture will also be studied and this subject alone will be a drawing card for many of our women. For there are few places where more beautiful roses can be grown than right here in our little old wind-swept border town. These lectures will extend over a number of weeks and will be both interesting and beneficial to those who care to come. All kinds of plants suitable to this climate will doubtless be studied and discussed at these meetings.

## Let Us Worry for You.

Home Service Sections, A. R. C., represent the organized assistance of the people, by the people, for the people—i. e., Men in all branches of the service fighting at Home or Overseas and Each and every member of their families.

Such Home Service Sections are equipped to provide Expert advice on allotments, allowance, compensation, insurance Regulations, laws, employment and communications. Visitors bring sympathy and real friendship to your homes. In cases of illness; and helpful advice any and all family difficulties. Call upon your Home Service Section in any emergency. It stands Ever ready to serve—to give Comfort, material and spiritual.

## Honor Prospective Bride.

Misses Aurora and Margarita de la Garza, assisted by Miss Maria N. Navarro and Miss Virginia Gutierrez, entertained very delightfully the members of the Maira Club at the home of the Misses de la Garza yesterday afternoon, in honor of Miss Dolores Cantu, a bride of the month, one of the features being a miscellaneous shower for the prospective bride. The parlors were beautifully decorated with white carnations and chrysanthemums, ferns and pink, the colors of the club, being also used in the decorative note. After an hour spent in singing, the guests played a series of "Hearts," in which the first prize was awarded to Miss Navarro, being a beautiful piece of cut glass. At 6 o'clock a luncheon was served. Those present were: Miss Dolores Cantu, the honor guest; Misses Cristina Orfila, Mary and Guadalupe de la Garza, Beatriz and Eloisa Flores, Raquel Erhart, Raquel Casso, Guadalupe Villar, Rosa Gonzalez, Amelia de Lachica, Matilde Ochoa, Lidia Yzaguirre, Estela Gonzalez, Aurora and Margarita de la Garza, Virginia Gutierrez, Maria N. Navarro and Bolen Salinas.

## Mutiny and Hoist Fed Flag.

London, Nov. 7.—Members of the crew of the battleship Kaiser at Kiel have mutinied and hoisted the red flag. Officers attempting to defend the German flag were overpowered and two, including the commander, were killed. Infantry sent to restore order joined the revolution. The garrison at Kiel refused to march to the harbor and the sailors threatened to blow up the battleship if attacked. A number of German garrisons on the South Baltic have deserted and are marching toward Kiel.

## Seized German Navy.

London, Nov. 7.—The entire German navy and a great part of Schleswig are in the hands of revolutionists, according to reports received in Copenhagen.

## Demand German Withdrawal.

Amsterdam, Nov. 7.—Demands that the Germans withdraw their troops forthwith from Poland have been forwarded to Berlin by the new national Polish government, according to a despatch from Essen.

## To Abandon Ghent.

Belgian Battle Front, Nov. 7.—A wireless despatch was received this

## Relief from Eczema

Don't worry about eczema or other skin troubles. You can have a clear, healthy skin by using a little Zemo, obtained at any drug store for 35c, or extra large bottle at \$1.00.

Zemo generally removes pimples, blackheads, blotches, eczema, and ringworm and makes the skin clear and healthy. Zemo is a clean, penetrating, antiseptic liquid, neither sticky nor greasy and stains nothing. It is easily applied and costs a mere trifle for each application. It is always dependable.

# GERMAN ARMISTICE DELEGATION HAS NOT REACHED MARSHAL FOCH'S HEADQUARTERS

Rumor that Armistice was Signed Proves to be Without Foundation, Although It Came from Various Parts of the Country—May be Part of a German Propaganda Plot to Bring About Trouble.

Shortly afternoon several persons rang up The Times and reported having received the news—from various sources, distinctly unrelated—that the Germans had signed the armistice terms and that the war was to all effect over. Searching investigation failed to discover the source of any of these stories, although one stated that a San Antonio paper had issued a bulletin to that effect.

By Associated Press.

## HAVE NOT SIGNED.

Washington, Nov. 7.—It was officially announced at the state department at 2:15 o'clock this afternoon that the Germans had not signed the armistice terms.

## WILL ARRIVE TONIGHT.

Paris, Nov. 7.—3:35 p. m.—Four German officers bearing white flags, it is officially announced, probably will arrive at headquarters of Marshal Foch tonight.

## NOT TILL THIS EVENING.

Washington, Nov. 7.—Secretary Lansing authorized the statement that the German armistice delegation would not be received by General Foch until 5 o'clock this afternoon.

## Route for German Delegates.

London, Nov. 7.—The German high command has notified by Gen. Foch that if the German armistice delegation wishes to meet him it shall advance to the French lines along the Chinay, Fournier, Le Campelle and Guise roads. From the French outposts the plenipotentiaries will be conducted to the place decided upon for the interview.

## Wants to End Bloodshed.

Amsterdam, Nov. 7.—Chancellor Maximilian has issued an appeal to the German people saying that in order to make an end of bloodshed a deputation has left for the front and that negotiations will be seriously endangered by disturbances and lack of discipline, according to an official despatch from Berlin.

## Demand End of War.

Amsterdam, Nov. 7.—The German social democrats have notified the government that their representatives will resign ministerial posts unless the war is brought to an immediate end.

## Revolt in Hamburg.

Copenhagen, Nov. 7.—Revolt has broken out in Hamburg. Violent artillery firing was in progress in the streets of the city at the time the correspondent filed the information, says a despatch from the correspondent of the Politiken at Hamburg.

## Disorder at Hamburg.

London, Nov. 7.—The Wolff Bureau of Berlin announces that all work has stopped at Hamburg, owing to the strike, and that undisciplined acts and outrages have taken place. The news agency reports similar occurrences from Lubeck.

## Mutiny and Hoist Fed Flag.

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## To Abandon Ghent.

Belgian Battle Front, Nov. 7.—A wireless despatch was received this

## afternoon at the headquarters of General Beaurains from the Germans,

saying that they had decided to abandon Ghent and asking that the Belgians do not fire on the suburbs of the town where white flags are raised. Americans from Ohio commanded by Alfred Farnsworth played a great part in the relief of the city by an attack on the Becke salient, 16 miles southwest of Ghent, which was taken by storm yesterday. Their losses were comparatively light.

## Americans Entered Sedan.

With the Americans at Sedan, Nov. 7.—American troops today entered that part of Sedan which lies on the west bank of the Meuse. During the night American positions east of the Meuse were consolidated, while progress was made on both sides of the river, the Germans giving way slowly. The railway junction of Sedan is already useless to the enemy.

## Americans Doing Well.

With the Americans at Sedan, Nov. 7.—Since November 1 the Americans have taken 6,000 prisoners, have freed all the territory within the zone of army operations west of the Meuse to a total of 700 square kilometers, and have liberated 2,000 civilians.

## Pursuing Fleeing Germans.

Paris, Nov. 7.—Along the entire French front the pursuit of the retreating Germans was taken up again this morning. The French have thrown cavalry into action on their right, where mounted troops are pursuing the Germans in the direction of the Meuse.

## British Continue Progress.

London, Nov. 7.—The British forces are continuing their progress along the Franco-Belgian battle line. North-east of Valenciennes they have reached the outskirts of Quivrain and Crepin, close to the Belgian border.

## OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Princess Helena Victoria, who is one of the best pianists of the English royal family, frequently plays for the entertainment of the soldiers who enjoy the hospitality of the Great Park Hut at Windsor.

Through the present Queen of Swedish royal family is closely related to the imperial family of Germany, the Queen being a granddaughter of the Old Emperor William, and consequently a first cousin of the present German Emperor.

## RATTLE WAS THE WORD.

Johnson bought a second-hand motor car, which turned out to be a cripple on four wheels rather than a pleasure vehicle. He was describing some of the patient's symptoms to a friend.

"I take it, then, that she rattles a good deal when you run her."

"Rattles!" said the owner of the car. "She sounds like a skeleton having a shaking fit on a tin roof!"—Tit-Bits.

## Notice.

There will be no meeting tonight of the Executive Committee of the Webb County Chapter of the American Red Cross.

ANITA BRULARD, Sec'y.

## Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today: Max. temp. 88 degs. Min. temp. 75 degs. General direction of wind: Southeast.

## HENRY FORD DEFEATED.

By Associated Press.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 7.—With less than 200 precincts missing, Lieutenant Commander Truman H. Newberry, Republican, today has increased his lead to over 5,300 votes over Henry Ford, Democrat, for United States senator.

## PEACE LEAGUE WILL DEFINE ITS AIMS.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 7.—"To confirm opposition to a premature peace, to sustain the determination of the American people to fight until Prussian militarism has been defeated, and to focus attention on the only advantage the American people seek to gain from the war—permanent peace guaranteed by a League of Nations."

These are the objects of a great "Win-the-War" convention, with 1,500 delegates from all parts of the United States in attendance, which is scheduled to open here tomorrow under the auspices of the League to Enforce Peace. The convention, which will be in session three days, will be one of the first of a series of similar gatherings which it is planned to hold in many of the States.

America's answer to the German "peace offensive," the Austrian note, and all other premature peace overtures launched by the Central Powers will be the theme of the prominent speakers at the Madison convention. Former President William Howard Taft, as president of the League to Enforce Peace, will preside over the several sessions. Lord Reading, it is hoped, will be able to head the list of speakers.

Other speakers of wide prominence will include Dr. A. Lawrence Lowell, president of Harvard University; Franz Sigel, president of the Friends of German Democracy; Hamilton Holt, editor of The Independent; the Rev. Arthur T. Guttery, a special delegate from England, and Thomas S. Adams, special adviser to Secretary McAdoo.

## COMING TRIAL OF SOCIALISTS.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 7.—The most important trial of American Socialists growing out of the party's opposition to the war is to begin in the Federal court here within a short time, possibly next week if arrangements and preliminaries can be completed by that time. This is the trial of Victor Berger, Milwaukee newspaper publisher and member of the national executive committee of the Socialist Party; Adolph Germer, national executive secretary; J. Lewis Engdahl, party editor at headquarters; W. F. Kruse, secretary of the Young People's Socialist League, and Irving St. John Tucker, a socialist lecturer and writer of Chicago, who headed the People's Council here. The indictment on which the trial will take place is under the Espionage Act.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight showers; cooler. Friday probably fair; cooler.

## Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today: Max. temp. 88 degs. Min. temp. 75 degs. General direction of wind: Southeast.



From Wednesday's Daily.

#### THE ALLIES' DECISION.

Premier Lloyd George told the house of commons the other day that Germany must ask Generalissimo Foch for an armistice. This had been decided by the allied war council, the premier added.

When at the close of 1870 the Third Republic was formed in France, one-half of the available forces of France were shut up in Metz, which shortly after capitulated, and the arrogant German conquerors forced the most humiliating terms upon the French when the armistice was granted which led to the close of the war.

Among other things which demonstrated the German love of lucre was the indemnity of five billion francs—one billion dollars—the heaviest indemnity ever imposed upon a conquered nation up to that time.

The German forces remained in France until the indemnity was paid—a matter of three years—and during their stay the inhabitants were as much subject to the will of the German commanders as during the period of the war.

Citizens were dragged from their hiding places and executed on the charge of having resisted lawful authority, others were shot because they were accused of being franc-tireurs, and the reign of terror lasted until the last German soldier had left French soil.

The forced cession of Alsace and the greater part of Lorraine was the greatest blow to French pride, however, and the French people have never forgiven the Germans for this act.

For years the French people have been content to keep the peace, and had it not been for the aggression of Germany in the present war, they would have been content to mourn the "lost provinces" without any effort to retake them.

But now the French commander, who is also the commander in chief of the allied forces, is to have the privilege of granting an armistice to the German commander—if he asks for it. But will the Germans be willing to humble themselves sufficiently to ask from the French commander what he hoped to get from the British or the Americans? Will he not be under some apprehension as to the reception he will meet?

Of course, the French people are magnanimous. They would not be guilty of what the Germans do every day of their lives in the way of humiliating a conquered enemy. But it is only natural to believe that the French commander will have the remembrance of past wrongs and insults, as well as the abuses of the present war, to influence him in his answer to the German plea for an armistice.

Were it the Americans with whom the Germans had to treat, they would have little apprehension as to the answer. The British, even, would be more satisfactory to the Germans in the imposition of terms. But the French will be considered by the Germans as the last people they would willingly ask any favors from.

It is perhaps for this reason that there is a delay in the actual request for an armistice, and that the people of Berlin adopted a resolution to continue the war rather than to accept "a humiliating peace."

It may be that the terms of an armistice will be dictated with the allied forces in sight of Berlin. If the pursuit of the fleeing Germans keeps up for a few weeks, the fighting will be across the Rhine, and the Germans will not be able to secure even the terms which are now offered them.

In case of the fighting continuing until the Germans are forced to yield, it would be eminently fit and proper to demand that the French armies be permitted to make a triumphal entry into the German capital, as the German armies did in Paris in 1871.

There are certain things which cannot be condoned or forgiven. The deliberate humiliation of a proud nation should be repaid by the deliberate humiliation of the people who, above all others, have been prouder of their "national honor" than any others in Europe. Of honor they have not the slightest trace; of the sort of "honor" which could be mortally wounded by such treatment they have a surplus. It would be well to give them a dose of their own medicine, and it is to be hoped that Gen. Foch will be permitted to make the terms as humiliating as possible.

#### DEATHS IN LAREDO.

When one considers that the death list in Laredo during the month of October, during which the epidemic of influenza raged here, was less than 1 in 100, and that about 87 per cent of the deaths were due to influenza or complications following that disease, our death rate is not alarming.

A death rate of 10 in 1,000 is not considered a very high average for any place, and that is what the rate would be here during a time of epidemic, when hundreds of cases were reported daily, and when many died because of lack of attention, or because of improper treatment during convalescence.

There are few cities of equal population in the United States which have so low a death rate as Laredo, and it must be remembered that many of the deaths occur in families of indigent, ignorant foreigners, who are unacquainted with the primary

rules of hygiene and sanitation, and who have neither the means nor the inclination to follow those rules even if they were acquainted with them.

Our death rate is increased by the infant mortality under one year of age, and much of this is due to the ignorance of the parents and their disregard of the doctors' directions.

The deaths here during last month were in some cases partly avoidable had the relatives possessed the means of caring for the patients properly. In some cases it was found that the family had not even called a doctor, but were treating the sick persons with decoctions of herbs, giving them food which was impossible of digestion, and disregarding the most rudimentary rules of hygiene by sleeping in the same room with the sick ones.

As a consequence many families had several cases of influenza and most of them were serious, if not fatal.

Since the establishment of the Red Cross influenza committee much has been done for the suffering poor, and still the cost has not been great. Milk and fruits have been furnished for the sick people, doctors and medicine have been provided, and the families have been given elementary instruction as to the best methods of caring for the convalescents.

There has never been such an epidemic in Laredo. It is true that the same report comes from all parts of the country, and that the death rate has been as high, if not higher, elsewhere than in Laredo. But after all, we may feel gratified that we are living in such a locality, and that the death rate was not greater, due to the salubrity of the Laredo climate and the natural immunity which many of our people have from disease, which materially helped in keeping down the mortality rate.

In a climate where the bulk of the people practically live outdoors the greater part of the year, there is always more resistance to the encroachments of disease. It was not until a great many people began to shut themselves within four walls that the spread of the epidemic became alarming. Shutting out fresh air and sunshine does not always shut out disease germs, and in a great many cases lowers the resistance of the person affected.

Our water supply is good, our air is fresh and balmy, and despite the lack of sanitary equipment, our city is perhaps one of the healthiest naturally in the world. Our doctors bear witness to the fact that in normal times there is a lower percentage of sickness here than in almost any place that can be named.

Now that the epidemic has begun to pass, we should begin a thorough clean-up campaign to prepare for the shut-in months of the winter. Our premises must be cleaned up, disinfectants used and plenty of air and sunshine given to our houses before the approach of cold weather requires them to be closed for at least a part of the day.

It is to prevent further losses that we must take precautions. The people who wait for the sickness to come before they do anything are usually the ones who suffer. It was found that all prophylactic measures were futile in warding off an attack of the influenza. Only those who had fortified themselves to resist disease were the ones who pulled through without serious results. And if we keep clean, take plenty of fresh air and sunshine, eat well and wisely, we shall be in a position to resist most of the ills that flesh is heir to. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

W. S. S.

#### IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

NOVEMBER 6.

Today is the fifty-seventh birthday of Thomas Watt Gregory, the member of President Wilson's cabinet who is called upon to unravel the many unusual legal problems which have arisen under conditions of wartime. Like the majority of the present cabinet officials, Attorney-General Gregory is a Southerner by birth and training. Mississippi is his native State, but Texas has been his home since he first entered upon the practice of law in 1885. His education was received at the Southern Presbyterian University, the University of Virginia and the University of Texas. His ability as a lawyer first attracted wide attention when he was employed by the State of Texas in the prosecution of certain large corporations for alleged violations of the anti-trust laws. His success in these prosecutions led to his appointment as special assistant Attorney-General of the United States, and when Attorney-General McReynolds was elevated to the supreme bench, in August, 1914, Mr. Gregory was selected to succeed him as head of the department of justice.

W. S. S.

**Certain Cure for Croup.**  
Mrs. Rose Middleton, of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says, "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately and I was never without it in the house. I have taken it myself for coughs and colds with good results."

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

## QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver and are constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take one or two every night just to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

#### MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the increasing needs for supplies essential to the successful prosecution of the war for the freedom of the oppressed and the crushing of militarism, has created a demand for labor, requiring serious and unselfish consideration by all liberty-loving people; and,

Whereas, the Government of the United States has established through the Department of Labor and through the United States Employment Service, upon whom the responsibility has been placed for recruiting and judiciously distributing the vast industrial army of approximately 32,000,000 men directly engaged in supporting the land and naval forces of the United States; and,

Whereas, the United States Employment Service has built up an organization capable of supplying and distributing the skilled and unskilled labor necessary to supply all demands with maximum efficiency.

Now, therefore, I Robert McComb, Mayor of the City of Laredo, respectfully urge all employers of labor, the United States Employment Service and the Community Labor Board, an adjunct of said Employment Service, every possible assistance in furnishing laborers for essential war industries as they may be called upon from time to time to supply. And, furthermore, that each and every employer of labor in the City of Laredo give your support to the United States Employment Service by pledging it to employ no person, male or female, who has not been registered with the United States Service for employment.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto signed my name officially and caused the seal of the City of Laredo to be hereon impressed, this fifth day of November, A. D. 1918.

ROBERT MCCOMB, Mayor.

#### RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

**Texas-Mexican.**  
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

**International & Great Northern.**  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 5:10 p. m.  
**Night Train.**  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

**Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.**  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

W. S. S.

#### ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

NOVEMBER 6.

British under General Maude occupied Tekrit.

Austro-Germans crossed the Tagliamento River along the whole Italian front.

Paschendale won by Canadians, with several hamlets and 400 prisoners.

W. S. S.

**Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She Cured Her Son of a Cold.**

"When my son Ellis was sick with a cold last winter I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Homer City, Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take.

**Electric Bitters**  
Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.  
**FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE**  
It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

#### WEBB COUNTY REGISTRANTS WHO ARE ORDERED TO REPORT

Registrants Between the Ages of 19 and 36 Who Are Ordered Before Draft Board on Next Saturday.

The following is a list of the Laredo and Webb county young men between the ages of 19 and 36 summoned to appear before the Webb County Draft Board on next Saturday for physical examination preparatory to enlisting for Camp Travis on next Monday morning as a contingent from Webb county:

Nicolas Vargas,  
Thos. F. Everett,  
Irby Lee Woodul,  
Rosendo Vinton,  
Jose Ma. Sanchez,  
Ramon Lopez,  
Tomas F. Garcia,  
Pablo Martinez,  
Humberto Rodriguez,  
Otto J. Krueger,  
Carlos Rubalcaba,  
Samuel de la Rosa,  
Francisco Gonzalez,  
Ygnacio Flores,  
Amador Salinas,  
Manuel B. Maldonado,  
James E. Mohan,  
Manuel Montes,  
Romulo Ybarra,  
Amzy D. Putnam,  
Jerome C. K. Hines,  
Francisco Gonzalez,  
Perfecto Jimenez,  
Erasmio Flores,  
Damaso Rodriguez,  
Emil Zapalac,  
Merced Garcia,  
Carlos Alexander,  
Leonides de Leon,  
Juan Manuel Gonzalez,  
Cristino Sanchez,  
Luis D. Guerra,  
Pedro Jaime,  
Fidel Guerra,  
Epigmenio Rivera,  
Jose E. Morales,  
Ed. Dovalina,  
Roberto Diaz,  
Manuel de la Cruz,  
Pablo R. Gonzalez.

W. S. S.

#### MEETING ON NOVEMBER 30 FOR LIQUIDATION DEBTS

Important Notice Received from John C. Scott in Matter of J. K. Forseck & Sons, Bankrupts.

The following official notice from John C. Scott, referee in bankruptcy, will be of interest to a number of Laredo people:

In the matter of J. K. Forseck & Sons et al.  
To the Creditors of the said Bankrupts:

You are hereby notified that the adjourned meeting of the creditors which was to have taken place in Laredo on October 30, 1918, to consider the application of the trustee for an order to sell the merchandise and fixtures of the bankrupts, was not held on said date owing to the fact that I had not received any notice or information from the bankrupts, or their attorney, as to whether they would then be ready to effect a settlement with their creditors; but today I am in receipt of a letter from the attorney of the bankrupts saying, in effect, that it was probable that the money to pay the debts of the bankrupts would be had within ten or fifteen days from that date, October 31, 1918; and I have accordingly called a meeting of the creditors to take place in the U. S. District Court room at Laredo on November 30, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M., to consider said application of the trustee for an order to sell the merchandise, etc. of the bankrupts, unless an arrangement is sooner effected for the payment of the debts.

Issued, at Corpus Christi, the 4th day of November, 1918.

JNO. C. SCOTT,  
Referee in Bankruptcy.

## CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadorsville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before. I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape."

W. S. S.

**I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use.**

Thedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

## LOCAL NEWS

—The only change effected by the election yesterday in Webb county's official family is that C. M. de la Garza will succeed E. E. Ochoa as district clerk and John S. Johnson succeeds John Armengol as a county commissioner. Ochoa and Armengol were not candidates for re-election.

—A recuperative diet in influenza, Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.

—The entertainment committee of the Laredo Chamber of Commerce is at work on a program of entertainment for the visiting officials and representatives of organized labor who will be in Laredo next week for the meeting of the executive council of the Federation of Labor and the great International Labor Conference, one meeting on Monday and the other on Wednesday.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C. at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2-25-tr.

—While the influenza epidemic has not wholly abated, there is reported to be a decrease daily in the number of cases. Very little pneumonia is said to be developing as an after effect of the "flu," and from present indications all danger of the influenza will be passed within the next few days.

—When in need of a plumber phone 123. Juarez Plumbing, 419 Matamoros street.

2-11-tr.

—In today's issue of The Times appears the list of names of the Webb county registrants summoned to appear for examination on Saturday and for entrainment to Camp Travis on Monday. There are several in the published list who have answered the last call—a call far supreme to that of any earthly body of men and now sleep in the tongueless silence of the dreamless dust.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

6-20-tr.

—Mrs. R. Vidaurri is in receipt of a letter from her son, Private Rafael A. Vidaurri of Co. M, 3d Bat., 13th Reg. U. S. Marines, announcing his safe arrival overseas and sending his best regards to all his friends in Laredo.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

6-15-tr.

—A clouded sky and blustery winds throughout last night and today foreboded rain, and at one time a few drops fell, but a good downpour is needed at this time to settle the dust, clarify the atmosphere and put the entire country in good condition—even if the people do have to put up with a little mud for a few days.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

4-10-tr.

—Teacher of Gregg Shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street.

—The members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, about fifteen representative labor leaders from various portions of the country, are expected to reach Laredo on Sunday afternoon and Monday morning. The executive council will begin their deliberations in this city early Monday morning. The big labor conference convenes here next Wednesday.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

4-10-tr.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

4-24-tr.

—Mae Marsh in "Money Mad," a play showing to what some people will resort to gain wealth, was the feature play at the Royal last night. And then, too, they had Harry Lloyd in a good comedy and the Hearst-Pathe Weekly showing the latest scenes from the battlefront and in this country.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-27-tr.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials.

1-9-tr.

W. S. S.

#### Retail Clerks Union.

Having received our charter, a punctual attendance is requested of all the members of this union at the meeting which will be held tonight at 8 o'clock. In the order of business there are matters of transcendental importance, such as the election of the members who are to form the executive council, and therefore it is indispensable to have the co-operation of every member of this organization.

IGNACIO PISA,  
Secretary.

Laredo, Texas, Nov. 6, 1918.

**BELL'S**  
FOR INDIGESTION  
6 BELL'S Hot water Sure Relief

**WINDROW BROS.**  
Employ an Expert Watchmaker  
Bring your work here, will repair it promptly.  
**WE GIVE YOU SERVICE**  
**WINDROW SAYS SO.**

**Chandler and Dodge Brothers Automobiles**  
**FEDERAL TRUCKS.**  
**FIRESTONE, GOODYEAR AND UNITED STATES TIRES**  
**ACCESSORIES**

WHAT LITTLE SERVICE OUR CARS REQUIRE  
WE ARE THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED TO GIVE.

**CITIZENS AUTO CO.**  
Cor. Houston St. and Sta. Maria Ave. Phone 353

**BASKET BALLS**  
**RUGBY FOOT BALLS**  
**SOCCER FOOT BALLS**  
**VOLLEY BALLS**  
**MEDICINE BALLS**  
**INDOOR BASE BALLS**  
Sieveless Jerseys, Athletic Sweaters  
large assortment  
**Sonora News Company**

**UNLOADING TODAY**  
**Car Purina Chicken Feed, Cow Chow and Omolene**  
**UNION MERCANTILE COMPANY**

**"AUNT PATSY" Chicken Feed—"The Best Ever." Cow Feed**  
**"BILL THOMPSON" Horse Feed—"Cheaper than Oats"**  
**EARNEST-LATTIG CO. Distributors**

#### ANOTHER LAREDO BOY MADE THE SUPREME SACRIFICE

Private Ben Hastings of This City Succumbs to Wounds Received in Battle in France, September 27.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Hastings received the sad news by telegram today from the war department advising them that their son, Private Ben Hastings, of the Infantry branch of the army, had died of wounds received in battle in France on September 27th.

Ben Hastings was a Laredo young man and was drafted from Corpus Christi, at which place he was at the time of the selective draft last June, and went from there to Camp Travis, where he remained but a short time before being sent to France, where he has been since on the battlefield. The parents have the sympathy of many friends in their bereavement.

#### SAFE TEST.

For those who are in need of a remedy for kidney troubles and backache, it is a good plan to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They are strongly recommended by Laredo people.

Frank Camille, prop. cigar factory, 1919 Hidalgo St., says: "The passages of the kidney secretions were too frequent and I had pains in my back when I stooped over. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and the pains in my back stopped and my kidneys became normal."

AFTER A LAPSE OF OVER THREE YEARS Mr. Camille said: "I haven't had to use a kidney medicine in the past few years. Doan's Kidney Pills have permanently cured me."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Camille had. Foster Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

#### 8 LBS. POTATOES 25 cts.

#### ECONOMY GROCERY STORE

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

#### JURORS OF FEDERAL COURT ARE SUMMONED TO APPEAR

List of Laredo Persons Summoned to Serve as Petit Jurors in Federal Court Which Meets Monday.

Following is a list of persons of Laredo summoned to serve as grand and petit jurors of the United States district court, which convenes in this city next Monday:

Hugh Polkinhorn, R. A. Millar, J. P. Dabbs, S. E. Woods, A. A. Myers, R. P. Woodard, W. B. Heaner, C. M. Fish, F. A. Lattig, W. H. Baker, L. V. Pender, Ed. Denke, Clarence Jofferies, J. J. Carley, J. H. Webber, P. W. Buttrick, S. J. Hill, R. K. Wilkes, J. P. Leyendecker, H. R. Mason, S. M. Putman, W. Y. Bunn, H. G. DaCamara, E. Lesterjette, Hugo Swedberg, R. K. Mims, Ferris Mowry, J. R. Moore, F. W. Nye, C. H. Bell, A. J. Landrum, Norman Clark, J. H. Slaughter, J. W. Brewster, Bruce Bunn, B. F. Walker, W. B. Hopson and W. C. Burr.

W. S. S.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

W. S. S.

#### A Card.

We take this means of expressing our deep gratitude to our friends for the many kindnesses shown during the illness and death of our beloved husband and son, William Welhausen; also our sincere thanks for the many beautiful floral offerings.

Mrs. William Welhausen,

G. A. Welhausen and family.

W. S. S.

#### An Old Man's Stomach.

As we grow older and less active, less and less food is required to meet the demands of our bodies. If too much is habitually taken, the stomach will rebel. When a man reaches the advanced age of 85 or 90, you will find that he is a light eater. Be as careful as you will, however, you will occasionally eat more than you should and will feel the need of Chamberlain's Tablets to correct the disorder. These tablets do not contain pepsin, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.

**BEST GRADE OF CARBON PAPERS**  
**TYPEWRITER RIBBONS**  
**AGENT FOX TYPEWRITER.**  
J. W. FALVELLA  
Phone 43 Times Office



# GOES TO CANADIAN BORDER FOR SERVICE WITH RADIO

Private John Page, Publisher of Fort McIntosh Review, Transferred From Fort McIntosh.

Private John Page of the United States Army Radio Service, who has been stationed in Laredo at Fort McIntosh for the past year or more as one of the operators at the wireless station, left last night for Houlton, Maine, on the Canadian border, to which place he has been transferred for service.

Private Page was the editor and publisher of the Fort McIntosh Review, a publication devoted to the interests of the military stationed here which he established last spring, and the publication was accorded a liberal patronage by Laredo merchants. Private Page is one of those kind of affable gentlemen who makes friends wherever he goes, and while his legion of friends in Laredo regret to lose him, they wish him all kinds of success. Publication of the Fort McIntosh Review is suspended, but Private Page says he intends to return to Laredo when peace comes and he gets out of the army and will make this city his home.

W. S. S.

# BAZAAR STARTS NEXT WEEK TO CONTINUE THREE DAYS

Bazaar With Old-Fashioned Features and New Ones, Too, Will Begin at Soldiers' Club Nov. 11.

Hear ye, hear ye! The grand old-fashioned and new fashioned bazaar with all the features that were witnessed in the days of grandmother's times and also with all the features that are popular along Broadway in the little village of New York, will open on the second floor and roof garden of the Soldiers' Club in the little building on next Monday, going day and night.

The bazaar will be in charge of that live wire and energetic worker, little Bob Essing, and that is not said, for whatever Bobbie takes charge of is necessarily a success—for "success" is his middle name. Broadway cabaret scenes will be provided, the great white way will be there on a miniature scale, modern games of all kinds, as well as some of y olden pastimes, these and many other features will contribute to making the bazaar wholly worth while.

Anyone desiring to help the soldier boys by contributing articles to be sold at the bazaar can telephone to Robert E. Essing at district headquarters and he will arrange to get the contributions to the bazaar quarters.

W. S. S.

# Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She Cured Her Son of a Cold.

"When my son Ellis was sick with a cold last winter I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Homer City, Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take.

W. S. S.

# RAILROAD TIME TABLE

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Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

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Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 5:10 p. m.

**Night Train.**  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

**Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.**  
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W. S. S.

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Mrs. Rose Middleton, of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says, "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately and I was never without it in the house. I have taken it myself for coughs and colds with good results."

W. S. S.

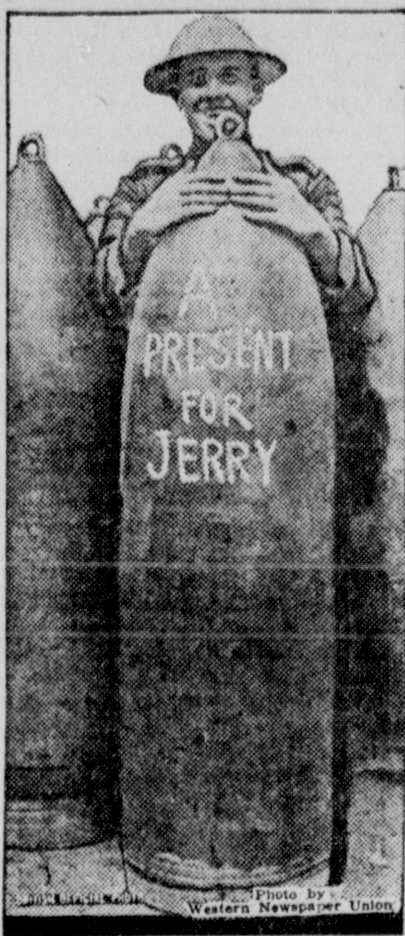
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F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Subscribe for THE TIMES 50 cts. per month.

# HERE'S CURE FOR KULTUR



This British official photograph gives an idea of the magnitude of the shells used in the treatment and cure of German militarism and kultur.

# Receipt in Full.

A little episode that occurred when I was about to leave the Seirin Kwan hotel at Tang Kung Tzu, Japan, says Mr. Joseph L. C. Clark in Japan at First Hand, amused me greatly. I had "tipped" a very efficient little maid, and was not surprised to see her standing with the others to bow us out with smiles and good wishes, "Sal yo na ra."

Suddenly, as one who had forgotten something important, little Miss Plum Pudding rushed over to me, thrust a paper into my hand, and backed off, bowing and smiling. I fear I blushed as I put the paper into my pocket. Later, on the train, I asked my learned friend, Oyeda, to translate its ideographs for me. He read it aloud, solemnly: "Received tip, one dollar."

# Truth About Premonition.

"Once in a while an error turns out to be the truth," said the editor. "How is that?" asked the caller. "Why," replied the editor, "in writing about the death of Mrs. Rounder I referred to Mr. Rounder as 'the bereaved widower,' but the compositor made it 'the relieved widower,' and it got into the paper that way, and Rounder never even called up to demand a correction."

# TODAY'S EVENTS.

1558th day of the Great War. Centennial anniversary of the birth of Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, civil war commander, governor of Massachusetts, and Greenback party candidate for President in 1884.

National election in United States, involving control of the next Congress, as well as the political complexion of numerous State administrations.

In addition to selecting their candidates for public office the voters of Illinois today will pass upon the proposal to call a State constitutional convention.

Possibility that the "dry" area of the United States may be increased lends interest to the elections in Missouri and Wyoming, in both of which States a prohibition amendment is to be passed upon by the voters.

In today's elections the interest of the suffragists will be centered chiefly on Oklahoma, in which State a woman suffrage amendment to the constitution is offered to the voters for acceptance or rejection.

The elections of United States senators in Montana and Nevada are given added interest by the fact that in each State a woman is among the contestants for the toga. In Nevada Miss Ann Martin is running as an independent candidate. In Montana the candidate is Miss Jeanette Rankin, the first and only congresswoman.

This is Guy Fawkes Day in England—the anniversary of the discovery of the plot of Guy Fawkes and his fellow conspirators to send king, lords and commons skyrocketing in one grand explosion by springing a gunpowder mine under Parliament House Nov. 5, 1605. Where it was once the great patriotic festival of English youngsters, Guy Fawkes Day has not generally been observed for the past few years, and especially since England is at war.

# WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight and Wednesday cloudy.

# Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 83 degs.  
Min. temp. 70 degs.  
General direction of wind: Southeast.  
Clear.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt Society Editor

Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

# SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4:00 in the afternoon.

Meeting of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Wednesday.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

A Merry Heart.

Clear day or cloudy day,  
Summer heat or cold,  
A happy heart keeps holiday,  
A merry heart is bold.  
Though the winds of fortune blow  
Out of wintry skies,  
Face it, smiling as you go—  
A merry heart is wise.

By and by the sun will shine,  
Day must follow night;  
Darkest hour is the sign  
Of returning light.  
God is in His heaven still,  
Though the world denies;  
And cheery courage waits on will—  
A merry heart is wise.

Over rugged things we climb  
To our best estate;  
We shall stumble many a time,  
But we conquer fate.  
And we choose the better part  
So that evil flies,  
When we keep the dauntless heart—  
The merry heart that's wise.

—Mary Bradley.

# General Mention.

The many friends of Mrs. W. B. Arthur will be glad to learn that she is now convalescent after a recent spell of illness.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Shutt and children of Dolores are spending the day in the city and expect to return home tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Rosenbaum and baby of Dallas are in the city for a visit to Mrs. Rosenbaum's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Goodwin.

Mrs. Jack E. Hill after being ill at the Mercy Hospital for some time. The Times is pleased to report so much improved that she left the hospital yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Whittington of Houston spent the day in the city on Sunday. Mr. Whittington is the general manager of the I. & G. N. R. R.

Word has been received that Lieut. Col. C. B. Gatewood has recently received his colonelcy.

Mrs. Kate Ussery returned Friday from San Antonio after a week's stay.

Sam Johnson returned yesterday to San Antonio to resume his studies at St. Louis College.

Mrs. Frank Nye, who has been in Fort Riley, Kansas, for the past several weeks nursing her son, Tom Nye, who has been ill with pneumonia, is expected home shortly.

Mrs. Fritz Werner writes that Arthur is improving every day and will return home with her when he is able to travel.

Miss Clara Hall is spending the

# TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

NOVEMBER 5.

1815—Ionian Islands were taken under the protection of Great Britain.

1854—Battle of Inkerman, in which 50,000 Russians were defeated by a force of 14,000 British and French.

1862—General McClellan was relieved of the command of the Federal army of the Potomac.

1886—George W. Baxter was appointed governor of Wyoming Territory.

1900—The Boers under General De Wet were defeated at Bothaville by the British under General Knox.

1912—Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey was elected President of the United States.

1914—Serbia severed diplomatic relations with Turkey.

1915—Lord Kitchener left England on a mission to the Near East.

1916—Allies launched a new grand attack in the Somme district.

week in the city with her mother; Mrs. C. M. Hall.

Mr. Tom Nye has been assigned to the Tank Division in the U. S. army.

A number of Laredo people were made happy yesterday by receiving letters from their soldier boys "over there." The boys fully realize the size of the task before them and are more than accomplishing their bit. One boy writes that he has quarters in a peasant's cottage, but that he has a good bed with linen sheets on it as thick as blankets.

# Announcement.

There will be a regular meeting of Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., to-night at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall.

# Red Cross Notes.

"Influenza left the campaign to collect fruit pits and shells in Texas about as frail and emaciated as the average person recovering from the blight," says a bulletin received at the local food administration office this morning from State offices. "As Texas shakes off the poisonous vapors and gets back to her daily job of working to win the war, among the unfinished jobs is that of pits and shells to make gas masks for the boys 'over there.'"

The bulletin states that the need of pits and shells is just as acute as before the "flu" set in. Washington has made an appeal to the American people to continue their efforts in this direction.

# Victory Club Meeting.

A meeting of the chairmen of the various circles of the Victory Club was held at the home of Mrs. Ira O'Meara last evening at 8 o'clock. Mr. Powell of Meridian, an organizer in war work, addressed those present and a general plan of work was agreed upon. The Victory Club will include all of the boys and girls of Laredo, and the various organizations of the young people will be the agencies through which any boy or girl may become a member of the Victory Club. All of the schools are to have various organizations of the young people will be the agencies through which any boy or girl may become a member of the Victory Club. All of the schools are to have various organizations of the young people will be the agencies through which any boy or girl may become a member of the Victory Club.

# Still Pursuing Germans.

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# Compel New Withdrawal.

Paris, Nov. 5.—French successes have compelled the Germans to make a new withdrawal at several points along the front. Between the Oise and the Aisne the French have advanced one mile on a five-mile front. The French First army resumed the attack.

# GERMANS IN FLIGHT.

By Associated Press.  
With the Americans at Sedan, Nov. 5.—The American army has thrown a formidable force across the Meuse to the east bank. The enemy resistance here has been broken to the point of demoralization. The Americans are pushing northward toward Stenay. The enemy is in full retreat, offering little resistance. The Americans are pressing close on the heels of the fleeing Germans, making retreat as difficult as possible. The American casualties are exceedingly light despite the opposition to their crossing the river.

# For a Weak Stomach.

As a general rule all you need to do is to adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation and to keep your bowels regular. When you feel that you have eaten too much and when constipated, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets.

# ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

NOVEMBER 5.

Berlin claimed great victory over the Italians on the Tagliamento. American patrol boat Alcedo torpedoed and twenty-one lives lost.

German authorities in Belgium imposed a fine of \$2,500,000 on the Province of East Flanders.

# DOSES OF BLACK-DRAUGHT.

Seventy years of successful use has made Thedford's Black-Draught a standard, household remedy. Every member, of every family, at times, need the help that Black-Draught can give in cleansing the system and relieving the troubles that come from constipation, indigestion, lazy liver, etc. You cannot keep well unless your stomach, liver and bowels are in good working order. Keep them that way. Try Black-Draught. It acts promptly, gently and in a natural way. If you feel sluggish, take a dose tonight. You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price 25c. a package—One cent a dose. All druggists. J. 62

# GERMANY MUST APPLY TO FOCH FOR TERMS OF ARMISTICE, SAYS ALLIED WAR COUNCIL

Lloyd George Told House of Commons that German Commanders Must Ask the Commander in Chief of the Allied Forces for Armistice—Germans Decide to Continue the War to the End.

# GENERAL "BEN" BUTLER CENTENARY.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 5.—Massachusetts recalled today as the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of General Benjamin F. Butler, who served the Bay State as governor and in other capacities and for many years was a prominent figure in national affairs. Few men in the history of the nation have made more bitter foes and more devoted friends than General Butler, who began his career as a lawyer and subsequently rose to eminence as a soldier and statesman.

Deerfield, N. H., was the birthplace of General Butler. In 1828 his widowed mother removed to Lowell. He attended the Lowell schools, fitted for college at the Exeter Academy, and at 16 years of age entered Waterville College, where he graduated four years later. In the latter part of his college course he one day attended court, and the trial with its forensic battles so appealed to him that he at once settled upon becoming a lawyer. When he graduated, however, he was discouraged, for his health was poor, and he was in debt.

He took a fishing cruise to the coast of Labrador, this restored his health. He returned to Lowell, began to study law, worked in the police court, taught school and labored diligently to gain admittance to the bar, which took place in 1840. He at once began to have a practice for the mill owners and other business men of Lowell were attracted by his audacity and quickness. It is said that when he had been 20 years in practice he had been retained in nearly 500 cases, and could have retired with a considerable fortune.

He had always been interested in politics, and before the war had been twice elected to the Massachusetts legislature. At the commencement of the war he threw himself heart and soul into the struggle, assisted in raising troops in Massachusetts and went to the front with one of the first contingents. His first command was that of the District of Annapolis, which included the City of Baltimore. Soon afterward he was made a major-general and placed in command of Fortress Monroe. It was while in this position that he made his celebrated declaration that slaves who had escaped to the Union lines were contraband of war. This legal subterfuge resulted in many slaves being freed and paved the way for the emancipation proclamation.

President Jefferson Davis in December, 1862, branded Gen. Butler as an outlaw and placed a price on his head. Subsequently Gen. Butler cooperated with Admiral Farragut. After New Orleans had surrendered, he held military possession of the city. His obnoxious orders aroused intense resentment among the inhabitants, as well as the people of the South generally. On December 16, he was recalled—a proceeding which he himself believed was instigated by Louis Napoleon, the latter's reason being that he felt that Gen. Butler was antagonistic to his Mexican plans.

In the latter part of 1863 Butler was placed in command of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina. Towards the end of the following year he was engaged in the expedition against Fort Fisher. His duties on that occasion were to aid and cooperate with Admiral Porter, but his own efforts in the engagement were altogether ineffectual. His conduct met with considerable disapproval and his military judgment was somewhat severely censured. He was shortly afterwards removed from his command by Gen. Grant, and returning to Massachusetts, resumed his political life.

During the years following the war Gen. Butler's politics varied considerably. In 1871 he was the Republican nominee for governor of Massachusetts, and to that party he owed his seat in Congress, although he had in previous years been a pronounced Democrat. He was defeated, however, in his canvass for the governorship. He made another effort in 1878 and 1879 for the position, both as

By Associated Press.

London, Nov. 5.—The allies have decided that Germany must apply to Gen. Foch, the allied commander in chief, for an armistice, Premier Lloyd George stated today in the house of commons.

# Vote to Continue War.

London, Nov. 5.—A demonstration was held before the Bismarck monument in Berlin Sunday and a resolution was adopted favoring continuing the war and protesting against the acceptance of a humiliating peace, according to a Copenhagen despatch quoting the Berlin Tageblatt.

# Took 500,000 Prisoners.

Washington, Nov. 5.—The Austrian prisoners captured by the Italians before the armistice took effect yesterday are estimated now at a half million and the booty taken includes 250,000 horses.

# Italians in Dalmatia.

Rome, Nov. 5.—Italian naval vessels have landed troops on the Dalmatian islands of Lissa and Lagosta, where the Italian flag has been hoisted. Italian battleships and destroyers have also landed troops at Fiume.

# Decisive Battle Now On.

Paris, Nov. 5.—A battle which is believed here to be decisive is now going on. It is being waged in two sections. In the north, the blow delivered by the British and French is a threat leveled at one of the flanks of the vast pocket formed by the German line from Holland to Metz. The second section attack is being conducted by the French and Americans on the Meuse. This is the great strategic offensive which the Germans have always feared and which they sought to make impossible by storming Verdun in 1916. Excellent results are being realized.

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# W. S. S.

# IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

# NOVEMBER 5.

The Most Rev. J. J. Hart, head of the Roman Catholic diocese of Omaha and former archbishop of Manila, celebrates his sixty-fifth birthday today. Bishop Hart is a native of St. Louis and received his early education in that city, later completing his divinity studies at St. Vincent's College, Cape Girardeau, Mo. Following his ordination to the priesthood in 1878 he returned to St. Louis, which city remained the scene of his labors during the ensuing twenty-five years. In 1903 he was appointed archbishop of Manila, in which position he rendered valuable services during the early years of the American occupation of the Philippines. In 1916 he returned to the United States to become bishop of Omaha, in succession to the late Bishop Scannell.

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# THE LAREDO TIMES

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... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war .....

From Monday's Daily.

## ANARCHY IN EUROPE.

It is evident that the fall of the Central powers is not to be unnoticed. Already there is anarchy in Turkey, and the people are anxiously awaiting the arrival of the allied forces to take over Constantinople.

The Bulgarian king, after a reign of but four weeks, has abdicated and a peasant government under Stambolowsky, the leader of the peasant and agrarian movement, has been formed. This government, however, has no strength, and the tranquility of the kingdom depends upon the efforts of the people.

In Austria, the German parts of the empire have been turned over to the Germanic council, the latter declaring that it is governing for the Austro-Germans, "not for the Hapsburgs."

Meanwhile, the officials in Berlin are annoyed at the obstinacy of the kaiser in attempting to keep the throne, while the Bavarian government announces that the Bavarian royal family claims the succession to the German imperial throne in the event of William's abdication.

As the reign of terror followed the forced abdication of Louis XVI, so another and a greater reign of terror will follow the defeat of the Teutonic monarchs and the baser elements, with all their ignorance of government, all their passions and prejudices uppermost, will have the power to do much damage before they can be controlled.

An ancient monarch said it was useless to treat the people as sheep in time of peace and expect them to be lions in time of war. And so it is useless to train the people to be governed against their will in time of peace and expect them to know how to govern when the emergency comes.

The Turks are absolutely ignorant of government, and their conception of government is for the rich and powerful to exploit the poor and weak. The same may be said of the Bulgarians, who have never known what good government was, and who are too ignorant to govern themselves, even in normal times.

The Austrian peoples, of differing nationalities and races, will be as great a menace to themselves as they would be to others, but there is no union to be expected among them. The Czechs are for the moment in control, and the other races will be subordinated to those who have centuries of mistreatment to avenge.

The Germans are perhaps the worst to be feared by their former tyrants of all the races who are now in the transition period. For the Germans are better educated than most of the others who are in revolt against their masters, and they have been trained to merciless abuse of those in their power.

Should the German people rise in a mass against the former governing classes, there will be the worst anarchy ever witnessed. The discipline to which they have been subjected will make them a unit in revolution, and if they can agree on leaders, they will be the worst foe

that royalty has ever encountered. In fact, one of the greatest menaces the allied governments have to face will be the anarchy among the people of the conquered nations. The foe in the field can be met because his tactics are expected and prepared for. But the sneaking anarchy which depends upon assassination, the torch and the dagger, will be no despicable foe.

It may take years for Europe to settle down to the normal. There are elements of danger to constituted government in every socialistic or anarchist group, and it must be remembered that the countries where despotism has had sway are honeycombed with the secret societies whose motto is "Death to tyranny."

The governments where the people have had a certain measure of self-government will be the easiest controlled, because the people know what government is and they are able to take their rightful share in it. But Russia, Germany, Austria, Bulgaria, Turkey—these nations may look forward to a reign of terror alongside which that of France in 1793 will pale into insignificance.

## THE ARMISTICE TERMS.

Whatever the fear that the terms to Germany might be made lighter out of sympathy for the defeated nation, there is nothing to indicate that the terms are to be in any way lightened. In fact, the armistice terms are as severe as anyone could wish for, according to their forecast in Sunday's news despatches.

The first demand will be that the German armies be withdrawn to their own soil, leaving behind them their arms, munitions, military supplies and loot. They are to retire to a distance of 30 miles the other side of the Rhine, which will leave the Rhine fortresses entirely defenseless.

Next, the entire German navy, including the submarines, is to be surrendered, and the fortress of Heligoland given up. This is to prevent any treachery on the part of the Germans interfering with the complete pacification of Europe.

The terms, it is stated from Washington, are to be accepted in their entirety or refused in toto. There is to be no quibbling on the part of Germany, and of course there is no argument to be made over the terms of a military armistice.

It may be considered that these terms give the allies an advantage during the discussion of peace terms, but this is not the consideration of the allied war council. They have nothing to do with the drafting of the peace terms, and they merely demand that Germany give such guarantees of good faith as would prevent the peace parleys from breaking up in confusion before their object is attained.

The terms of the armistice are based upon the military advantage which the allies have secured, and which they do not mean to surrender from mistaken notions of chivalry or pity.

To ask less would be to grant an advantage to Germany which her arms have not won for her. To be satisfied with less would be to concede to Germany the world supremacy which she has arrogated from the very beginning of the war, and to let her escape unpunished with her loot.

Naturally the military authorities have nothing to do with dictating the terms of peace. That rests with the commissioners to be appointed by all the allied nations, and such questions as those of reparation, indemnity, punishment of officers who exceeded their authority, the placing of the blame for all inhuman and illegal acts, will be considered in the formal peace conferences.

But so far as permitting the Germans to escape with their loot is concerned, that is a matter for the military authorities to regulate. They may take such steps as are purely military, leaving their actions to be considered by the peace commissioners at a later date and the refusal of Germany of any point of the armistice terms means that they are all refused.

The armistice terms for Austria will be pretty much the same as those to be offered Germany. Evacuation of occupied territory, disarmament, the surrender of the navy—all these are purely military matters. The question of the cession of Italian territories or of the surrender of supremacy in the Adriatic are matters for the peace commissioners to consider.

The armistice granted Turkey calls for surrender of the Turkish army and navy, the opening of the Dardanelles—which can only be brought about by the surrender of the forts on both sides commanding that important waterway—and pledges that the Teutons will be driven out of Turkish domains within thirty days.

The surrender of the Austrian navy is forecast by the granting of permanent leave to all naval officers and men who are not of Czechoslovak nationality. This means that the Austrians want to save all the German sailors they can.

The permission for the German troops to retire thirty miles within German territory after disarmament means that the allied forces will thus save themselves much guard duty. They will also be saved the enormous cost of feeding the surrendered armies.

The armistice terms are satisfactory to all Americans. The terms upon which Germany can be restored to her former status will be made later.

## BAD BREATH.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or any disagreeable effects.

Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

W. S. S.

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TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.  
\*\*\*\*\*

NOVEMBER 4.

Eden Phillips, popular English novelist, born at Mount Abo, India, 56 years ago today.

Sir E. R. Benson, celebrated author-manager of the Shakespearian plays, born in England, 60 years ago today.

Harold P. Norton, recently promoted to be a rear admiral of the United States Navy, born in New York, 63 years ago today.

Dr. Robert Ernest Vinson, president of the University of Texas, born in Fairfield County, S. C., 42 years ago today.

Mrs. Mary S. Watts, a writer of popular stories of the middle West, born in Delaware County, Ohio, 50 years ago today.

Thomas S. Butler, representative in Congress of the Seventh Pennsylvania district, born in Chester County, Pa., 63 years ago today.

W. S. S.

## When Itching Stops

There is one safe, dependable treatment that relieves itching torture and skin irritation almost instantly and that cleanses and soothes the skin.

Ask any druggist for a 35c or \$1 bottle of zemo and apply it as directed. Soon you will find that irritations, pimples, blackheads, eczema, blotches, ringworm and similar skin troubles will disappear.

A little zemo, the penetrating, satisfying liquid, is all that is needed, for it banishes most skin eruptions and makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

W. S. S.

INCREASE IN SUGAR FOR PUBLIC EATING PLACES.

Food Administration Bulletin No. 838, Nov. 2d, says:

"In connection with three pound sugar rule for ninety meals, General Order No. 9, Public Eating Places, State Hotel Chairmen are advised that part of general order No. 8 covering quantity served has been changed to read:

"In no event shall the amount served to any one person at any one meal exceed one half ounce."

"Hotel chairmen are also being advised that the sugar service now authorized under General Order No. 8 is one teaspoonful or its equivalent for tea or coffee, plus one teaspoonful for fruit or cereal, but not for both fruit and cereal, and one small lump for demitasse."

LAREDO MERCHANTS ASS'N.

W. S. S.

## SAFE TEST.

For those who are in need of a remedy for kidney troubles and backache, it is a good plan to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They are strongly recommended by Laredo people.

Frank Camille, prop. cigar factory, 1919 Hidalgo St., says: "The passages of the kidney secretions were too frequent and I had pains in my back when I stoop over. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and the pains in my back stopped and my kidneys became normal."

AFTER A LAPSE OF OVER THREE YEARS Mr. Camille said: "I haven't had to use a kidney medicine in the past few years. Doan's Kidney Pills have permanently cured me."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Camille had. Foster Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

W. S. S.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, it is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, etc.  
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

## GREAT LABOR CONFERENCE CONVENES HERE NEXT WEEK

Executive Council Meets Next Monday and Conference on Wednesday; Federal Court Convenes Monday.

Next week will be a week crowded with interesting events in Laredo, for on that day the great International Labor Conference, attended by prominent officials and delegates of labor organizations from all parts of the United States, Mexico, Central and South America, will have its executive council, or rather the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, convene in executive session, while the November term of the United States Court for the Southern District of Texas will convene here on the same date.

The meeting of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor will be in session for two days preceding the meeting on Wednesday morning November 13, of the international conference, which will continue for three days and be attended by about two hundred representative officials and delegates, including President Samuel Gompers and Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, John Lord of the United Mine Workers and various other of the more prominent labor leaders of this country, while it is expected that a number of officials of both government and labor from Mexico will be here for the big meeting.

W. S. S.

READY FOR THE CAMPAIGN COMMITTEES GETTING BUSY

United War Work Campaign in This County Systematically Organized and Work to Begin This Week.

They're off. That quota of Webb county for the United War Work Campaign must be secured, and in order to assure this the soliciting committees having this important work in hand will launch their campaign at once to secure sufficient pledges to begin work of securing subscriptions on next Monday morning, the opening day of the campaign, to put Webb county over the top that same evening with her quota of \$15,000 and then some.

The soliciting committee composed of A. C. Richter, Leo M. Purwin, Sam Mackin, J. R. Moore and M. M. Leyendecker, are on the line with their toes on the mark ready to make the dash, while the committee of women headed by Mrs. Hal W. Greer, also assigned an important part in the soliciting campaign, have all their plans completed and will get busy this week also. This campaign is to raise funds for seven organizations doing worthy war work and providing relief and comforts for our boys on the battlefield—they represent the work of Protestants, Catholics and Jews—and it is up to every loyal American here to come across with their subscriptions and not delay the committees when they call on them in order that the hopes of putting old Webb county over the top on the opening of the campaign may not meet with disappointment.

W. S. S.

Regulate the bowels when they fail to move properly. HERBINE is an admirable bowel regulator. It helps the liver and stomach and restores a fine feeling of strength and buoyancy. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists. x

W. S. S.

IMPORTANT MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the Community Labor Board at the Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday evening at eight o'clock. All employers of labor are requested to be present.

J. S. WESTBROOK,

Chairman of Board.  
R. K. MFMIS,  
Representing Employers.

11-13t.

## A NERVOUS WRECK

From Three Years' Suffering. Says Cardui Made Her Well.

Texas City, Tex.—In an interesting statement, Mrs. G. H. Schill, of this town, says: "For three years I suffered untold agony with my head. I was unable to do any of my work."

I just wanted to sleep all the time, for that was the only ease I could get, when I was asleep. I became a nervous wreck just from the awful suffering with my head.

I was so nervous that the least noise would make me jump out of my bed. I had no energy, and was unable to do anything. My son, a young boy, had to do all my household duties.

I was not able to do anything until I took Cardui. I took three bottles in all, and it surely cured me of those awful headaches. That has been three years ago, and I know the cure is permanent, for I have never had any headache since taking Cardui.

Nothing relieved me until I took Cardui. It did wonders for me."

Try Cardui for your troubles—made from medicinal ingredients recommended in medical books as being of benefit in female troubles, and 40 years of use has proven that the books are right. Begin taking Cardui today.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

## LOCAL NEWS

—Born:—This morning to Mr. and Mrs. Matias de Llano, a fine boy.

—A recuperative diet in influenza, Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.

—Dr. T. J. Turpin returned to Laredo yesterday from Corpus Christi and left today for Dolores, where he becomes company physician-surgeon of the Cannel Coal Co., succeeding Dr. W. N. Chune, who left last night for Los Angeles, Cal., to make his home after resigning his position with the coal mines company. Dr. Turpin up to a short time ago was physician-surgeon for the Santo Tomas Coal Co., but left there after the big fire at those mines for Corpus Christi.

—Edward Green, florist, Day and night phone Crockett 4107, Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2-25-tf.

—The importations through this port from Mexico today consisted of two carloads of manganese, seven carloads of lead, one carload of bones, one carload of calamine, one carload of pecans, one carload of skins, one carload of hides and one carload of vanilla.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

6-20-tf.

—One carload of vanilla passed through this port from Mexico this morning on which the duties alone amounted to more than \$9,000. The vanilla was en route to an eastern factory to be used in the manufacture of vanilla extract and other by-products.

—Safety razor blades sharpened. Royal Cigar Stand.

10-2-1m

—Born:—To Mr. and Mrs. Lee Lewis at the Mercy Hospital on October 29th, a girl.

—On Saturday afternoon a motion for a new trial in the case of Margarito Esparza, tried and convicted in district court last week on a charge of criminal assault and given five years in the penitentiary, was argued and the motion was overruled by Judge Mullahey.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros.

2-11-tf.

—Tomorrow is election day. Go to the polls and cast your vote for your favorite candidate from United States senator and congressman, governor down to the humble constable. The indications are there will be a comparatively light vote here tomorrow, but every vote cast will help some candidate, so do your duty to your precinct, district, state and nation and vote.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

6-15-tf.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

4-10-tf.

—The program at the Royal Theater for Sunday, with Norma Talmage in the difficult role she took in the play "De Luxe Annie," a part which tested her great acting abilities, a fine play was presented. And then, too, there was a good comedy, with Smiling Bill Parsons in "Up a Tree," a comedy filled with ludicrous situations and plenty of laugh-provoking funniness.

—Teacher of Gregg Shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street.

4-27-tf.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

4-10-tf.

—The familiar tones of the old school bell rang out this morning at 8:30 o'clock summoning teachers and students to the schoolhouses, for the three weeks enforced vacation caused by the prevalence of an epidemic of influenza here was over and "school days" are here again. Nevertheless, while there is still some influenza here, all are cautioned to exercise the same precautions that have been in vogue here the past month.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

4-24-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-27-tf.

W. S. S.

An Old Man's Stomach.

As we grow older and less active, less and less food is required to meet the demands of our bodies. If too much is habitually taken, the stomach will rebel. When a man reaches the advanced age of 85 or 90, you will find that he is a light eater. Be as careful as you will, however, you will occasionally eat more than you should and will feel the need of Chamberlain's Tablets to correct the disorder. These tablets do not contain pepsin, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.

—Private Joe Zardeneta, of the 131st Field Artillery, a well known Laredo young man, took his mother, Mrs. Vicente A. de Zardeneta, by pleasant surprise today, when she received a package containing some of the most artistic, appropriately colored and highly embellished silk embroidery work ever brought to this city from faraway France.

One piece is especially artistic, being a large pale blue silk sofa pillow with corner pieces of violets worked in colored silk thread, while the center contains the flags of the allies clustered about Old Glory. This sofa pillow, which is of the finest silk, is bordered with beautiful white lace. Then there are several handkerchiefs, doilies, etc., all as artistically and daintily made as the sofa pillow. The collection as a whole is one of the most beautiful and artistic ever seen in Laredo, all of it being made in France.

Subscribe for THE TIMES 50 cts. per month.



## ELECTION HELD TOMORROW THROUGHOUT THIS STATE

Most of the Interest Here Centers on the Senatorial Race Between Archer Parr and D. W. Glascock.

Tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock the election polls in the various precincts of Laredo and Webb county will be thrown open for the reception of voters to express their choice for the various nominees for United States senator and congressman, governor and state officials, district, county and precinct officers, and the polls will remain open until 7 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

United States Senator Morris Sheppard, Congressman John N. Garner, Governor W. P. Hobby and the Democratic state ticket, District Attorney Valls and the Webb county and precinct officials will have a walk over for election, in fact the county officials here have no opposition.

The main interest in the election here, and in fact throughout the 23d senatorial district of Texas is in the race for the state senate between Archer Parr, the present incumbent, and D. W. Glascock, also claiming the nomination, and a contest over which resulted in the present muddle. The name of Parr is printed on the official ballot, while those wishing to vote for Glascock must scratch the name of Parr in the Democratic ticket in the last column on the official ballot under the title of "for state senator" as printed there. This contest promises to be a warm one and the prediction is made that the race in this county between Parr and Glascock will be very close, despite the fact that in the July primaries Parr received a majority of the votes cast in this county.

W. S. S.

## DON'T LET A COLD KEEP YOU AT HOME

Dr. King's New Discovery almost never fails to bring quick relief

Small doses once in awhile and that throat-tearing, lung-splitting cough soon quieting down. Another dose and a hot bath before jumping into bed, a good sleep, and back to normal in the morning.

Dr. King's New Discovery is well known. For fifty years it's been relieving coughs, colds and bronchial attacks. For fifty years it has been sold by druggists everywhere. A reliable remedy that you yourself or any member of your family can take safely, 60c and \$1.20.

Train Those Stubborn Bowels. Help nature take its course, not with a violent, habit-forming purgative, but with gentle but certain and natural-laxative, Dr. King's New Life Pills. Tonic in action, it stimulates the lax bowels. Sold by druggists. 25c.

W. S. S.

310 DEATHS IN THIS CITY DURING MONTH OF OCTOBER

Of This Number Fourteen Were Solved Who Died at Base Hospital; Most of Deaths from Pneumonia.

As a result of the influenza-pneumonia epidemic in the city of Laredo and Fort McIntosh during the month of October, City Secretary Woodman's register of deaths and burial permits shows that a total of 315 burial permits were issued from his office from October 1 to 31.

Of the total number five bodies were brought here from elsewhere for burial, 296 of the permits were for civilians who died here and 14 of the permits were for soldiers who died at the hospital at Fort McIntosh and were either buried in the cemetery out there or their bodies shipped to their old homes. During the month of September, before the influenza made its appearance here, a total of 51 burial permits were issued for that month, so a comparative statement shows that there was an increase of 259 deaths here in October over that of September, and this increase and some of the other deaths is attributable to influenza followed by pneumonia.

W. S. S.

LOT BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIRS FROM FRANCE SENT MOTHER

Joe Zardeneta, a Laredo Boy "Over There," Sends His Mother Here Beautiful Embroidered Work.

Private Joe Zardeneta, of the 131st Field Artillery, a well known Laredo young man, took his mother, Mrs. Vicente A. de Zardeneta, by pleasant surprise today, when she received a package containing some of the most artistic, appropriately colored and highly embellished silk embroidery work ever brought to this city from faraway France.

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Subscribe for THE TIMES 50 cts. per month.

## DRUGGISTS ARE LOYAL TO THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Chairman J. H. Winch Submits a Report on Budget Subscriptions Showing Druggists Did Part.

The banner record thus far in the campaign for the annual subscriptions to the budget of the Chamber of Commerce now belongs to the druggists of the city. Under the leadership of their chairman, J. H. Winch, they have proven a hundred per cent loyal, and have secured some additional members. About half of them paid their memberships in full, and they are determined that the activities of the Chamber of Commerce and the Farm Demonstration work shall be made as effective as prompt action and liberal support can make it.

Mr. Winch stated that not a single request was refused from among their ranks as per the list of druggists who had been members. In fact during the campaign they secured two new members. The druggists are now in the harness for a successful year's work, to the extent of twelve active members.

Other committees are making good progress, but owing to many temporary duties and difficulties, they have been delayed in getting around to all on their list. They hope to complete their solicitations by the end of the week and to be able to make as good showing of their efforts as the committees which have already finished their work with practically a hundred per cent efficiency.

W. S. S.

LARGEST DRAFT CALL YET WAS ISSUED ON SATURDAY

Whites and Negroes Are Called to Entrain Within Short Time for Various Training Camps.

Draft calls for the mobilization of 290,773 additional men at army training camps before November 23 are announced by Provost Marshal General Crowder. Between November 11 and 15, it was announced, 253,335 white men physically qualified for general military service will entrain, making the largest single call issued under the selective service act.

The number of men who will be in the quotas from Webb county under this latest call has not yet been learned, but the local exemption board has all its registrants classified and as soon as the number of men is learned notifications will be sent out for them to appear for physical examination and from the physically able ones the quota will be selected and notified to be prepared for entrainment to the training camps during the coming week.</



IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

Major General John E. McMahon, U. S. A., who is to be the new commander at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky, has for some time been actively engaged in France as commander of the Fifth (Regular) Division. Gen. McMahon is a New Yorker, who entered West Point in 1882 after having received an academic training at Fordham College. During the Spanish-American war he was a captain of volunteers, and from 1899 to 1901 he was in the Philippines as a major of the 31st United States Infantry Volunteers. He was graduated from the Army Artillery School in 1898 and has twice been a member of the General Staff Corps as an artillery expert. In the early part of the war with Germany he was detached from command of the First Field Artillery and assigned to an overseas command as a brigadier-general.

In damp, chilly weather there is always a large demand for BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT because many people who know by experience its great relieving power in rheumatic aches and pains, prepare to apply it at the first twinge. Price, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

**Death of Fidencio F. Caballero.** Fidencio F. Caballero, aged 38 years, agent of the Texas-Mexican Ry. Co. at Realitos, who arrived here last Friday suffering with influenza and was taken to the home of his mother at 1418 Juarez Avenue, succumbed Sunday morning to pneumonia, which developed from the influenza. Besides his mother, deceased is survived by his wife and little daughter. The funeral was held from the home of the mother to the Catholic cemetery yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Rub a sore throat with BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. One or two applications will cure it completely. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

- NOVEMBER 4.
- 1794—Sawarow, the Russian general, after the destruction of Warsaw, cruelly butchered 30,000 Poles.
  - 1803—Riva Palacio, the Mexican patriot who defended Emperor Maximilian at the latter's trial, born in the City of Mexico. Died there Feb. 20, 1880.
  - 1863—Gen. Longstreet, detached from the Confederate army before Chattanooga, advanced towards Knoxville.
  - 1875—More than 200 lives lost when the steamer Pacific foundered between San Francisco and Portland.
  - 1886—French delegates to the Bartholdi statue dedication were received by the President at the White House.
  - 1890—Sultan of Zanzibar placed his dominion under British protection.
  - 1914—Russians continued a rapid advance toward German Poland.
  - 1915—Danube navigation reopened and munitions passed from central powers to Turkey and Bulgaria.
  - 1916—Italians rolled Austria front back another mile.

**Death of Walter Charles Giddens.** Walter Charles Giddens, the 16-months old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Giddens, who was stricken ill six days ago and developed pneumonia, died at the Scribner home on the Heights at 2:40 o'clock this morning, although everything that loving hands and medical skill could do was done in a futile effort to prolong his life and combat the fatal ailment. The funeral takes place from the Scribner home to the city cemetery this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

**Notice.** We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTER CO.  
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.  
Dallas, Texas.

**Electric Bitters**

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

**FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE**

It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

- Monday.**
- The Woman's Club will hold an important meeting at the club room at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.
  - The Hebrew Ladies Aid Society will meet with Mrs. F. Wormser in the afternoon.
- Tuesday.**
- The Junior Auxiliaries of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4:00 in the afternoon.

General Mention.

Mr. Walter Macpherson, field secretary for the Southern Department of the Army and Navy work of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew of the Episcopal church, spent Saturday in the city and while here was the guest of Rev. Mrs. C. W. Cook. He went to Corpus Christi yesterday.

Mr. P. A. Kerr and Mr. W. B. Heaner returned yesterday from Coahuila.

Dr. H. C. Hall arrived in the city yesterday morning for a short stay.

Joe Leyendecker Jr. will leave today for San Antonio, to re-enter St. Louis College.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Moyer of San Antonio are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hill.

Mrs. A. Summers has recovered from an attack of influenza and is again able to be at her place of business.

Dr. and Mrs. Turpin of Corpus Christi are in the city for a short time, en route to Dolores.

Letters were received yesterday from Lieut. Ed. Moser from somewhere in France. He is well and writes very enthusiastically about "our boys over there."

Mrs. H. D. Shelby is spending a few days in San Diego with her son and family.

Mrs. Henry Sharp of Tampico, Mexico, who has been the guest of Mrs. Joe Moser for the past two weeks left last night for a visit to friends in San Antonio and Houston and will then return home. Mrs. Joe Moser and baby accompanied Mrs. Sharp to San Antonio and will remain for about a week.

The many friends of Mr. Hudson, who has been ill for the past two weeks at Fort McIntosh, will be glad to learn that he is better.

Miss Hazel Merriman has resigned her position as teacher in the city schools and accepted a position with the Wells Fargo Express Co.

Mr. Fred Werner has just presented the Urbahn School with a beautiful bunting flag, which will be dedicated in the near future.

Mrs. G. C. Hiatt has resigned her position as teacher in the city public schools to accept a position with the I. & G. N. R. R.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland of Muskogee, Oklahoma, is in the city visiting Mrs. Robert Kilsby.

Mrs. M. L. Sielski is in receipt of a letter from a lady in France with whose family Lieut. G. E. Sielski is quartered whilst in the replacement camp. The family were lovely to our boys, and a strong friendship seems to have sprung up between them and Lieut. Sielski. Quoting the words of this lady: "Your son is a most charming gentleman with a brave heart, and I congratulate you on having him for a son." Also, "Our American allies have saved France and we are under an eternal obligation to them." The lady concluded her letter by saying "We have received a letter from Lieut. Sielski and he was well. We shall pray for him."

Announcements.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church will hold an important meeting Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The meeting place will be announced tomorrow.

There will be a meeting of the chairman of the various circles of the Victory Club at 8 o'clock in the evening at the home of Mrs. Ira O'Meara.

Red Cross Notes.

The "Yanks" have reached the firing line. So have the rolling canteens with the Red Cross men in charge. Here, after long, weary hours in the muddy trenches, each man is given steaming chocolate and a thick sandwich. This may not seem much, but to a hiking soldier it means a different outlook on life. And when the troops go "over the top" each one knows that the American Red Cross

PERSONALS

Clovis F. Perron arrived in the city this morning.

Dr. W. M. Chune came in Saturday from Dolores and left last night for Los Angeles, Cal., to make his future home.

Melquiades Garcia, Mexican Consul in this city, has returned from the City of Mexico, where he went for a few weeks recreation trip.

Wilbur P. Allen passed through here this morning en route to his ranch in Jim Hogg county. Mr. Allen votes at the Randall and that is the object of his visit to the ranch at this time.

Dr. H. M. Austin, who is convalescing from a severe attack of the influenza, left for Corpus Christi yesterday morning accompanied by Mrs. Austin and expects to spend several weeks at the seaside recuperating his health.

AN ANSWER TO CAPTAIN CHAPMAN.

To the Laredo Times:

In your Saturday's issue I noticed a protest made by a Capt. J. O. Chapman against the enlistment of a man now in the county jail charged with assault to murder; having reference to "J. E. Mohan." I want to state that I defended this man, who was tried on the 18th of last month, when at the conclusion of the trial, a jurymen, Pat Clover, became sick, and the jury was discharged, over the objection of the defendant.

Now for information to Captain Chapman, I wish to state that he is mistaken as to the facts of the case. The facts stated in his article are not the facts in the case, and for the purpose of correcting Capt. Chapman: I refer Capt. Chapman to the stenographer's report, and to the jury that were sitting in the case, being Mr. Saft, Mr. Kehl, Mr. Garcia, Mr. Mendoza and Mr. Clover and seven others whose names he can get from the names given, and if he inquires into the facts he will find that all the evidence adduced at the trial did not show Mohan guilty of assault with intent to murder, and had not Clover become sick, the jury would have acquitted him, and he is not charged with any other offense.

Now, I am reliably informed, that not all is so well with Capt. Chapman, and that our district attorney has been more lenient with him. Maybe he can recall the incident. It is a good rule, "to do unto others as you wished them to do unto you" and, "judge not ye lest ye might be judged." Under our law a man is presumed to be innocent until his guilt is established by legal evidence beyond a reasonable doubt. Our officers would be poor fools, if they allowed a man to be placed in jail with tools to saw out. The article is too absurd for further answer.

JOHN A. POPE.

Comfort Kits Freight Over.

General Pershing has requested that comfort kits be barred from the personal baggage of soldiers going overseas. Practically all articles contained in the comfort kits can be obtained by men in the camps and cantonnements of the United States. The Red Cross will, however, be able to arrange for shipment overseas, through the regular freight channels, of a large quantity of comfort kits for distribution through its Foreign Commissions. It has been decided to make such shipments because it is felt that under conditions existing over there, Red Cross kits provide additional comfort for the men which is really appreciated.

is backing him up, no matter what happens.

Entertainment.

The Busy Bees held a most delightful meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Evelyn Ryan. The members met at the home of Mrs. W. B. Heaner, where they dressed themselves "as ladies" and proceeded to the Ryan home. This feature was quite a surprise to the hostess. A short business session was held and plans were discussed for giving a series of entertainments for the "Victory Girls" to be used in War Relief work. The members then enjoyed a game of lotto, in which Miss Josephine Brewster was the lucky prize winner; she received a game. An outdoor basket lunch was served after which the members adjourned. Those present were Misses Josephine Brewster, Minerva G'Sell, Emilie Halsell, Hattie May Bryan, Lois and Dorothy Derby, Dorothy Morton, Marjorie Fish, Rosalie Biggio, Mildred Leyendecker and the hostess. The guests of the afternoon were Misses Odette Bunn and Kathleen Heaner.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

NOVEMBER 4.

The British added to their gains in Palestine.

Italian Government officially admitted that Austro-Germans had crossed the Tagliamento.

More than 1,000,000 families were added to the pledge enrolment of the United States Food Administration.

# ARMISTICE TERMS FOR AUSTRIA ARE STERN AND STRICT, BUT NOT IMPOSSIBLE

## Austria Must Surrender Completely, Give Up Her Fleet, Drive Germans Out of Austria, Italy and Balkans or Intern Them, and Must Leave All Equipment and Supplies, Including Coal.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The terms of the Austro-Hungarian armistice as announced today include complete surrender and the opening of Austro-Hungarian territory for American and allied operations against Germany. They also include the complete demobilization of the Austrian forces, surrender of artillery and military equipment, occupation by the allies of such places as may later be selected, the use of the Austrian railroads for operations against Germany, evacuation of invaded territory, leaving behind all equipment and supplies, including coal, the surrender of a portion of the Austrian surface and submarine fleets and the disarmament of the others under American and allied control, the surrender of all German submarines in Austrian ports, free navigation of Austrian waters by war and commercial fleets, all aircraft put out of commission and under allied control. German troops in Austria-Hungary, Italy or the Balkans must be out or interned within 15 days. The allied blockade against Austria remains unchanged.

**To Vote on Monarchy.**  
London, Nov. 4.—The population of Hungary one month hence will take a public vote to decide on the question of a monarchy or a republic. In the balloting the women will have the same electoral privilege as the men.

**Americans to Occupy Trieste.**  
Amsterdam, Nov. 4.—It is positively reported from Pola, the Austrian naval base on the Adriatic, that Trieste will soon be occupied by an American fleet. The Jugo-Slav leaders sent a wireless message to President Wilson stating their readiness to turn the recently captured Austro-Hungarian fleet over to the United States or allied representatives.

**Americans Captured 4,000.**  
With the Americans at Verdun, Nov. 4.—Over 4,000 prisoners were captured by the Americans in this sector today. The number of guns and other booty is steadily growing. The right flank of the American line is now at Hallen on the height overlooking the Meuse.

**Americans Pushing Forward.**  
With the Americans at Sedan, Nov. 4.—American troops pushing northward toward Sedan early last night had reached Sommeville, five miles north of Bazancourt and 13 miles south of Sedan. The center of the advancing line is held by troops from New York, Maryland, and West Virginia. To the right and left are regulars and troops from New York, New Jersey, the District of Columbia, Texas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Colorado and New Mexico.

**Took Heights from Germans.**  
Washington, Nov. 4.—The First American army has captured dominating heights from the Germans northwest and brought under the fire of its heavy guns the important railway centers of Montmedy, Longuyon and Conflans, says Gen. Pershing's communique, announcing an advance for the First army of 12 miles on an 8-mile front. The prisoners captured number over 5,000 and the guns over 100.

**New British Attack.**  
London, Nov. 4.—The British began a new attack at dawn this morning on a wide front south of the Scheldt. Field Marshal Haig reports the attack was launched satisfactorily.

**Italians Captured 16,000.**  
London, Nov. 4.—It is officially announced that the Italian army with which British contingents have been operating has captured over 16,000 prisoners east of the Piave.

**Are Advancing Rapidly.**  
Rome, Nov. 4.—On the mountain front from Tonalé to Lake Garda, west of Trento, the Italians are progressing rapidly and are advancing on the river and other points west of Adige.

gressing rapidly and are advancing on the river and other points west of Adige.

**Italians Moving Forward.**  
Rome, Nov. 4.—The entire Italian front continues to move forward, the war office announced today.

**Air Attack Near Metz.**  
London, Nov. 4.—Railways and airplane hangars in the region east of Metz were attacked today by British independent air forces, says the official statement issued this afternoon.

**Germans Maintained Activity.**  
London, Nov. 4.—The Germans maintained activity with their artillery and machine guns throughout last night on the entire front along the Aisne between Rethel and Sambray.

**Make No More Payments.**  
Copenhagen, Nov. 4.—Indications are that Russia will refuse to make further payments of indemnity to Germany, says the Frankfort Gazette. Russia, who has made two payments on the indemnity, has stopped shipments of gold and banknotes to Germany.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

155th day of the Great War.  
Centennial anniversary of the birth of Gen. Alexander R. Lawton, quarter-master-general of the Confederate States Army, and later U. S. Minister to Austria.  
Twenty years ago today Lord Kitchener was presented with the freedom of the City of London in recognition of his victory at Omdurman.  
De Wolf Hopper, who enjoys vast popularity as a comic opera star, today celebrates the 40th anniversary of his first appearance on the professional stage.

The Midwest Fruit and Garden Exposition, which was to have had its opening today at Des Moines, has been indefinitely postponed because of the influenza epidemic.  
Throughout the United States the final political rallies will be held tonight, preliminary to the congressional, State, municipal elections to be held tomorrow.  
The Interstate Commerce Commission has announced today as the date for beginning hearings in Washington on the question of the basis and rate for the payment of compensation to railroads for carrying mail.

The trial of Henry H. Hall, a Baptist preacher accused of wife murder, which was originally docketed to begin today at Saco, Maine, has been postponed until the January term of court because of the influenza epidemic.

"HIGH-BROW IGNORANCE."

The professor had just finished an evening talking on Sir Walter Scott and his works, when a lady said: "Oh, professor, I have enjoyed your talk. Scott is a great favorite of mine."  
"Indeed," said the professor, "what one of his books do you like best?"  
"Oh," answered the lady, "I haven't read any of his books, but I am so fond of his Emulsion—I've used a lot of that!"

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight and Tuesday cloudy.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 79 degrees.  
Min. temp. 65 degrees.  
General direction of wind: North-east.  
Cloudy.

**BELLANS**  
INDIGESTION  
25 ALL DRUGGISTS

6 BELLANS  
Hot water  
Sure Relief

**BELLANS**  
FOR INDIGESTION

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$5000 Money Makers \$5000

ISSUES IN THE VARIOUS STATES.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—Elections will be held tomorrow in virtually every State of the Union. With the exception of Maine, which held its election in September, all of the States will vote for representatives in Congress. In thirty-four States there will be elections of United States senators. Thirty-two of the senatorial elections will be to fill vacancies caused by the expirations of terms in Idaho, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Missouri and Louisiana, senators will be chosen to fill out the unexpired terms of deceased members.

Following is a brief summary of the chief features of the elections in the various States:

Alabama—Democratic ticket headed by John H. Bankhead for United States senator and Thomas E. Kilby for governor slated for election.  
Arizona—State officers. For governor: Thomas E. Campbell, Republican; Fred T. Colter, Democrat.  
Arkansas—Democratic senatorial, congressional and State tickets are without opposition. Women vote for the first time in an election.  
California—State officers. Governor William D. Stephens, Republican candidate for re-election, opposed by Theodore Bell, Independent. Several important amendments to State constitution.  
Colorado—Senator J. F. Shafroth, Democrat, opposed by Lawrence C. Fhipps, Republican. Candidates for governor are Oliver H. Shoup, Republican, and Thomas J. Tynan, Democrat.  
Connecticut—State officers. Governor Marcus H. Holcomb, Republican, opposed by Thomas J. Spellacy, Democrat.  
Delaware—United States senator Willard Saulsbury, Democratic incumbent, opposed by L. H. Ball, Republican.

Florida—Minor State officers.  
Georgia—William J. Harris, Democrat, slated for election to succeed Thomas W. Hardwick as United States senator.  
Idaho—United States senators and State officers. Senator William E. Borah, Republican, unopposed for long-term. Senator John F. Nugent, Democrat, opposed for short term by former Governor Frank P. Gooding, Republican. Non-Partisan League the issue.

Illinois—United States senator and minor State officers. Senator J. Hamilton Lewis, Democrat, opposed by Medill McCormick, Republican.  
Indiana—Minor State officers.  
Iowa—Complete State ticket and United States senator. Senator William S. Kenyon, Republican, opposed by Charles R. Keyes, Democrat.  
Kansas—State officers and United States senator. Senator William H. Thompson, Democrat, opposed by Arthur Capper, Republican. Candidates for governor are Henry Allen, Republican, and W. C. Lansdon, Democrat. Several constitutional amendments.

Kentucky—State officers and United States senator. A. O. Stanley, present governor, is Democratic candidate for the senate, with B. L. Bruner as his Republican opponent.  
Louisiana—Two United States senators. Joseph E. Ransdell slated for re-election for the long term and E. J. Gay for short term. Both Democrats.  
Maryland—Minor State officers.  
Massachusetts—State officers and United States senator. Senator John W. Weeks, Republican, opposed by David I. Walsh, Democrat. Candidates for governor are Calvin Coolidge, Republican, and Richard H. Long, Democrat. Will vote in proposed adoption of the initiative and referendum.

Michigan—State officers and United States senator. Chief interests in senatorial contests between Henry Ford, running on the Democratic ticket and with the indorsement of the President, and Truman H. Newberry, Republican.  
Minnesota—State officers and United States senator. Senator Knute Nelson indorsed by the Democrats; Governor Burnquist, Republican, opposed by Fred E. Wheaton, Democrat.

Mississippi—United States senator and minor officials. Byron P. Harrison, present congressman, slated to succeed James K. Vardaman in United States senate.

Missouri—Minor State officers and United States senator. Joseph W. Folk, Democrat, and Selden P. Spencer, Republican, senatorial candidates. Prohibition amendment to State constitution.

Montana—Chief interest in three-cornered contest for United States senator among Thomas J. Walsh, Democratic incumbent; O. M. Landstrum, Republican, and Jeannette Rankin, running under the caption of the National Party.  
Nebraska—United States senator and State officers. Senator George W. Norris, Republican, opposed by John W. Morehead, Democrat. Governor Keith Neville, Democrat, opposer for re-election by S. R. McKelvie, Republican.  
Nevada—United States senator and State officers. Senator Charles B. Henderson, Democrat, opposed by Congressman E. B. Roberts, Republican, and Ann Martin, Independent. Governor Emmet D. Boyle, Democrat, opposed by ex-Governor Tasker L. Oddie, Republican.

New Hampshire—Two United States senators and State officers. Senatorial candidates: Henry W. Keyes, Republican, and Eugene E. Reed, Democrat, for long term; George H. Moses, Republican, and John D. Jameson, Democrat, for short term.  
New Jersey—Two United States senators. Walter E. Edge, Republican, and George M. Lamotte, Democrat, for long term; Senator David Baird, Republican, and Charles O'Connor Hennessey, Democrat, for short term.  
New Mexico—United States senator. Albert B. Fall, Republican incumbent, opposed by W. B. Walton, Democrat. Governor and other State officers.

New York—State officers. Governor Charles S. Whitman, Republican, opposed by Alfred Smith, Democrat.  
North Carolina—United States senator Furnifold McL. Simmons, Democrat, opposed for re-election by John M. Morehead, Republican.  
North Dakota—State officers—Governor Lynn B. Frazier, Republican, indorsed by Non-Partisan League, slated for re-election. Important constitutional amendments.  
Ohio—State officers. Governor Jas. M. Cox, Democrat, opposed by former Governor Frank B. Willis, Republican.

Oklahoma—United States senator and State officers. Senator Robert L. Owen, Democrat, opposed by W. B. Johnson, Republican. Women suffrage amendment.  
Oregon—United States senator and State officers. Senator Charles L. McNary, Republican, opposed by Oswald West, Democrat. Governor Jas. Withycombe, Republican, opposed by Walter M. Pierce, Democrat.

Pennsylvania—State officers. For governor: William C. Sproul, Republican, and Eugene C. Bonniwell, Democrat.  
Rhode Island—United States senator and State officers. Senator LeBaron B. Colt, Republican, opposed by Congressman George F. O'Shaughnessy, Democrat. Governor R. Livingston Beekman, Republican, opposed by A. A. Archambault, Democrat.

South Carolina—Two United States senators and State officers. Democratic candidates assured of election. For senators: Nathaniel Dial and William P. Pollock.  
South Dakota—United States senator and State officers. For senators: Thomas Sterling, Republican incumbent, and John E. Kelly, Democrat. For governor: Peter Norbeck, Republican incumbent, and Mark P. Bates, Democrat.

Tennessee—United States senator and State officers. John K. Shields, Democrat, opposed for re-election to the senate by J. Clay Evans, Republican. For governor: Judge A. Roberts, Democrat, and H. B. Lindsey, Republican.  
Texas—United States Senator Morris Sheppard and Governor W. P. Hobby, Democrats, slated for re-election.  
Utah—Minor State officers.  
Vermont—State officers. For governor: Percival W. Clement, Republican, and William B. Mayo, Democrat.

Virginia—Senator Thomas S. Martin, Democrat, slated for re-election. Washington—Minor State officers and amendments to constitution.  
West Virginia—Clarence Watson, Democrat, and Davis Ekins, Republican, for senator.  
Wisconsin—For governor, F. L. Philipp, Republican incumbent, is opposed by Henry A. Moehlenpach, Democrat.

Wyoming—United States senator and State officers. Senator Francis E. Warren, Republican opposed by John E. Osborne, Democrat; Candidates for governor are Frank L. Houx, Democratic incumbent, and Robert D. Carey, Republican, "Dry" amendment.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.  
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 6:10 p. m.

Night Train.  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.



From Tuesday's Daily.

## A COLLATERAL DEFEAT.

Now that defeat is staring Germany in the face, the Bolsheviks are really as much worried as their Teuton allies. They have gone so far as to propose an armistice with the United States, which is one of the funniest things that has come out of the present war.

It is true that the Bolsheviks at one time threatened to declare war against—or at least break off diplomatic relations with—the nations who "invaded" Russia, although that alleged invasion was at the request of the Russians themselves, and to save them from a nation with whom the United States was at war.

The United States has never declared war against the Bolsheviks, but it has on several occasions used its troops, in conjunction with allied forces, against the Bolshevik troops who were working with the Germans.

It is probable, as the Galveston News says, that the Bolsheviks desire an armistice in order that the United States shall feel bound to keep its hands off the Russian situation, and allow the traitorous allies of the Germans to establish their government by force. But this is exactly what we shall not do under any circumstances.

There is every reason to believe that as soon as the peace conferences with Germany and her allies are under way the allies will start in on a spring house cleaning in Russia. There is no hope for Russia so long as the Bolsheviks remain with even a vestige of power in that country, and we are in duty bound to aid the struggling people, overthrown through the treason of the Lenin-Trotsky regime, to recover their standing as a nation.

There can be no thought of our country aiding the imperial party in re-establishing itself. In this we have the advantage over England or any other monarchy, especially as the late czar was related to the king of England.

The United States is the logical country to aid in bringing order out of chaos in Russia. The people of that benighted country have always looked to us for their inspiration when discouraged in their striving toward the light. Millions of Russians have looked toward this country as the land of freedom where they could live as independent human beings, not as mere units in a herd of slaves.

The Russians who have come here have as a rule learned the lesson of freedom from oppression, as well as the duties of the citizen. Some of them—Trotzky, for instance—have used our free land merely as a refuge from pursuit until they could see the opportune moment to again begin their anarchistic propaganda in their own country.

But all have a confidence in the United States which they do not feel for any other country. Even Switzerland, the refuge for the outcast of other nations, has not been the guide, counselor and friend to the Russians which they have found in the American republic.

It is for that reason that we must do our manifest duty in helping the Russians to free themselves from their self-imposed tyrants, whose rule has been marked by more bloodshed and more willful murder than that of the czars.

Tchitcherine may have been ridiculous in proposing an armistice with this country, but he was at least foxy in doing so. He wanted the party of his masters to have a free hand in the future, or at least until the Russians rise up and annihilate them. He does not want any interference on the part of the only country capable of bringing order and the law to Russia.

Germany will not be able to help the Bolsheviks in their attempt to stem the current of popular revolt against the tyrants. And, so far as that goes, the Bolsheviks will not be able to aid Germany in her attempt at an economical conquest of Russia. So honors are even.

But from a sane standpoint, have you ever heard of a more ridiculous proposition than that of an armistice between the United States and Russia? An armistice between Germany and Bulgaria would be more to the point, at the present stage of the diplomatic pourparlers.

## AMERICAN CHARACTERISTICS.

The correspondent of the Italian-American News Bureau who is with the troops on the Italian front has much to say of the characteristics of the Americans at the front. He pays tribute to their good spirits and says: "I certainly would laugh if my liver were not out of order at seeing how 20,000 young American soldiers are capable of laughter twelve hours before starting for the front!"

He tells of the preference of the Italian children for the American soldiers, although there are other allied troops there. In speaking of the British he says: "The feeling the British inspire is more restrained, more respectful."

Then comes a little touch which lays bare the characteristics of both the Italian people and the American soldiers. He says that the Italians of the trading class, who possess an instinct for trade "which can find no equal outside of the descendants of Shem," were anxious to make a small profit from the Americans.

"Diavoli!" they said. "The value of the gold in the teeth displayed by the men in a single American bat-

talion would provide a handsome dowry for a girl of good family."

But upon bringing their goods to the American camp, they found there was not a single thing the Americans needed. They had everything. They had even lumber and nails, and the correspondent thought the Americans were prepared to fill ten thousand Hindenburg statues with nails.

Then, said the shrewd Italian traders, if they will not buy, perhaps they will sell, so they offered to buy some of the big supply of lumber. But the Americans said: "We are going to take it with us to the front. There it is always of use and hard to find."

The correspondent noticed the ease with which the Americans learned to whistle the Italian songs. One evening he met a platoon which was returning to the cantonment, and the men whistled "The Hymn of Mamsell" in chorus and kept step to it.

Altogether, the Italians have found the Americans to be such good comrades, both on the battle front and in the villages, that after the war is over it will probably result in many thousands of Italians coming to this country—the land of opportunity and the land where every one is given an equal chance.

The correspondent calls particular attention to the fact that the Americans and the Italians are much alike in their ideas of discipline. He says: "The great majority of our officers know how to make themselves loved by their soldiers, because they know how at the same time to be their superiors and their friends. It is the same among the Americans. Friendship, true and spontaneous, exists between officers and men, and comradeship is carried to the limit of military regulations."

Looking for the commander of one of the cantonments with the American consul general, David Wilbur, they found him with hammer and nails working with his men. When Mr. Wilbur lifted the captain by the seat of his trousers, the soldiers laughed, but kept on with their work as if it were an ordinary happening.

It is the general spirit which pervades the American army which makes it loved by all with whom it comes in contact—except the enemy. And even the enemy, when he surrenders, finds it impossible to resist the camaraderie, the heart that beats under every khaki blouse, and he surrenders again, this time to the friendship which the American feels even for a defeated foe.

The Italians are a people who look beneath the surface. Naturally trusting, they have often been abused, and so they learn to take nothing for granted but to probe beneath the surface for the real nature of those with whom they come in contact.

The friendships formed between the American soldiers and the Italian people will go a long way toward cementing the friendly relations between the two countries, now united as never before. And our soldiers are finding that the Italian in his own country is different from the lone, suspicious immigrant who feels that every man's hand is against him and trusts no one.

## FATHER BEARS OUT DAUGHTER'S STORY

HER ILLNESS COST HIM MANY A DOLLAR—NOTHING HELPED HER UNTIL SHE STARTED TAKING TANLAC SHE SAYS.

"My daughter's illness cost me many a dollar, but nothing helped her any until she started taking Tanlac," said the father of Miss Ethel Brewer, 209 Pearl Street, Chattanooga, Tenn.

"I suffered terribly from stomach trouble," said Miss Brewer, who joined in the conversation. "All I could eat was a little milk and white of eggs. Everything I ate caused gas to form, that kept me sick and nauseated and I was miserable all the time. My hands were broken out and I was told that I had pellagra. I fell off in weight until I only weighed ninety-eight pounds."

"When I finished my fourth bottle of Tanlac, my hands and arms were all healed up and the stomach trouble had disappeared. I am not nervous like I was. I sleep like a child, my color has improved, my appetite is fine and everything I eat agrees with me. I have gained fifteen pounds and feel better than I have in a long time."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

NOVEMBER 5.

Lieut. Gen. George Francis Milne, one of the prominent British commanders in the present war, born 50 years ago today.

Truman H. Newberry, Republican candidate for United States senator in today's election in Michigan, born in Detroit, 54 years ago today.

Prince Cyril, second son of Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria, born at Sofia, 23 years ago today.

Brig. Gen. Robert E. Noble, U. S. A., director of military hospitals in the United States, born in Georgia, 48 years ago today.

Ida Minerva Tarvell, noted author and editor, born in Erie County, Pa., 61 years ago today.

President William O. Thompson of Ohio State University, recently sent to Europe on a special Government mission, born at Cambridge, O., 63 years ago today.

## ASKS OVERSUBSCRIPTION IN CAMPAIGN COMING WEEK

CHAIRMAN DEUTZ GETS TELEGRAM FROM DIRECTOR COULTER.

Asks That People Be Impressed With Fact That Their Money Will Be Used for Noble Purpose.

The United War Work Campaign Committee in Laredo are ready for the fray—or rather, the working of securing sufficient pledges for subscriptions to put Webb county "over the top" with her quota of \$15,000 on the opening day of the campaign, which is next Monday, November 11. Here is a copy of a telegram received by Charles Deutz, chairman of the Webb County United War Fund Campaign this morning:

Dallas, Texas, November 5, 1918. Charles Deutz, Laredo, Texas.

National headquarters announce the first ten states over the top in campaign will have their names put on portable huts which will move with our troops to Berlin, Texas can do it! Her boys are at the front doing their part—let's secure a Texas hut. To accomplish this it will be necessary to organize every community and school district thoroughly. Do it now. Pass down quota to every division of the county and request workers to raise on the first day. Let it be understood that our work is not done when we raise three-quarters million and a large oversubscription, but it will be accomplished when we do this and also give everyone in the county opportunity to subscribe. If peace should come at once the work of these agencies will be even more necessary than now. Period of demobilization one to two years will be very trying in the life of our boys. Wire from Dr. Mott says postmaster-general has issued instructions that all rural carriers distribute over their routes November 8 circulars of what your money is doing for our boys. Circular should be placed in hands of postmasters connecting with rural routes November 7. If supply of this circular is inadequate any other relating to war work campaign will suffice. We can supply president's letter only. Don't fail to strike for heavy oversubscription and defer next campaign as long as possible. Pass this down to your local leaders.

L. A. COULTER.

No comment is necessary on the telegram of Director Coulter and it is certain that Webb county will follow the advice he has given and oversubscribe.

## PROCEDURE IS SUGGESTED FOR CHRISTMAS PACKAGES

Information as to What is Necessary After You Receive Label From Abroad for Xmas Packages.

The following is an outline of the procedure to be followed by persons planning to send one of these parcels abroad:

On receiving one of these Christmas Parcel Labels, it should be presented at the nearest Chapter, branch or auxiliary headquarters of the Red Cross, where the holder will receive a carton. These labels are not expected to reach this country before November 1, by that time each Red Cross branch will have its allotment of boxes based on the number of soldiers in service overseas from that community.

These boxes may be filled with any combination of articles, except those on the list barred by the postal officials.

When the package has been packed, it should be taken, unwrapped and unsealed, together with the label and sufficient stamps to the nearest collection center designated by the Red Cross. After the package has passed the inspection of the Red Cross representatives as to contents and weight, and been wrapped in stout paper, the Christmas label bearing the address of the man for whom it is intended is placed on it. The person sending the package, in the presence of the Red Cross worker, is required to affix stamps sufficient to carry it to Hoboken, N. J. The postal charges are to be at the rate of fourth-class or parcel post zone rate. A label certifying that the inspection has been completed by the Red Cross is placed on the package, which is left in the custody of the Red Cross until delivered to the postal authorities.

## A RAW, SORE THROAT

Eases Quickly When You Apply a Little Musterole.

And Musterole won't blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster. Just spread it on with your fingers. It penetrates to the sore spot with a gentle tingle, loosens the congestion and draws out the soreness and pain.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. It is fine for quick relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds on the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). Nothing like Musterole for croupy children. Keep it handy for instant use. 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.

WILL NOT BLISTER

## THE KIDDIES SCHOOL LUNCH BASKET



LOU E. STALLMAN,

Associate Director Home Economics, Federal Food Administration, and Urban Home Demonstration Agent.

Who's starting off to school for the very first time this month? For such an event as important as a birthday anniversary or a circus day, the little lunch basket should be carefully packed. What to put in it, as well as in the minds of American mothers this year as never before. The need to make the next generation vigorous has made a deep impression on the country.

School lunches are going to be packed more carefully than ever before, and the evening meal will not be relied upon to make up for the nutrition lost at noon. The numerous milk dishes which are so healthful for children are difficult to pack in a basket or box, and for that reason many suggestions as to what shall be put in the lunch pails are always welcome to mothers.

The following easily prepared school lunches may suggest others to the busy housewife:

1. Crisp rolls, scooped out, filled with chopped fish, which has been seasoned or mixed with salad dressing.
2. Apple.
3. Bread and butter sandwiches.
4. Lettuce or celery sandwiches.
5. Cup custard.
6. Raisin and nut lettuce sandwich.
7. Baker bean and lettuce sandwiches.
8. Jar of apple sauce.
9. Bread and butter sandwiches.
10. Maple sugar candy or cookies or tea-cakes or prunes stuffed with peanut butter.
11. Cheese sandwiches.
12. Dates stuffed with nuts.
13. Cottage cheese and chopped green pepper sandwiches.
14. Peanut sandwiches.
15. Fruit and cake.
16. Raisin and nut bread with butter.
17. Hard-boiled eggs.
18. Celery.
19. Crisp baked baking powder biscuits.
20. Maple sugar sandwich.
21. Baked bean and lettuce sandwich.
22. Jar of apple sauce and raisins.
23. Cookies.
24. Slice of meat loaf or bean loaf.
25. Bread and butter sandwiches.
26. Stewed fruit, small cakes.
27. Raisin bread and butter sandwiches.
28. Small ginger cakes, apple sauce.
29. Sandwiches with sliced tender meat.
30. One-half cake milk chocolate.
31. Cottage cheese sandwiches.
32. Jelly sandwiches.
33. Pear.
34. Farinall sweets (made of figs, dates, raisins and nuts).

## PENALTIES IMPOSED BY FOOD ADMINISTRATION.

DeGeorge's grocery store, 2720 Washington avenue, Houston, has voluntarily agreed to pay \$10.00 to the Red Cross as an act of his good faith in complying to the rules and regulations of the Food Administration. Mr. DeGeorge admitted that he had sold flour without substitutes.

Abe Mentz, 2421 McKinney avenue, Houston, has voluntarily agreed to pay \$10.00 to the Red Cross as an act of his good faith in keeping the rules and regulations of the Food Administration. Mr. Mentz admitted selling flour without substitutes.

W. Greenburg, 2520 Rusk avenue, Houston, has voluntarily agreed to pay to the Red Cross \$25.00 as an act of his good faith in keeping the rules and regulations of the Food Administration. Mr. Greenburg admitted selling flour at an excessive price.

For violating stabilized price of cotton seed by paying hauling from points distant from railroads to the Food Administration for the zone, the Denton Oil and Gin Company, as evidence of regret for the past and good faith for the future, and as partial amends to the public, has contributed \$200 to the drought sufferers' relief fund.

F. Verdna, a retail grocer at 1703 Cleveland street, Houston, has been penalized by the Food Administration by having his doors closed for two days, October 10 and 11, for selling flour at an excessive profit and without substitutes.

Benacola, a retail grocer at 1602 Gillette street, Houston, for excess profits on flour and selling flour without substitutes has been penalized by the Food Administration for two days, October 10 and 11, for violation of the regulations governing the sale of wheat flour. Salerno was found guilty of having sold both flour and butter at an excessive profit.

L. Giannetta, a retail grocer at the corner of Arnold and Bailey streets, Houston, has been penalized by the Federal Food Administration for Texas by an order closing his doors for two days, Thursday and Friday, October 10 and 11, for violation of the regulations governing the sale of wheat flour and butter. Giannetta was found guilty of having sold both flour and butter at an excessive profit.

The first big case tried by the Federal Food Administration for Texas in which shortage of weight in packages of butter was the chief factor was held in Galveston on Saturday, when the Alvin Creamery Company was penalized with a fine of \$250.00 to be paid the Red Cross. The testimony and evidence adduced showed that the Alvin Creamery Company had sold packages of butter marked 16 ounces, containing but 13 ounces of butter; and packages marked 14 ounces which contained but 12 to 14 ounces. The complaints came to the Food Administration from Houston, Galveston, Beaumont and Corpus Christi.

The case was tried in the office of James A. Bodieker, County Food Administrator for Galveston, with Judge Ireland Graves of the Enforcement Division as the trial judge and H. L. Mills of the Field Inspection Division as prosecutor. The Food Administration was also represented by Chas. L. Desel, director of the Perishables Division, and H. Warrach, Jr., a field inspector. Three representatives of the Alvin Creamery Company were present in interest of the defendant. The Creamery Company presented the attenuating fact that they were short of labor when the short-weight packages were sent out and inexperienced help was largely responsible for the condition. A number of Galveston witnesses were called in to testify, as well as members of the Price Section in Galveston.

## LOCAL NEWS

—The diet during and after influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk, nourishing, digestible.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

—Born:—October 24th, to Captain and Mrs. D. D. Davis, Jr., a son, Mrs. Davis is with her parents at Staples, Texas, while Captain Davis is with Uncle Sam's forces "over there."

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

—Joe R. Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Davis of Dolores, has received his commission as lieutenant from the machine gun training school for officers at Camp Hancock, Ga., and is now acting as an instructor at Camp Hancock.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros.

—The influenza epidemic continues to show a gradual decrease daily and very few cases of pneumonia are reported here. At Fort McIntosh improved conditions forecast an early lifting of the quarantine out there, as it is said there are very few cases of influenza there and no pneumonia among the soldier boys confined in the hospital.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

—Indications today have been favorable for rain, judging from the heavy clouds that have been floating about in the firmament, but no moisture has manifested itself. With a good rain in a few days now the work started by the recent showers in putting the soil in good condition and starting the young grasses will be continued.

—Teacher of Gregg shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

—On account of this being election day, the banks of the city were closed and those who had necessity for funds and did not get them yesterday could draw their breath today.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

—An alarm of fire for the Third ward was sounded from the fire station shortly before 11 o'clock this forenoon. The fire amounted to nothing, as it was only an incipient blaze that broke out among some old tires at the establishment of Faustino Garcia on Flores Avenue and was quickly extinguished.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials.

## NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

My office in the City Hall is now open for the reception of City taxes for the year 1918. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 to 5 p. m.

D. C. de LACHICA, City Tax Collector.

## A PROSPECT.

Sonny—"Dad, you say it is man's solemn duty to buy life insurance. S'pose you don't—will you go to heaven?"

Dad—"Well, sonny, I might manage to get there, but I would feel mighty uncomfortable thinking of mother and the kiddies."

## The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

## SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of today. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

## GENERAL ELECTION TODAY QUIETEST HELD IN YEARS

ONLY CONTEST OF INTEREST BETWEEN PARR AND GLASSCOCK.

Indications Point to the Fact That Glasscock Has Gained Strength and Will Carry This County.

The general election in Laredo and Webb county today is one of the tamest affairs of the kind held here in many years on a similar occasion and the indications are that the vote cast in Laredo and the outlying precincts will not exceed a total of five hundred.

All the polls were opened on schedule time this morning for the reception of voters, but they were slow in showing up and up to the noon hour the rush of ballots had failed to materialize.

The only contest in this election in which the Democrats of the county were concerned is the fight for the state senate between Archer Parr, the present incumbent, and D. W. Glasscock of McAllen. Both these candidates claim the nomination for this office, Parr being certified as the nominee by one of the conventions at Corpus Christi and later by an order of District Judge Chambliss his name alone was ordered placed on the Democratic ticket. Glasscock was declared to be the nominee of the party by the Democratic state executive committee and the Democratic state convention at Waco, but the injunction by the district judge prevents his name being printed on the official ballot. Glasscock is also favored by Governor Hobby for election.

The Hobby-Glasscock Club, with headquarters at Kingsville, has conducted a vigorous campaign in behalf of Glasscock and the work has availed the desired results, for indications today are that Glasscock will carry Webb county by a good majority over Parr, while it is reported Zapata county will also give Glasscock a majority. This is quite a change in sentiment since last July, when Parr carried both Webb and Zapata counties by big majorities over Glasscock in the Democratic primaries.

## WHEN YOU SUFFER FROM RHEUMATISM

Almost any man will tell you that Sloan's Liniment means relief

For practically every man has used it who has suffered from rheumatic aches, soreness of muscles, stiffness of joints, the results of weather exposure. Women, too, by the hundreds of thousands, use it for relieving neuritis, lame backs, neuralgia, sick headache. Clean, refreshing, soothing, economical, quickly effective. Say "Sloan's Liniment" to your druggist. Get it today.

**Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain**

## CONCERNING SUGAR ORDER.

District and County Administrators: Washington establishes the sugar service rule for all public eating places agreeable to the following telegram just received:

"Public eating places: State hotel chairmen being advised that part of General Order Number 8 covering quantity served is changed to read: In no event shall the amount served to any one person at any one meal exceed one-half ounce."

"Hotel chairmen also being advised sugar service now authorized under General Order Number 8 is one teaspoonful, or its equivalent, for tea and coffee, plus one teaspoonful for fruit or cereal, but not for both fruit and cereal. One small lump demitasse."

Please advise your hotel and restaurant directors accordingly.

Yours very truly,

E. A. PEDEN,

Federal Food Administrator for Texas.

Are you wondering where to find an Up-to-date Business School for your boy or girl? There's one at 208—212 Alexander Bld'g.

Call and see them, or phone

**LAREDO BUSINESS COLLEGE-1014**

Call and see them, or phone

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Call and see them, or phone

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Call and see them, or phone

**LAREDO BUSINESS COLLEGE-1014**

## THIRTY-FIVE MEN ORDERED ENTRAIN FOR CAMP TRAVIS

EXAMINATIONS TO BE HELD IN THIS CITY ON SATURDAY.

Webb County's Quota is Thirty-five Men and That Number Will Be Sent to Camp Travis on Monday.

Thirty-five registrants from Webb county, aged nineteen to thirty-six inclusive, have been summoned by the local exemption board to appear before them on Saturday for physical examination, and should any of those summoned fail to pass the physical examination, others will be called to get thirty-five men, for that is the quota called from Webb county.

Thirty-five young men will be examined on Saturday as stated and on Monday morning that number will entrain from here for Camp Travis, representing the contingent from this county under the new draft call to enter the training camp. One negro was also called for this county, but as there is no negro registrant to be examined and sent, this requirement will not be complied with.

Until the examinations are concluded on Saturday of young men in Class A it will not be known who will comprise the personnel of the quota from this county to leave here on next Monday, but one of the men will be Mr. Laughlin, alias Mohan, who is now in the county jail, and will enter the mechanical corps of the army, he being a registrant in Laredo who asked that he be placed in Class A and sent to the army as soon as possible.

## DEATH OF MISS LARMOYEUX SISTER DR. H. E. KENNEY.

Was Nursing the Sick at Y. W. C. A. in Jacksonville, Fla., When Stricken With Influenza.

Dr. Helene E. Kenney of this city is in receipt of the sad news of the death of her sister, Miss Palmiere Larmoyeux, who passed away at her home in Jacksonville, Florida, several days ago following an attack of influenza. The clipping referring to her death states that Miss Larmoyeux did noble work nursing the sick at the Y. W. C. A. during the influenza, contracted the disease and died after a short illness.

According to information received by Dr. Kenney her sister was convalescing from the attack of influenza and on the fourth day after her temperature became normal she was stricken with cerebral hemorrhage while conversing with her mother and death followed in forty-eight hours. Besides her mother, deceased is survived by her sisters, Dr. Helene E. Kenney of this city and Dr. Julia Larmoyeux of Jacksonville, and one brother, P. J. D. Larmoyeux of Jacksonville, all of whom have the sympathy of many friends in their bereavement.

## Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTER CO. 1210 Southwestern Life Bldg. Dallas, Texas.

## Calceberb

FOR THROAT AND LUNGS

A Calcium compound that will bring relief in many acute and chronic cases. Provides in handiest form, a basic remedy highly recommended by science. Contains no harmful drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all druggists Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

## FLOWERS

Order early, so as not to be disappointed

**GREEN, the Florist**

Avenue C at Eighth St.

Day and Night Phone

Crockett 4107

San Antonio, Texas

## CHICO



## D. W. GLASSCOCK IS ELECTED STATE SENATOR OVER PARR

WEBB AND ZAPATA COUNTIES  
GAVE GLASSCOCK MAJORITIES.

Ten Counties of the District Gave Its  
Majorities for Glasscock and Parr  
Carried Five Counties.

D. W. Glasscock of McAllen, by carrying the counties of Webb, Zapata, San Patricio, Kleberg, Cameron, La Salle, Brooks, Jim Hogg, McMullen and Jim Wells was elected in the election yesterday as state senator of the Twenty-third senatorial district over Archer Parr, the present incumbent, who carried, by small majorities, the counties of Nueces, Duval, Starr, Hidalgo and Willacy. Glasscock's majority over Parr is very decisive.

By a vote of 313 for Glasscock and 123 for Parr in eight precincts heard from, Webb county reversed its action in the Democratic primaries, when a big majority was given for Parr. Even Zapata county experienced a considerable change of heart and gave Glasscock a total of 54 votes, while Parr received 35 votes. In the Democratic primaries in Zapata county Glasscock received a very small vote, while Parr was given a heavy vote. La Salle county also changed and gave Glasscock a big majority yesterday. The only irregularities reported anywhere in the district was at the town of Hidalgo, in Hidalgo county, which will cause an investigation and possibly the arrest of a number of persons concerned, for the vote cast there for Parr was unreasonable—said to be more than the population of the entire place and surroundings.

Both amendments carried in this county, while Governor Hobby received 343 votes against 41 for his Republican opponent, Boynton.

The complete vote of Webb county is not yet in, as there are several precincts lacking, but the vote from these places will serve to give Webb county to Glasscock by a majority of at least 200 votes, while Governor Hobby will receive a majority of about 400.

Later reports received here today state that the majority of Glasscock is not as large as it was last night, but that it is sufficient to assure his election. The fact that Webb and Zapata counties turned their votes to Glasscock may have been the turning point in the election in the whole district, for had it been otherwise Parr might have been elected.

## "OH, IF I COULD BREAK THIS COLD!"

Almost as soon as said with  
Dr. King's New Discovery  
Get a bottle today!

The rapidity with which this fifty-year-old family remedy relieves coughs, colds and mild bronchial attacks is what has kept its popularity on the increase year by year.

This standard reliever of colds and coughing spells never loses friends. It does quickly and pleasantly what it is recommended to do. One trial puts it in your medicine cabinet as absolutely indispensable. 60c and \$1.20.

**Bowels Usually Clogged?**  
Regulate them with safe, sure, comfortable Dr. King's New Life Pills. Correct that biliousness, headache, sour stomach, tongue coat, by eliminating the bowel-cloggers. 25c.

**WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.**  
Prepared For The Times by the  
St. Louis Union Bank,  
St. Louis, Mo.

Increased returns from higher freight and passenger rates are apparent for the first time in reports of railway earnings to the Interstate Commerce Commission. Compilations by the commission for August show an operating income of \$128,123,000 for that month, or \$24,000,000 more than in August, 1917. Operating revenues jumped to \$502,759,000, which was \$136,000,000 more than the same month last year. At the same time, however, expenses increased \$358,987,000, or \$112,000,000 more than in August, 1917.

The report indicated also that the government has paid railroads in compensation in the eight months ended with August nearly \$200,000,000 more than it has received as net operating income.

For the eight months ended with August operating revenue of all roads was \$3,051,000,000, as compared with \$1,837,000,000 last year. Operating income was \$438,476,000, in comparison with \$658,881,000 last year.

The influence of rate increases is shown by the item of freight revenues in August, amounting to \$349,816,000, as compared with \$250,281,000 in August, 1917. Passenger revenues amounted to \$113,651,000, as compared with \$81,923,000 in August, 1917.

**W.S.S. DOLLAR MARK YOUR PLEDGE—W.S.S. PAY THE PRESIDENT**

## CAMPAIGN STARTS MONDAY TO SECURE COUNTY'S QUOTA

Every Patriotic American of This  
County Should Come Across With  
His Part to United War Fund.

On next Monday morning, November 11, the campaign for funds for the United War Work Campaign, which will help the Young Men's Christian Association, the Young Women's Christian Association, the War Camp Community Service, the American Library Association, the National Catholic War Council and Knights of Columbus, the Jewish Welfare League and the Salvation Army will be launched and Webb county is asked to contribute at least \$15,000 as her quota.

The soliciting committees appointed to take care of the soliciting of funds for the purpose have mapped out all their plans and are already at work on the matter of getting pledges so as to be able to get to work on the morning of November 11 in an earnest manner and put Webb county "over the top" on the opening day of the campaign. The national campaign headquarters are urging every community to go "over the top" with a big oversubscription so as to preclude the necessity of another campaign for funds next spring, and this request will meet with sincere co-operation from all quarters and the sum asked for from the whole country, \$170,600,000, will probably be increased to approximately \$250,000,000.

Webb county did herself proud in the Fourth Liberty Bond campaign, and now is another opportunity presented to again show true patriotism by financially assisting the seven worthy organizations for which the war fund campaign has been instituted at the suggestion of President Wilson.

## JACOB LESLIE PETTY DEAD AS RESULT OF CONVULSIONS

Had Passed Safely Through Influenza  
and Pneumonia and Was Con-  
valescing When Stricken Yesterday.

Jacob Leslie Petty, (familiarly called "Less" Petty) a native of Mason, Texas, aged 38 years, and for the past six years in the employ of the customs service here as a mounted inspector, died at the home of his sister, Mrs. John Evitts, 2026 Sanchez Avenue, yesterday afternoon at 4:45 o'clock, his death being due to convulsions following a three weeks illness from influenza followed by pneumonia, both of which ailments he successfully combated and was on the road to recovery. At three o'clock yesterday afternoon he was seized with convulsions and despite all that medical aid could do, he succumbed in less than two hours, being in a very weakened state when stricken the last time.

Deceased came to this city from Cotulla, where he had served a number of years as constable, in 1912 and accepted a position under Collector of Customs Haynes as mounted inspector, continuing in the position up to the time of his death. Less than three weeks ago his wife, who was formerly Miss Martina Pettus, to whom he was married in Laredo 14 years ago, died following an attack of influenza and pneumonia, leaving three small children. Mr. Petty contracted the influenza after his wife's death and pneumonia developed, but he passed safely through that disease and was convalescing from the effects when stricken with convulsions yesterday afternoon. Deceased is survived by one brother, Mal Petty, and one sister, Mrs. John Evitts, both of this city.

The funeral takes place from the Evitts home to the city cemetery tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

Lord Charnwood, traveller, writer and Home Rule advocate, now touring Canada and the United States, born in England, 54 years ago today.

Henry Worth Thornton, a one-time railway draughtsman in Pittsburgh, now the greatest railway manager in England, born at Logansport, Ind., 47 years ago today.

John Philip Sousa, famous bandmaster and composer, now in the United States naval service, born in Washington, D. C., 64 years ago today.

Frank W. Mondell, representative in Congress from Wyoming, born in St. Louis, 58 years ago today.

Walter Johnson, one of the most celebrated of professional baseball pitchers, now in war service, born at Humboldt, Kas., 30 years ago today.

Allan L. Benson, Socialist Party candidate for President of the United States in 1916, born at Plainwell, Mich., 47 years ago today.

## BUT NOT WAGNER.

American Rooky in Italy—Whadda-yathink o' these dagoes pickin' up our music?

His Bunky—Howzat?  
Rooky—Why, everywhere ya go ya hear 'em singin' or whistlin' the tunes our hand organs play. Th' other day I heard one of 'em whistlin' that old chestnut, "Then You'll Remember Me!"



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor  
Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

**Wednesday.**  
The Parish Guild of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. Important business will be transacted.

**Thursday.**  
There will be an important meeting of the Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

## General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Boyd and little daughter returned to their home in San Antonio yesterday after a pleasant visit here to Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Pender.

Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Turpin left yesterday for Dolores where they will reside. Dr. and Mrs. Turpin arrived in the city on Sunday from Herculaneum, Mo., where they were visiting their daughter, Mrs. Goddard.

Miss Frances Giddings is in the city for a short visit to relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Beyette have returned to their home in Aransas Pass. They were accompanied home by their grandchildren.

Mr. W. H. Headen of Mexico City arrived in Nuevo Laredo on Monday, and will remain there until the arrival of his passport.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Russell expect to leave today for San Antonio for a short stay.

Mrs. Etta Saul who has been in the city for the past several weeks helping nurse the sick soldiers at Fort McIntosh, will return to her home in Pearsall today.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Shanks have moved into the cottage on Farragut Street formerly occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Joe Vidales.

The many friends of Mr. Robert Ennis will be pleased to know that he has received his captaincy and has been assigned to the Tank Division at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

## Announcement.

This afternoon at 5 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Aurora de la Garza, the members of the Maira Club will give a miscellaneous shower in honor of Miss Dolores Cantu.

## Victory Clubs.

Don't forget the rally at Jarvis Plaza tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, when good speakers will address the children, and music will be furnished to help along the interest.

## Elected Delegates.

At a called meeting of the Woman's Club held Monday afternoon, Mrs. Asher R. Smith was elected delegate and Mrs. R. A. Millar alternate to the convention of Federated Women's Clubs to be held in Dallas, October 19-22.

## Junior Auxiliary.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church resumed its regular work yesterday afternoon at the Rectory under the direction of Mrs. C. W. Cook. The usual service and lesson at the church was held upon the arrival of the members. Rev. Cook talked to the boys and girls about "the victory boys and girls," he wishes to establish a point of contact between the boys "over there" and the small boys here. The members worked very industriously for a while making envelopes to hold newspaper clippings and paper dolls. The larger children worked on the church scrap book. Those present were Martha, George and Mary Anderson, Woody Bunn, Ralph and Mary Cook, John Robert and Joe Fasnacht, Tessie Fasnacht, George, Horace and Robert Kehl, Ethel Lane, Anita Laue, Marjorie Fish, Hunter and Evelyn Randolph.

## NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

My office in the City Hall is now open for the reception of City taxes for the year 1918. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 to 5 p. m.

D. C. de LACHICA,  
City Tax Collector.

## Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTE CO.  
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.  
Dallas, Texas.

## For a Weak Stomach.

As a general rule all you need to do is to adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation and to keep your bowels regular. When you feel that you have eaten too much and when constipated take one of Chamberlain's Tablets.

## THE AUSTRIAN CRISIS.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 6.—In diplomatic circles here the break-up of the Austrian empire is regarded as one of the foregone conclusions of the war. Every one with even a superficial acquaintance with the past history of the great polyglot nation and the political conditions that existed there even before the war are unanimous in predicting kaleidoscopic changes on the banks of the Danube before many weeks have passed.

In the present crisis in Austria-Hungary, the saying of Thucydides is fulfilled that a country of many races always tends toward disintegration. The wonder is that under conditions such as have existed for upwards of half a century Austria-Hungary has succeeded in maintaining itself at all, let alone making material progress in government, education and art. The war, of course, has served to bring matters to a head. But even if the present world conflict had never been started it is doubtful if the dual monarchy could have avoided facing open rebellion much longer.

To understand the real cause of the troubles which have overtaken the vast empire which overspreads central Europe it is necessary to bear in mind the fact that Austria-Hungary is a polyglot combination, embracing countries cut up by numerous races, confederacies, and religions, each endeavoring to preserve its independence, ancient rights, language, and dignity; each jealous and suspicious of the other and dissatisfied with the whole. An illustration of the many tongues spoken by its peoples lies in the fact that on the circulating notes of the government the denominations are printed in ten different languages.

For the sake of comparison, if one can imagine the United States or the Dominion of Canada composed of many different States or Provinces, not differing alone in name and in local government but lacking every tie of consanguinity, it is possible to appreciate the unhealthy condition of affairs that has so long existed in Austria-Hungary.

This great polyglot power stretches across a vast area of dissimilar territories. Its western extremity extends to Switzerland and Italy; its northern boundary skirts the frontier of the German Empire and runs beyond the Carpathian Mountains; to the east it reaches to the Black Sea, and on the south it is bounded by the Balkan countries. Within this territory live a dozen different nationalities, each having its own language and laws. No such variety of races exists in any other one domain anywhere in the world. Most prominent of these peoples are the Germans, Slavs and Magyars. Within this classification Slav differs from Slav by many divergencies of history, speech, and religion, and added to this polyglot assemblage are Italians, Jews and many other classes.

In the present arrangement of the empire the two great divisions are Austria and Hungary. Bohemia, too, is great, but for years it has been kept in the background, and has been a constant thorn in the side of the principals. Though subdued, the Czechs in Bohemia never became reconciled to their place in the empire. And today, thanks to the straits in which that empire has been placed by alliance with the German Emperor, the Czechs appear to be nearer than ever before to a realization of their old dream—the re-establishment of the ancient kingdom of Wenzeslaw of Bohemia, and the royal throne on the Hradschin in Prague.

Austria, consisting of the upper and lower provinces, with Vienna in the latter, is really a small part of the empire. Hungary, on the other hand, extends over as much territory as all the other provinces put together. Between Austria and Hungary there is no unification of interests. While possessing the right of autonomy and having forced many other concessions from Austria, the Hungarians have never ceased to clamor for entire independence. That they intend to take advantage of the present situation to press for a fulfillment of their national aspirations is abundantly evidenced by the riotous demonstrations that have taken place recently in Budapest, the Hungarian capital city.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

1539th day of the Great War.

Conventions of teachers' associations scheduled to open in numerous States today have been postponed because of the influenza epidemic.

Cities of the United States and Canada which have adopted the managerial form of government will be represented by delegates at the fifth annual conference of City Managers, which is to meet today at Roanoke, Va.

The Federal court in New York has fixed today for opening the postponed trial of Jeremiah O'Leary, the former editor of the anti-English weekly Bull, who is under several indictments for alleged violations of the Espionage Act.

Thousands of Europeans, the relatives of men captured by the enemy on the battlefield, will observe St. Leonard's Day today. For many centuries this saint has been considered the especial patron of prisoners, and his intercession is sought by Catholics in behalf of those captive in a foreign land. Of all the saints Leonard is believed to be the most powerful in this regard, perhaps because he spent a large part of his life in comforting captives taken by a Frankish King.

# DIFFERENCES BETWEEN BAVARIA AND PRUSSIA OVER EMPEROR'S ABDICATION

## Munich Post Declares the Kaiser's Abdication is Imminent, and Warns the Hohenzollerns and the Military Not to Play with Fire, as the People Are by No Means Inclined to be Passive.

## CONCEDE REPUBLICAN CONTROL

By Associated Press.  
New York, Nov. 6.—Both the New York Times and the New York World this morning concede that the Republican party will control the next congress. The Times claims a majority of four in the senate and 19 in the house.

## Claim Democratic Majority.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Democratic National Committee headquarters early today claimed that the senate would be Democratic by at least one and that final returns would show a small margin of Democrats in the house.

## CLAIM GLASSCOCK VICTORY.

By Associated Press.  
Corpus Christi, Texas, Nov. 6.—Twenty-one incomplete returns indicate the election of D. W. Glasscock over Archie Parr for state senator by a comfortable majority. Glasscock's supporters were required to write his name on the ballot. Glasscock leads in 12 of the 17 counties in the district.

## BUT A WORM SOMETIMES TURNS.

A "conscientious objector" told the tribunal the other day that he wouldn't kill a worm. As the poet so touchingly puts it, "A fellow-feeling makes us wondrous kind."—Passing Show.

## ODD AND INTERESTING.

The bamboo has been known to grow two feet in twenty-four hours. France was the first of the nations to make use of ambulances in warfare.

The costliest soap in the world is that manufactured specially in the Levant for use in the harems of wealthy Mohammedans in the Near East, and in India.

On an average there is a war every ten years. There were eleven great wars in the last century, the most costly in men and money being the American civil war.

There are but three kisses mentioned in the Gospels—the one of betrayal, by Judas; the one of adoration, by the Magdalen; the one of reconciliation, by the father of the Prodigal Son.

It is illegal to sell papers in Canada on Sunday and on several occasions during the war news of supreme importance has developed on that day some of the newspapers have printed special editions and distributed them free of charge.

Walrus are now being killed for their hides in ever increasing number. Walrus leather is the toughest known, next to the elephant and rhinoceros. Besides being made into heavy boots for trench wear, it makes the best of polishers for big guns.

Within a stone's throw of Brussels are many famous battlefields of other days, among them Waterloo; Quatre Bras, where Wellington defeated Marshal Ney; Ramillies, where Marlborough defeated the French and Bavarians; Ligny, where Napoleon punished the Prussians in 1815; Tirlemont, where Dumouriez defeated the Austrians in 1793; and Steenkerke, where the French defeated the Allies in 1692.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

1847—First American missionary church organized in China.  
1865—Earl Russell became British premier for the third time.  
1873—Mrs. Robert E. Lee, wife of the famous Confederate commander, died at Lexington, V. Born at Arlington House, Va., in 1806.

1885—Queen Victoria sent a message of congratulation to the people of Canada.

1891—John Gregory Smith, governor of Vermont and president of the Northern Pacific railroad, died at St. Albans, Vt. Born there, July 22, 1818.

1893—Gen. George D. Ruggles was appointed adjutant-general of the United States Army.

1914—An army of 25,000 Turks began an invasion of Egypt.

1915—Berlin reported the capture of Nish by the Bulgarians, opening though rail route for Austro-Germans to Turkey.

1916—British steamer Arabia torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean.

## By Associated Press.

Zurich, Switzerland, Nov. 6.—Emperor Williams' abdication has become imminent, according to information received from Berlin by the Munich Post. The newspaper says that serious differences have arisen between the Munich and Berlin governments and that the Hohenzollerns and the military party would be making a mistake to play with fire, for the people are by no means inclined to remain passive.

## Rioting at Kiel.

Amsterdam, Nov. 6.—Severe rioting occurred at Kiel Sunday after a meeting of sailors and laborers which was addressed by an independent socialist speaker. Mutinous sailors disarmed the military patrol and made their way to the military prison with the intention of liberating men confined for insubordination. The military guards, who were pelted with stones, fired upon the mutineers, killing 29. The military commander was killed.

## Armistice Delegation on Way.

Berlin, Nov. 6.—An official statement issued today says the German delegation to conclude the armistice and take up peace negotiations left here for the western front today.

## Left This Afternoon.

Amsterdam, Nov. 6.—The German armistice delegation left Berlin for the western front this afternoon.

## German Retreat Continues.

Paris, Nov. 6.—The retreat of the Germans along the whole of the French front continues. The French are in contact with the enemy rear guard. North of Marle the French have passed beyond Voharies, 5 miles southwest of the important railway junction at Vervins.

## German Resistance Stiffened.

With the Americans at Sedan, Nov. 6.—The German resistance against American pressure east of the Meuse stiffened considerably today, the Germans using artillery, gas and machine guns in their retreat east of the Meuse. The Germans are destroying property and cutting down trees on the roadways. It is believed the Germans have used all their reserves on the front opposite the Americans, the last enemy division in this sector having been thrown in in an effort to stem the American advance.

## Deluged With Poison Gas.

With the Americans at Sedan, Nov. 6.—Beaumont village, where there over 400 French civilians, is a particular target for the Germans. All last night they deluged Beaumont with poison gas. American troops continued to advance today between the Meuse and Bar, advancing at one place over three miles.

## American Troops Advanced.

Berlin, Nov. 6.—American troops yesterday advanced across the Meuse south of Dunn under a violent protective fire and penetrated the woods and heights on the east bank of the river between Milly and Vileons.

## Press After Germans.

London, Nov. 6.—The British last night continued to press after the Germans beyond the Mormal forest, where they have reached the main road from Aynes to Bavay.

## French Crossed Aisne.

Paris, Nov. 6.—The French have crossed the Aisne on both sides of Rethel, capturing Barby, west of Rethel. North of Argonne the French have also moved forward, reaching the outskirts of Lameth and La-Gassine.

## Italians Occupying Ports.

Rome, Nov. 6.—The conditions of the armistice between the Entente nations and Austria are being carried out without delay. The Italian troops have begun to occupy the territory which will be held as a guarantee that the causes of the agreement will be observed. The ministry of marine announced today that Italian naval units had occupied the ports of Dulcigno and Antivari, Montenegro, on Monday.

## Subscribe for THE TIMES

30 Cts. per Month.

## SAN ANTONIO WOMEN AID LABOR CAMPAIGN

MAKE SPEECHES FROM TRUCK  
AND SECURE REGISTRATION  
OF WORKING MEN.

## Special to The Times.

San Antonio, Texas, Nov. 5.—With in the shadow of the Alamo, where Crockett, Bowie and Travis made one of the most brilliant pages in American history, the women of San Antonio today opened their campaign to take up the work of supplying the sinews of war to Pershing's legions in France. Accompanying the women, who rode in an army motor truck loaned for the occasion, was the Kelly Field Band and a number of entertainers who sang patriotic songs and helped distribute registration cards through the crowds which assembled about the party at every stopping place. The motor truck was decorated with huge banners bearing appropriate inscriptions telling of the need of men by the United States Employment Service for work in the nation's munitions and war products plants.

Mrs. W. S. Hendrick, in charge of the Women's Working Reserve, together with the several ladies of her committee, worked untiringly. Among the throng urging upon the men the necessity of responding to this call of the government Mrs. J. C. Griswold, Mrs. J. B. Dibrell and Mrs. H. H. Muliken spoke at intervals, together with Col. F. A. Chapa, Seth Searcy, A. P. Barrett and C. A. Davies. Mrs. Ed. Wulff spoke in Spanish in the Mexican quarter of the town.

The plea of the women met with response wherever the party went. They argued that there must be no slackening of effort because victory seems imminent. The soldiers must stay in France until the German kaiser is utterly vanquished, they said, and even if peace came the construction work would extend over a long period.

One of the women speakers compared the present status of the war with the ninth inning of a baseball game. She said Germany might run in some pinch hitters while the coaches were trying to bait the umpire. "The game is not over," she said, "until the last man is out, and this war is not over until the kaiser is out."

Another woman speaker said to the men assembled about the truck: "If you are doing something that an old man, a woman or a boy could do in your place, you should be in a munitions plant or an essential war products plant, and if you don't go you are just as bad as the fellow who tries to get out of military service."

The keynote of the whole campaign was "Don't desert the soldier now that he is winning the war." The speakers took occasion to explain the mission of the United States Employment Service and how necessary it is to the nation at this time as well as in normal times, and a better understanding of this division of the federal government was had at the conclusion of the campaign.

Tonight Federal Director H. W. Lewis said: "It is very gratifying to the service to see the work the women are doing in behalf of our campaign, and while we have not completed the compilation of the registration cards filed with the Women's Working Reserve, I am sure that the total will be in accord with the expectation we have always had when the women helped us."

The registration officers of the Women's Working Reserve who were actively engaged in the work today were: Mrs. A. C. Pancoast, Mrs. George Taliaferro, Mrs. Wallace Carahan and Mrs. J. T. Smith. At a late hour tonight they were still checking up their registration reports.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight rain. Thursday colder.

## Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 87 degs.  
Min. temp. 74 degs.  
General direction of wind: Southeast.  
Cloudy.



TEXAS AND SUGAR.

Mr. C. Merwin, of the Extension Service of the A. & M. College, has an interesting article in the recent bulletin of that service, in which he asks where Texas will get her sugar next year, and then answers it by declaring that Texas should raise her own sweets.

Mr. Merwin says that one-third of the world's supply of sugar, formerly produced in Germany and Austria, has been unavailable since the war began. Another one-fourth is unavailable because it is so far from Europe and America that the shortage of shipping facilities makes it unobtainable. This leaves less than half of the world's available export sugar within reasonable shipping distance of the important nations.

The supply which comes from Cuba and adjacent territory, formerly consumed entirely by the United States, is practically all the available supply. There is a small amount available from Hawaii and the Philippines, but all told this only represents 82 per cent of our available sugar supply.

Only 18 per cent of the available sugar supply was produced in the United States, 12 per cent being beet sugar and 6 per cent being cane sugar. And so small an amount of this is produced in Texas as to be almost negligible for even our own needs, to say nothing of what the country, our soldiers abroad and our allies need.

Yet a great part of our syrup, which we are now using to substitute for sugar, could be produced in Texas. Mr. Merwin estimates that about three and one-half gallons of syrup is equal to the 24 pounds of sugar per capita which was our allowance up to the end of October. And at the same ratio four and three-quarters gallons would equal the 26 pounds per capita which we are now allowed.

Estimating the average number of persons in a family as five, then the amount of syrup to equal our sugar allowance per family would be about 24 gallons a year. Mr. Merwin estimates that, placing the burden of production on one family in each five, the syrup producing family would have to produce 120 gallons each year to furnish themselves and the non-productive families. And this amount can be produced by growing three-quarters of an acre of ribbon cane (sugar cane) or an acre and a half of sorghum.

Ribbon cane can be grown successfully in East and South Texas, while sorghum can be produced anywhere in the state where general farming is practiced. Sorghum is grown even in Illinois and Michigan.

So it will be seen that were the burden of raising our own sweets to be placed upon the Texas farmers, we could readily produce them without cutting down our other crops. The cultivation of so small a patch of ribbon cane or sorghum would not be burdensome, and one would have the satisfaction of knowing that he was helping to place Texas beyond the necessity of "stealing candy from a child," as one of the authorities aptly puts it.

Mr. Merwin says that one result of the shortage of ribbon cane seed is the necessity for the East and South Texas farmer to save a portion of his crop this year for seed, instead of using it all in the production of syrup.

Sorghum seed has been badly mixed, and as a result it becomes necessary for each farmer to secure the best seed obtainable. The State Experiment Station is preparing to inaugurate a system of inspection which will prevent poor or mixed seed being sold to the farmers, the details of the plan to be announced later.

While some of the Laredo farmers are considering the question of what to do with their land after the onion crop is off, it might be well for them to try a few acres of ribbon cane. They might pool issues in the matter of equipment for syrup-making, and they would be helping their government, their soldiers and themselves by raising a part of the sweets they use, thus leaving much of the present available supply to be sent to Europe until the French and other nations can re-establish themselves in the beet-sugar industry.

There is, besides, a good deal of satisfaction in producing a part of what you consume, and not shipping away everything you grow to trade for some one else's products.

IMPERIAL REFUGEES.

The news that Emperor Charles and his wife have disappeared and are taking refuge somewhere in Hungary is of little importance in view of the fact that he was closely enough in touch with his government to refuse to sign the armistice agreement. It is apparent that his "flight" has not yet begun.

The latest rumor is to the effect that Emperor William has prepared a refuge in Switzerland, where he will occupy a regally furnished chalet as long as the allied powers will permit, while another rumor says that a castle in Sweden has been fitted up for the imperial residence and that William will secretly remove himself and his most valuable belongings to that Scandinavian retreat at the opportune moment.

Switzerland, no doubt, would like to have the baby-killer as a side show

when the American tourists again begin their annual pilgrimages, for the Swiss are thrifty enough to realize that a tidy sum might be realized by showing off the former lord and master of the German people at so much a head.

But the Swiss government is well aware that there is no place on earth where the German emperor will be permitted to remain after the peace terms are signed, sealed and delivered, unless it be a strongly barred prison.

The declaration that the German officers responsible for brutality during the war are to be brought to account is sufficient indication of what the allies will demand as to the overlord who commanded all the abuses which his subordinates committed.

It is stated—with what authority does not seem to be clear—that Sweden has been notified that in case the German emperor seeks refuge in that country Sweden will be called upon to surrender him to the allies. But it is doubtful if his own people ever permit him to leave Germany alive.

Shakespeare said "There is a divinity that doth hedge about a king," but there is nothing of that kind about William. Broken in spirit, shaken as to nerve, weakened in both body and mind, he would be a pitiful object did one not remember what untold misery he has caused throughout the world. And he was never inspiring in appearance. It was only the fawning German character that could ever see anything "divine" in his outward semblance. He had nothing winning in his character. He was abrupt and harsh in his speech, and those who knew him best were best aware of his faults.

If the allies demand his surrender, it may be that he will have strength of character sufficient to commit suicide. It would be the one redeeming act of a misspent life. But it is feared that he is not strong enough even for that.

Napoleon had a faith in his "star" which prevented him from thinking of suicide, for up to the time when his incurable malady weakened him he hoped for a rescue from some of his faithful subjects.

But William has demonstrated a prudence as to his personal safety which in one of his "unofficials" would be called cowardice. He has never taken the risks which the allied high command take almost daily. He is the first to reach a cellar when a bombardment begins, and it is in the deepest recesses that his entourage prepares his sleeping quarters.

It is just and right that the allied commanders should demand the punishment of the German officers who gave the orders which turned Belgium and France into a desert, and which made of every prison camp in German territory a rival to Dante's hell.

But when punishment is awarded, the prime instigator of all the crimes should not be forgotten. There is nothing of the divine or the majestic about this impotent cripple, William of Germany. He is a snarling beast, with his fangs drawn and his claws unslashed. He is not even facing his enemies with the desperation of the tiger in his lair. He is planning for a retirement to some secluded spot where, with the simple luxuries to which he has been accustomed, he can devote himself to writing another "Song of Aegir," or play with lead soldiers.

The surrender of the kaiser to the allied authorities—dead or alive—should be one of the terms of the peace treaties. And if he is man enough to kill himself, so much the better for us.

W. S. S.

ENCOUNTERING SLACKERS RIGHT HERE IN THIS CITY

Soliciting Committee of United War Fund Campaign Have Run Across Slackers Among Business Men.

The soliciting committee of the United War Work Campaign of Webb county today notified Chairman Charles Deutz that they have encountered several slackers among Laredo business men—slackers in their duty in helping out Webb county over the top in the campaign which opens next Monday, these business men refusing to come across with the amounts allotted to them.

It is true the business men of Laredo have been liberal in their responses to all campaigns for war funds, but in this campaign they should be liberal once more, for the funds being raised are for the benefit of seven great organizations engaged in war work activities, and "our boys" will benefit from every cent donated to the cause. Therefore let those who have turned down the committee give the matter a second thought and send for the committee to call again and they will do their part. The money being raised in the coming campaign is for the benefit of Protestant, Catholic and Jew alike—there is no distinction for we are all united now to win the war and the dawn of victory has already appeared and we have the Huns on the run deserted by their former allies. The Huns are running so fast that it takes aeroplanes to keep up with the American boys and supply them with rations while engaged in the greatest marathon the world ever knew.

Subscribe for THE TIMES 50 cts. per month.



Looking the Part and Being the Part Go Hand in Hand

TO dress immaculately is a strong recommendation of yourself. In these busy times, first impressions count more than ever.

Don't set up a resistance to your progress by wearing characterless clothes. If you dress that way you will often go unnoticed no matter how much ability you may have.

Buy the best and avoid regrets, for there is nothing better in fabric, fit and workmanship than

Society Brand Clothes

Ambition wears Society Brand because these Overcoats and Suits make a man's progress quicker and easier. He goes farther and so does his clothes-money.

Come in and see the new attractions. Look for the label Society Brand—the maker's pledge.

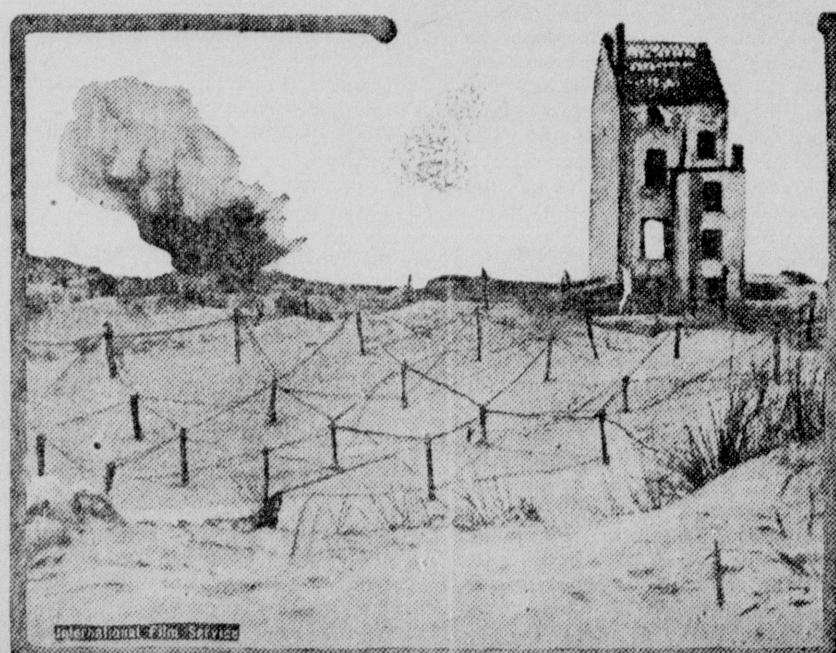
La Bella Jardinera Merc. Co.

1113 Iturbide St.

"Style Headquarters"—Where Society Brand Clothes are Sold

| ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.   | IN THE DAY'S NEWS.  | TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.   |
|--|---|--|
| <p>NOVEMBER 7.</p> <p>Gaza taken by the British expedition in Palestine.</p> <p>King George proclaimed January 6 as a day for prayer and thanksgiving.</p> <p>American War Mission, headed by Col. House, arrived in Europe for inter-allied conference.</p> | <p>NOVEMBER 7.</p> <p>Maj. Gen. Charles G. Treat, U. S. A., who is leading the American troops in the Italian drive, always has been a popular officer, popular as commander at Fort Myers, Va., popular at the War College, popular as a member of the general staff. He was born in Maine but was appointed to West Point from Wisconsin, grad-</p> | <p>NOVEMBER 7.</p> <p>1800—Platt R. Spencer, originator of the Spencerian method of penmanship, born at East Fishkill, N. Y. Died May 16, 1864.</p> <p>1843—William Frederick I. King of the Netherlands, died in Berlin. Born in The Hague, Aug. 1772.</p> <p>1850—King Victor Emmanuel entered Naples in state.</p> <p>1868—Opening of the railway bridge across the Mississippi River at Quincy, Ill.</p> <p>1878—Remains of the late A. T. Stewart, millionaire merchant, mysteriously stolen from the vault in St. Mark's churchyard, New York city.</p> <p>1893—Twenty-four lives lost in a collision of two steamships in Lake Huron.</p> <p>1914—Japanese captured Kiauchau.</p> <p>1915—Russians extended offensive west of Riga and south of Dvinsk.</p> <p>1916—American steamship Columbian sunk by German submarine off coast of Spain.</p> |

SHELL FROM HUN NAVAL GUN EXPLODING



Germany, in her dire need for heavy guns, has taken the larger and more powerful guns from her ships and placed them behind the lines. Here is shown a shell from one of the German naval guns exploding behind the French lines.

UNITED WAR FUND CAMPAIGN WILL OPEN ON NEXT MONDAY

Texas Boys Tells of Noble Work Being Done by War Workers to Make the Soldier Boys Comfortable.

That the money being raised for the various organizations doing noble war work by the United War Work Campaign, which begins next Monday, will be used for purposes of good for our boys, is attested in letters that are constantly coming from the front telling of the great work being done by the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, the Jewish Welfare League, the Salvation Army, War Camp Community Service and the American Library Association.

The best proof in the world of what the war welfare agencies are doing for the soldiers is found in the hundreds of thousands of letters written by the soldiers themselves, received by the folks back home, printed in the local papers and in the readers' columns of many of the leading magazines. Here is an extract from a typical letter, written by a boy from Waco, Texas:

"I am in an officers' club of the Y. 'somewhere over here.' If ever the Y. or any of the other organizations over here working among the boys to help make things more comfortable, want a gilt-edged testimonial, a la Tanlac, or better, they can get it from any and every member of Mr. Pershing's A. E. F. They are on the job everywhere. I have been to some mighty out-of-the-way places, but they always had their tent up and were 'putting out' as soon as we got there. They have sporting equipment for us, every where, which we could not bring, and the boys would never get any writing material without their aid. They're the best friend the enlisted man has and they are doing a wonderful work. I have often wished that some of the few Waco folks, who gave their few \$50.00 begrudgingly when we camped there, could see the Texas and Waco boys as they reap the dividends of those few dollars.

"But the best thing they ever did happened the other day. We were billeted in a little French town and everything was nice and easy as could be. We were learning French from the French girls and everyone was making us welcome. Then orders came for the brigade to pull out next day on foot, and it wasn't good old Texas hiking either, but the men carried everything they could on their packs and it was up hill all the way. We finally made camp, and a tired bunch, too, and up for an all-day affair next day. Well, the Y. M. C. A. man was there before us, with chocolate, chewing gum, and cigarettes, and three real honest-to-God American girls, the first we had seen for a month and a half."

W. S. S.

Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She Cured Her Son of a Cold.

"When my son Ellis was sick with a cold last winter I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Homer City, Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take.

W. S. S.

MISS ELISABETH BREWER of Columbia University, New York, wishes to announce the opening of her Studio in the People's Pharmacy, where she will give lessons in basketry, fancy dress costume and novel table decoration. Miss Brewer also furnishes complete plans for dinners, luncheons and parties.

Class hours:—9 to 11:30 A. M. and 2 to 4:30 P. M.

Why Putter With Corns? Use "Gets-It"

Common-Sense, Simple, Never Fails.

You can tear out your corns and suffer, or you can peel off your corns and smile. The joy-peeling way is the "Gets-It" way. It is the only happy, painless way in the world. Two drops



"Get the Drop" on That Corn—Use "Gets-It" and the Corn Is a "Goner!"

of "Gets-It" on any corn or callus dries it off at once. The corn finally loosens off from the toe, so that you can peel it off with your fingers in one piece, painlessly, like peeling a banana. "Great stuff, wish I'd done that before." There's only one corn-peeler—"Gets-It." Toes wrapped up big with tape and band-aids, toes squirming from irritating salves, it's all barbarity. Toes wounded by razors and knives, that's butchery, ridiculous, unnecessary, dangerous. Use "Gets-It," the liberty way—simple, painless, always sure. Take no chances. Get "Gets-It." Don't be insulted by imitations. See that you get "Gets-It," back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at any drug store. Sold by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill. Sold in Laredo and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by Horner's Pharmacy, City Drug Co.

MANY MEXICAN DELEGATES WILL ATTEND CONFERENCE

SPECIAL TRAINLOAD WILL ARRIVE HERE FROM SALTILLO.

President Gompers, Secretary Morrison and Other Prominent Men Coming; is Laredo Prepared for Them?

Advices just received here by C. N. Ildar, the local representative of the American Federation of Labor in charge of arrangements for the meeting of the Executive Council of the Federation on Monday next, followed by the International Labor Conference, which meets on Wednesday next for a session of three days, states that the hundred or more representatives and officials of the Mexican Confederation of Labor will assemble in Saltillo on Saturday and on Sunday will leave there on a special train for Laredo, arriving here on Sunday or perhaps they may remain over in Nuevo Laredo until Monday morning and cross to the American side on that day.

Nuevo Laredo is preparing a grand reception and entertainment for the Mexican labor representatives, these arrangements now being made by a committee composed of military, federal and civilians of that city appointed at a mass meeting held in the city across the way on Saturday night. What entertainment the citizens of Laredo will provide for the representative men who will come here to attend the executive council meeting and the great conference, including President Samuel Gompers and Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor and other prominent men, has not yet been announced.

The meeting of both the executive council and the International Labor Conference will be held in the Latin-American Club building, and the members of the Latin-American Club are preparing a reception and entertainment program for the sons of labor while they are in this city. The meeting here next week will put Laredo very much in the limelight, as it promises to be the greatest meeting held in the history of organized labor, with representatives here from various parts of the United States, Mexico, Central and South America, and it behooves the citizens of Laredo to get busy and show these representatives a good time while they are in our midst, as many newspaper men will be here to herald broadcast throughout the land the results of the meeting and how Laredo treated the delegates while they are here.

W. S. S.

PARR CLAIMS ELECTION. This forenoon at 11:14 o'clock B. J. Leyendecker received the following telegram from Benavides: "My majority more than five hundred. Shake." ARCHIE PARR.

W. S. S.

METTING OF SCHOOL BOARD ON YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

Appointment of Teachers Approved; Schools Will Observe Thanksgiving by Having a Holiday.

The regular monthly meeting of the board of trustees of the Laredo Independent School District was held yesterday afternoon at the Central School building and several important matters came up for consideration. The board approved the action of City Superintendent L. J. Christen in appointing new teachers to fill vacancies.

By unanimous action, it was decided that the schools would observe Thanksgiving Day, November 28, by remaining closed on that date.

W. S. S.

CONTINGENT TO TRAINING CAMP LEAVES ON MONDAY

Thirty-five Men From This County; Provost Marshal General Issues Call for Limited Service Men.

A contingent of thirty-five registrants from this county will leave here for Camp Travis on next Monday forenoon, these being selected from the examinations to be held by the local draft board on Saturday afternoon, when about forty-five registrants between the ages of nineteen and thirty-six years of age will appear for physical examinations.

Provost Marshal General Crowder has issued a call for 18,000 draft registrants physically qualified for limited service to entrain for camps between November 25-27, but so far no call for such men has been made from Webb county, although the members of the board state that they have a few of such registrants who can readily be summoned if the call comes.

W. S. S.

Notice. All members of the Webb County Chapter of the American Red Cross, who are in arrears must forfeit the privilege of voting and of holding office unless dues are paid before the afternoon of November 20th.

ANITA BRULARD, Sec'y. 11-7-31.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



From Friday's Daily.

**VICTORY GIRLS AND BOYS  
HOLD RALLY ON THE PLAZA**

Addresses Made by Rev. Cook and Mr. Trujillo, Boys and Girls Sang and Music by Band.

Yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock on Jarvis Plaza the members of the Victory Girls and Boys, who will take part in the United War Work Campaign to be launched on Monday, held a rousing rally, during which speeches were made by Rev. C. W. Cook in English and Mr. Trujillo in Spanish, both speakers making plain the purposes of the forthcoming campaign and arousing much enthusiasm in the impending work.

On Wednesday Rev. Cook, Mrs. Ira O'Meara, Mrs. J. A. Burnett and Mrs. Sue Smith visited the different public schools of the city and made short addresses to the pupils, while Mrs. M. P. Cullinan and Mr. Trujillo did similar work in the Catholic schools. All speakers awakened enthusiasm among teachers and pupils and the rally yesterday demonstrated the fact that young America was ready to do its part to win the war.

The Thirty-seventh Infantry Band furnished music during the rally, while the High School boys and girls and Boy Scouts interspersed the speaking with patriotic songs especially arranged for the occasion and also gave their school yells. The Laredo Seminary pupils and teachers attended the rally in a body and showed the same enthusiasm as the others. The Victory Girls and Boys, strongly and systematically organized, will enter the campaign for subscriptions to the War Work Campaign on Monday with a vim and determination that is bound to bring excellent results in putting Webb county "over the top" on the opening day of the campaign.

**W. S. S.**

**BIG RALLY TUESDAY NIGHT  
TO BE HELD AT MARKET HALL**

Chairman C. F. Kenney of Speakers' Bureau, Secures Rev. Wharton and Field Orator Wright.

Dr. C. F. Kenney, chairman of the speakers' bureau of the United War Work Campaign in Webb county, has completed arrangements for a big rally of Laredo citizens at Market Hall on next Tuesday evening beginning at 8 o'clock in behalf of the United War Work Campaign.

Rev. L. H. Wharton who recently returned from the French battlefield to recuperate from the effects of being gassed, will make an address and here is an opportunity to hear the truth of conditions on the battlefield as witnessed by a Laredo minister. His talk promises to be one of the most vivid descriptions and interesting addresses ever heard here. Following Rev. Wharton, who is a member of the Y. M. C. A., an address will be made by Mr. Wright, sent out by the state director of the campaign, and a talk will also be made in Spanish by an orator to be selected later. Everybody is invited to attend the rally and hear Rev. Wharton tell of what he actually saw among our boys "over there," and also some things about the Germans.

**W. S. S.**

**THE VARIOUS CHAIRMEN  
ARE READY FOR THE WORK**

Meeting of War Work Committee Will Be Held at the Market Hall Tomorrow Afternoon 3 O'clock.

The following is a list of the chairmen of the various soliciting committees of the United War Work Campaign who will begin their work on Monday morning next, and who, with their co-workers and all others interested, are urged to attend a meeting of committees to be held at the Market Hall tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock:

Messdames C. S. McKinney, E. J. Foster, E. E. Sharkey, L. Purwin, I. Goodman, Ira O'Meara, F. W. Mally, R. L. Muller, August C. Richter, A. S. J. Tucker, D. Z. Windrow, Sue Smith, A. Martin, F. Gilbreath, H. D. Shelby, Sam Mackin, C. C. Jeffries, B. Hild, A. J. Elstetter, R. A. Millar, Chester Nye, Lucy D. Moon.

Messrs. M. M. Leyendecker, G. R. Weber, Gus Becker, R. S. Dixon, R. A. Millar, A. Wormser, Stanley Copeland, F. A. Mathes, P. A. Kerr, S. E. Woods, W. L. Gaylor, Joe Moser, F. A. Lattig, S. E. Leonard, J. C. Netzer, Sam Mackin, J. N. Borroum, L. Joseph, A. Deutz, Charles Richter, T. C. Mann, J. R. Moore, N. C. Windrow, Leo Purwin.

**W. S. S.**

**SAFE TEST.**

For those who are in need of a remedy for kidney troubles and backache, it is a good plan to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They are strongly recommended by Laredo people.

Frank Camille, prop. cigar factory, 1919 Hidalgo St., says: "The passages of the kidney secretions were too frequent and I had pains in my back when I stoop over. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and the pains in my back stopped and my kidneys became normal."

AFTER A LAPSE OF OVER THREE YEARS Mr. Camille said: "I haven't had to use a kidney medicine in the past few years. Doan's Kidney Pills have permanently cured me."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Camille had. Foster Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

**SOCIAL CALENDAR.**

**Friday.**

The Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls will hold their regular weekly meeting with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular monthly meeting of the Girls of Honor Guard will be held at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Mrs. Hugh Cluck.

**Saturday.**  
The Red Cross Hospital Supply Room will be open from 4 until 6 o'clock in the afternoon, with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor in charge.

**The Optimist.**  
I know a summer garden  
Where many flowers bloom.  
It's like the sunny gladness  
Of a dear old-fashioned room.

Dry weather does not harm it,  
There can't be too much rain,  
And every shadow seems to sing  
"The sun will shine again!"

I know a winter garden—  
It's this same garden, too!  
Where cold winds never hurt the  
flowers—  
Yes, what I say is true!

And there, when snows are very deep  
And ice is in the air,  
Tho' other blossoms are all asleep  
Are flowers everywhere.

The birds sing every morning  
And nest among the trees,  
And rest comes sailing in at eve  
Upon a fragrant breeze.

In summer, it is never hot,  
In winter never cold,  
And though the years sweep by its  
walls  
It never will grow old!

You think my garden's in a book—  
A child of dreamy art!  
But you are wrong. It flourishes  
In many a happy heart!

**General Mention.**  
Julius W. Derby of Monterey is a visitor in the city.

Mr. L. H. Brunf of Bruni is spending a few days in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver of Ashton are recent arrivals in the city. Mr. Oliver is with the City Drug Store.

Mrs. H. D. Shelby has returned from San Diego, where she has been visiting her son and family, who have been ill with influenza, but are now improving.

Mrs. J. D. Merriman, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Stanley Houser of San Antonio, for the past three weeks, is expected home the latter part of the week.

Lieut. and Mrs. Owen Lighter of Fort McIntosh have apartments at the Belmont.

Mrs. P. A. Kerr is expecting her mother, Mrs. Dow of Pearsall, to arrive this week for a visit.

The many friends of Mrs. J. E. Hill will be glad to learn that she is now able to be out of the hospital and has apartments at the Hamilton.

Miss Sue Brennan arrived yesterday from San Marcos for a visit to relatives. She is just over the influenza and came home to recuperate.

**The Presbyterian Ladies Aid Society.**  
The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church held a very interesting gathering yesterday afternoon at the church. After a lesson of "Foreign Missions," a short business session was held. Those present were Messdames Lattig, Sweatman, Pratt, Gray, Sutton and Mrs. H. W. Earnest. The next meeting will take place in two weeks at the home of Mrs. N. C. Windrow.

**Victory Rally.**  
The committees in charge of the rally yesterday afternoon at Jarvis Plaza were more than pleased with the success of the meeting. The 37th Infantry Band played the following selections which were led in song by Mrs. R. C. MacDonald: "There's a Big Campaign A-Coming," "Pull For Victory," "Pack Up Your Dollars," "God Bless Our Noble Men," "Katy," "Victory Girls" and "Victory Boys." Every one present seemed to be in the right mood for singing and the music makers were never in better

**TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.**

NOVEMBER 8.

1715—Elizabeth Christina, wife of Frederick the Great, born in Brunswick. Died Jan. 13, 1797.

1772—William Wirt, attorney-general of the United States 1817-29, born at Bladensburg, Md. Died in Washington, D. C., Feb. 18, 1834.

1820—William R. Davie, governor of North Carolina and father of the State university, died at Camden, S. C. Born in England, June 20, 1756.

1855—Emperor Alexander II of Russia visited his army in the Crimea.

1864—Gen. George B. McClellan resigned his command in the Federal army.

1893—Francis Parkman, celebrated historian, died in Boston. Born there, Sept. 16, 1823.

1902—Reciprocity treaty between the United States and Newfoundland signed.

1914—Russians penetrated into Prussia along the left bank of the Vistula.

1915—Montenegrins held the Austrians in check on the extreme west of the Balkan front.

1916—Heavy Austrian bombardment compelled the Italians to evacuate their advanced posts in the Trentino.

**W. S. S.**

**The Word "Nigger."**

Irvin Cobb, who is a southerner, has seen the negro troops abroad, and expressed the view that the old offensive designation of "nigger" will disappear from popular use. As a colloquial term "nigger" may not entirely disappear, even though it should cease to imply contempt. And even now "nigger" is not always a contemptuous term, but is frequently used good-humoredly by white people and negroes themselves. Moreover, there is often less significance in the choice of words than in the spirit that is put into them. People who are most sarcastic and lily-calcious or ill-natured are often careful to preserve the utmost elegance of language.—Springfield Republican.

**W. S. S.**  
There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by Druggists, etc.  
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

**W. S. S.**  
form. It touched the hearts of many who heard these singers, as it carried them to that faraway land where our boys are making history by their brave and gallant efforts to free an oppressed people. Think of having to lie in little scooped-out holes to try and keep out of range of the shells. Suppose we were in dugouts and only had one hour of daylight each day, no fires nor lights, and every nerve stretched, waiting and listening for the things that befall those who are on the firing line. Can we measure our little bit put in dollars against the lives and blood these gallant ones are giving? and giving so bravely and so joyously, for they go into battle with songs. Greater love hath no man than he give his life for a friend. So, dear fellow men, let us unite in prayers and efforts for those boys of ours in France, and let us endeavor to make each call that comes to us go "over the top" and crown it all with love and cheerfulness of spirit, for we can never do the thousandth part they are doing that we may keep our home fires burning.

**Club Notes.**

The following clipping will be of interest to the new clubs that are being formed in Laredo, to be known as Victory Girls and Victory Boys:

How can you get more money to save? In some cases parents will give you more money—perhaps a small sum regularly, since it is to be saved. But in war time, parents are already under extra financial burdens. What other sources of money are there for you? Earning, of course. The law properly forbids regular employment of children under 14 years of age, but older school boys can often earn by running errands, by taking care of furnaces, lawns, and gardens, by cleaning rugs, etc., after school and on Saturdays; country boys, by care of poultry, a pig, an acre of corn, etc. Girls may care for children, do errands, assist in their own or some other household, by sewing, marketing, cooking, canning, collecting and selling waste material and the like. Think of some way you can earn and ask your parents' advice about it. Should you expect to be paid for helping at home? Certainly not. In the home we do for one another freely; but your parents may be willing to hire you to do some special work which they usually hire done.

**W. S. S.**  
Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

**IN READINESS FOR BAZAAR  
TO BE HELD SOLDIERS CLUB**

Novel Features Will Be Attraction at the Big Event Which Will Start at Soldiers Club Next Week.

While the boys "over there" and chasing the kaiser's forces and administering them a shower of death, at the Soldiers Club "over here" the boys and girls will be biffing the image of the kaiser on the snoot with base balls and trying to raise knots on his think factory that would put a phenologist to shame to locate the bumps that secrete the mysteries of the future.

The bazaar will have many amusing features for the young and old and all who go there will find many games to while away the time, unless they want to attend a modern cabaret, a western cage, a Southern plantation, etc., for there will be divers attractions there. The bazaar will open on Wednesday and continue in "session" for several days in charge of Robert E. Easting, who at one time conducted a school on "How to Run a Bazaar a la Bazaar Style."

**W. S. S.**

**SALT PETER IS AVAILABLE  
NOW FOR CURING PURPOSES**

Those Desiring the Preservative for Hog Killing Time Can Now Get It Through Local Agents.

Hog killing time is approaching and soon the farmers will begin calling on the merchants for saltpetre to use in curing their meat.

Saltpetre (potassium nitrate) is used extensively in the manufacture of explosives, and is covered by the Federal Explosives Act of Oct. 6, 1917, which provides that certain explosives ingredients will not be sold in quantities of an ounce or more unless the purchaser produces a license. Quantities of less than an ounce, however, may be purchased without a license.

Those desiring to buy saltpetre to use in curing meat can obtain it in sufficient quantity to meet their requirements by taking out an explosive license, the cost of which is only 25 cents. J. A. Rodriguez and J. A. Ortiz of Laredo are the local explosives licensing agents, to whom they should apply for the necessary license.

Merchants should call the attention of their customers to this matter, so they may not be caught unprepared. This law also covers all kinds of explosives and explosive ingredients, and any and all violations of the law should be reported promptly to Charles B. Watters, U. S. Explosives Inspector, San Antonio, Texas.

**W. S. S.**

**POINTS ABOUT PEACE TREATIES.**

As a rule formal ratification of a peace treaty is expected and necessary to make it valid.

Peace treaties are usually written by hand throughout, sealed with many seals and bound with green silk ribbon.

Peace treaties bind the signatory powers either when they are signed or when they are ratified. They bind individuals when they receive news that such treaties have been made.

The rulers of the signatory powers don't affix their signatures of seals to peace treaties entered into by them. This important formality is carried out by specially accredited peace commissioners.

Each nation entering into a peace agreement is bound by all of the terms agreed upon by its peace commissioners, provided it cannot be shown that such commissioners did not expressly violate the instructions given them.

The effect of a peace treaty is to put an end not only to a war, but also to all complaints relating to the subject for which war was undertaken. A new war can be undertaken for similar causes of complaint, but not for the same. The peace is an oblivion or amnesty of all past difficulties.

Latin originally was the language in which all peace treaties involving Christian powers were written. Later French was generally adopted as the language for such agreements, but nowadays it is customary for copies of the treaty to be prepared in the language of each of the signatory powers.

Each signatory power is given an original copy of the peace treaty. In addition, it is customary to make and sign several certified copies of the treaty for convenience. The original copies are kept securely locked up in the archives of the different countries, while the certified copies are used for printing from and for reference.

It is customary for each copy of a peace treaty to begin with the words, "In the Name of the Most Holy and Undivided Trinity." It is also customary, however, to make exception in the case of Turkey and other Mohammedan countries, the copies of their treaties being altered to read: "In the Name of Allah the Almighty God."

Peace treaties are not written straight across the page, or pages, like ordinary documents. They are written parallel columns, each column being in the language of one of the signatory powers. The text of each of these columns is an exact translation of the text of all the other columns, and the utmost care is taken in the selection of words that will convey identical shades of meaning.

# PRESIDENT WILSON DENIES THAT HE HAS WITHHELD INFORMATION AS TO ARMISTICE

**Official Statement by Secretary Lansing Declares that as Soon as News is Received of Definite Decision It will be Given to the Public by the Administration Without the Slightest Delay.**

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The secretary of state requests that the greatest possible display be given the following statement:

"I am requested and authorized by the president to state that no information reaching this government concerning the armistice negotiations in France has been withheld, that any statement to the contrary is utterly false and that as soon as a definite decision with regard to the armistice has been received it will be immediately made public by the government."

**Foch Rejects Proposal.**

London, Nov. 8.—A German proposal for an immediate provisional suspension of hostilities has been rejected by Marshal Foch.

**Have 72 Hours to Answer.**

Paris, Nov. 8.—An official note issued this afternoon says that the German delegates arrived this morning at Marshal Foch's headquarters. They made a formal demand for an armistice. The text of the conditions of the allies was read and delivered to them. They asked a cessation of arms, which was refused. The enemy has 72 hours in which to answer.

**Not Yet Signed.**

Washington, Nov. 8.—At 8 o'clock this morning state and war department officials who had kept an all night vigil had received no information that the German plenipotentiaries had signed the armistice terms. The officials do not expect definite news of Germany's decision for several hours.

**Wilson Will Announce It.**

Washington, Nov. 8.—The state department was authorized at the White House shortly after 10 o'clock this morning that whenever the word came of signing the armistice in France, President Wilson would announce it immediately.

**Trying to Cloud Issue.**

Paris, Nov. 8.—The text of wireless exchanges between Marshal Foch and the German high command show signs that Germany is still determined to cloud the issue in every way, apparently with the object of at least gaining time if nothing else, say the morning papers.

**German Delegates Arrive.**

Paris, Nov. 8.—The German armistice delegates came within the French lines last night to receive from Marshal Foch the allied terms for an armistice, proceeding this morning to the meeting place designated by Marshal Foch. They arrived within the French lines at 10 o'clock last night, reaching the place of meeting at 2 o'clock this morning, where they passed the remainder of the night. If the credentials of the German delegates are found adequate, they will be informed officially of the terms of armistice and notified that they are limited to 72 hours time in which to reply.

**Now in Conference.**

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**In Possession of Mutineers.**

London, Nov. 8.—The greater part of the German navy, with red flags hoisted, has left the harbor of Kiel in possession of the mutinous sailors.

**Red Flag at Warnemunde.**

Copenhagen, Nov. 8.—It is reported that the revolutionary flag has been hoisted at Warnemunde, with which place railroad communication has been interrupted.

**Prince Henry Flies Red Flag.**

Copenhagen, Nov. 8.—Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of Emperor Wil-

**ONE YEAR AGO TODAY**

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Flight of Premier Kerensky from Petrograd and arrest of other members of the provisional government.

Lieuts. Hans Berg and Loeschner, who escaped from Internment camp at Fort McPherson, Ga., arrested at Laredo, Texas.

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**NATIONAL BANK STATEMENTS.**

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The comptroller of the currency today issued a call for statements of the condition of all national banks at the close of business Friday, November 1.

**W. S. S.**

**COTTON GINNED.**

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The census bureau today announced that cotton ginned prior to November 1 amounted to 7,793,613 bales, including 120,343 round bales and 15,780 bales of Sea Island.

**W. S. S.**

**TODAY'S EVENTS.**

1561st day of the Great War.  
Fifty years ago today Col. Henry Watterson assumed the editorial chair of the Louisville Courier-General.

Thirty-eight years ago today Mrs. Sarah Bernhardt made her American debut at Booth's Theater, New York City.

Under the auspices of the American Federation of Labor a great mass meeting is to be held in the Chicago Auditorium tonight to honor the return to America of President Samuel Gompers.

The first of a series of win-the-war conventions which the League to Enforce Peace has arranged to hold in various sections of the United States is to open a three-day session at Madison, Wis., today, under the auspices of the University of Wisconsin.

The new Lord Mayor of London will be sworn into office today, which ceremony will be preliminary to the time-honored street pageant known as the "The Lord Mayor's show," which will take place tomorrow, to be followed in the evening with a banquet at Guildhall at which Premier Lloyd George is expected to have something important to say concerning the war and the prospects for peace.

**W. S. S.**

**WEATHER FORECAST.**

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Saturday generally fair; cooler.

**Local Weather Report.**  
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 86 degs.  
Min. 72 degs.  
General direction of wind: Southeast.

**W. S. S.**

**IN THE DAY'S NEWS.**

NOVEMBER 8.

Sixty years old today is Lawrence Y. Sherman, junior, United States senator from Illinois and "the man who looks like Lincoln." Mr. Sherman has lived in Illinois since 1859, less than a year after his birth in Miami County, Ohio. He was admitted to the bar in 1879 and began the practice of law in Macomb in 1882, where he was later elected city attorney and after serving two years became judge of McDonough County. In 1896 he was first elected to the legislature and served four successive terms. From 1904 to 1908 he was lieutenant-governor of Illinois and in 1912 he was elected to succeed Shelby M. Cullom in the United States senate. Among his colleagues Senator Sherman is known as an alert, quick-thinking man with the gift of oratory and a natural fund of humor sprinkled with satire and dry wit.



## FAKING THE NEWS.

Just whom to blame for the shameful attempt to fool the American people into believing that the German armistice had been signed is not yet clear, but those guilty should be sought out and punished.

It is believed by many that it was a part of the German propaganda, with the design of slacking up the American efforts at a time when a great money-raising campaign is about to begin. But so far, while many were deceived into extravagant demonstrations of joy, the American people are as determined as ever to make each victory count, and are not going to quit until the peace treaties are signed, if even then.

The news was of a nature to inspire and stimulate every citizen to better work at home while our troops are doing such good work abroad. It was not calculated to dishearten any true American, even though it might have been intended to make us all sit back complacently and say: "Well, it's all over now."

Since our entrance into the war there have been many attempts to fake news, some of them with the clear intention of disheartening our people, while others were merely for the purpose of securing a "scoop" over the rival news agencies.

Whatever the purpose, there is something absolutely criminal in giving out false news. Aside from the fact that "a lie is an abomination in the sight of the Lord," the making of false statements in the daily press has a twofold result; that of "causing great mental anguish," as the law phrases it, and of discrediting the source of the news (?) in future.

During the troubles on the Mexican border there were some correspondents who deliberately invented or falsified the news in order to gain money, as well as fame. They succeeded in getting some pay for their crooked work, but instead of fame, they reaped infamy. Some of them can never again secure a position with a reputable newspaper or news agency, and they have no one but themselves to blame for it.

The German propaganda has been responsible for much false news. Not so much in this country since we entered the war as in other countries. It is becoming known, even to the over-confident German agents, that the American people have a custom of sifting the news, and the intelligent American newspaper reader can usually sift the chaff from the wheat.

Naturally, a lie is of no value unless it is believed. The men who tell "fish stories" at the club do not expect to be believed, and no harm is done by their stories, except to make them accustomed to stretching things until they can hardly distinguish between the truth and—a fish story.

But the German professional liar is out for game. He does not care how impossible his stories are if the people, or at least a part of them, will believe them. He even varies his stories from time to time in order that they may at least bear the semblance of truth.

Just who was responsible for the report that the German delegates had signed the armistice terms when as a matter of fact they had not yet reached the French lines is hard to discover. He must have had one of the two motives presented above. Either financial gain or a desire to injure the American people and help the German cause.

To put a stop to all such rumors in the future, President Wilson has promised to inform the public the moment he receives the news that the German delegates have accepted the armistice terms. And naturally he will be one of the first to know it, as our cable communication with France is perfect, and the allied war council will want to know the result of the conference at the earliest possible moment.

The Germans want all the delay they can get. The report that they are taking advantage of a lull to remove as many of their units and guns as possible indicates that they are not so willing to quit as we are asked to believe. They merely want to keep us from crushing them now, in the hope of being able to come back in case the negotiations for peace fail.

Don't be deceived by any more false reports as to the German willingness to sign a peace agreement. They merely want a breathing spell, and our troops are determined they shall not have it. And don't believe they have quit until President Wilson tells you so.

## GERMAN MUTINY.

At length the German worm has turned, and if it is anything like the sort that infested the fair lands of Belgium and France, it is probable that it will turn into one of the most venomous snakes that has ever troubled Europe.

The German is a blusterer; he is cowardly when faced by a determined foe, and like all cowards, he is dangerous when forced into a corner from which there is no escape. And like the snake which was warned in a man's bosom, he is apt to sting the one who cherished him.

The German people have been as badly exploited as the citizens of Belgium or Poland. They have been lied to, robbed, starved and abused, in order that the fiction of "superior birth and breeding" might be kept up

and the kaiser and his pets be maintained in luxury.

They have slavishly submitted and have stood it all to the last, in the hope that when the emperor secured his place in the sun, he would give them at least the core. But now that they find that "there ain't goin' to be any core," they are imitating the rats that desert the sinking ship, only waiting long enough to set their fangs in something—anything—as a last desperate attempt to revenge themselves.

The mutiny of the greater part of the sailors at Kiel is serious from two standpoints; it demonstrates that the German empire is in serious straits and it shows that the people are beginning to rise against their masters.

Only those who are familiar with the absolute, unreasoning obedience of the German soldier or sailor can realize what this mutiny means. And it is by no means certain that these mutinous sailors are content to die if they can only for once in their lives refuse to obey orders. It shows that they are willing to take a risk in the attempt to free themselves forever from their overlords.

What the mutineers will do with the vessels seized and sailed out to sea is problematical. They may surrender to the allied fleet—in which case they would not have to go far—or they may beach or sink the ships. In either case, they will do the cause of the kaiser as much harm as they can, and that appears to be their underlying motive.

For that matter, the lot of the German sailor has been a hard one. The only active service he could hope for was on a submarine. He was condemned to lie in port and do all sorts of service not laid down in the regulations. The food was insufficient and of poor quality. The lack of coal made it impossible for the sailors ashore to obtain sufficient fuel to keep themselves warm in winter, and only aboard the ships could they be assured of a comfortable night's sleep.

And they were obliged to "stand to quarters" on every alarm—and the alarms were not few or infrequent—for it was not known when the British fleet might make an attack.

Worried by frequent air attacks, the great fleet was forced to lie inactive, for on the one occasion of their putting to sea in battle formation, they were disastrously whipped and forced to retire. Ever since the battle off Jutland the German navy has been awaiting the order for sailing which never came.

Now that the men realize that the end is near, they are determined to either strike one blow for the Fatherland they have been taught to worship, or surrender and make an end of the war.

It must be remembered that the navy is honeycombed with secret societies. The men have been listening to the siren song of the socialists for several years past, and their very environments lend themselves to the propaganda.

The mutiny of the German navy indicates the coming disintegration of the empire. When insubordination once enters a great organization and is not immediately suppressed, there is an end of discipline. The success of the present mutiny will cause another—probably of greater proportions—in the army, and unless the peace terms are promptly accepted, revolution will end the war, more quickly than the hostile forces which the Germans have come to fear as nothing else in the world.

## SOLDIERS' BAZAAR STARTS AT SOLDIERS CLUB MONDAY

Features Both Old and New Will Be on the Program and Thousands Are Expected to Enjoy Event.

Robert E. Essing, who will be in charge of the big event for the Soldiers' Club, announces that everything will be in readiness for the opening of the big bazaar on the second floor and roof garden of the Soldiers' Club on next Wednesday evening, and he expects several thousand soldiers and civilians to visit the bazaar and enjoy the many attractions offered on the opening night.

Assisted by a number of soldier boys Mr. Essing has worked hard to get everything in shape to give the people of Laredo one of the grandest events of the kind ever staged here, and there will be many innovations introduced at this bazaar that have never before been witnessed here. There will be all kinds of amusements for old and young alike—games, entertainments, contests, cabaret shows, etc. Together with these will be combined ye olden time plantation minstrels, catchy songs and music, etc. Kaiser Bill will be there and balls will be thrown at him, and those who make a hit will be given prizes, while those who miss will be classed bad marksmen, for it is an accepted habit now for Americans to hit anything bearing the brand of kultur and those who emulate it.

Turn out to the bazaar in force and help the Soldiers Club to make a grand success of the affair financially and otherwise. You will get your full money's worth, enjoy the event and also help a worthy cause.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

## GRAND RALLY AND PARADES WILL BE HELD NEXT MONDAY

JOINT CELEBRATION WILL BE HELD ON JARVIS PLAZA.

Fourth Liberty Loan Flag to Be Presented and 37th Regiment to Celebrate Honor That it Enjoys.

On next Monday afternoon beginning at 3 o'clock a grand joint celebration will be held by the citizens of Laredo and the Thirty-seventh Infantry regiment—the citizens celebrating the presentation of the Fourth Liberty Loan Flag to the city by the Federal Bank and the Thirty-seventh Infantry celebrating the fact that it is the banner regiment of the Southern Department in Fourth Liberty Bond subscriptions, having subscribed for \$100,000 of the bonds, while its nearest competitor took \$54,000 worth of bonds. So this will be the motive for the big joint celebration Monday.

The Federal Reserve Bank sent the Fourth Liberty Bond flag to W. J. Sames, chairman of the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign in Webb county. The flag is to be presented to Mayor McComb and he will fly it from the city hall flagstaff throughout the week of the United War Fund Campaign.

The rally will be formed on Jarvis Plaza at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon for the flag presentation. At that same time the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band and one battalion of the Thirty-seventh Infantry, formed at the Urbahn School vicinity, will march through the city to Market Plaza, around the Plaza and thence to Jarvis Plaza to join the rally, while the High School Military Company will form at the High School building and march through the city to Jarvis Plaza. The military and school military company will form about the speakers' stand on Jarvis Plaza and form a setting for the flag presentation ceremony. W. J. Sames will preside at the rally and the speech-making will begin at 3:30 sharp. Dr. C. F. Kenney will make the presentation speech on behalf of the citizens and military and Mayor McComb will receive the flag, his acceptance speech being made by City Attorney A. Winslow, while Lieutenant Hobart Key of the 37th Infantry will respond on behalf of the military.

City School Superintendent L. J. Christen will close the public schools of the city at the last recess and he will have charge of the work of formation of the various schools and their classes on the plaza at from 3 to 3:30 o'clock while awaiting the arrival of the military and school military company at the rally. The ceremonies will terminate on Jarvis Plaza at 4:30 o'clock in order to give the military ample time to return to Fort McIntosh before 5 o'clock. Marshal Brennan and his police force will be present on the plaza to preserve order during the speech-making.

Should the news come Monday that the armistice is signed and the Germans have surrendered it is arranged for Mayor McComb to ring the fire station bell at 3 o'clock while the rally is being formed, and then all bells and whistles in the city and other noises will be turned loose to make the din of celebration one never before surpassed in the history of Laredo. Should the armistice be signed it is also probable that the large crowd which will be gathered on the plaza will resolve itself into a grand parade to traverse the streets of the city jubiling over the victory of the allies in the war.

The County Council of Defense and the Chamber of Commerce worked jointly to make the Fourth Liberty Loan quota of Webb county a success and it is these two organizations that have arranged jointly for the big celebration and flag presentation for next Monday afternoon.

My office in the City Hall is now open for the reception of City taxes for the year 1918. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 to 5 p. m.  
D. C. de LACHICA,  
City Tax Collector.  
11-130t.

## NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

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## EXAMINING REGISTRANTS WHO LEAVE ON NEXT MONDAY

Twenty-five of the Registrants Will Go to Camp Travis and Four of Them Will Go to Camp Mabry.

The physical examinations of registrants between the ages of nineteen and thirty-six to make up the contingent of Webb county young men who will leave for Camp Travis and Camp Mabry on Monday morning took place today, the examining physician being Dr. E. H. Sauvigniet, board physician.

A total of twenty-nine registrants will be sent from here on Monday, twenty-five of these going to Camp Travis and four going to the army mechanical school at Camp Mabry. The contingent represents two different quotas and is a change from the first call for thirty-five registrants. Another call for registrants will be made November 25 to 27.

Subscribe for  
THE TIMES  
\$6 eta. per month.

## THANKSGIVING FOOTBALL BETWEEN TWO ARMY TEAMS

THIRTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY TO MEET 14TH CAVALRY.

Contest on Thanksgiving Day Promises to Be One of the Most Interesting Ever Held in Laredo.

If present tentative plans materialize, followers of sports in Laredo will be offered on Thanksgiving an athletic treat which, from a standpoint of thrills and general interest, will long be remembered in this section of the border. The proposed athletic treat is a gridiron struggle on Turkey Day between a picked team from the officers and enlisted men of the 37th Infantry, (Laredo's own) and her former military organization, the 14th Cavalry.

Plans for the contest which will prove if staged a red letter event in Laredo's athletic history are already well under way and a definite announcement is expected within the next few days. So certain are the gridiron representatives of the 37th that the contest will be staged, however, that they completed their formal organization after their regular daily practice yesterday afternoon, electing Lieut. M. J. Berg, former Wisconsin star, captain, and Lieut. N. S. Edmunds, former all-Southern end, coach. Intensive training will proceed daily under the supervision of these former gridiron celebrities.

The team which will trot out on the field to represent the 37th in its debut will be one of the most formidable ever mobilized in Texas so far as material is concerned. In addition to Captain Berg, whose name was a daily adornment of the sporting pages in the middle west a few months ago, there are available: Lieut. Colburn, a member of one of the University of Virginia's most famous teams; Lieut. Wood, who starred with the Mississippi Aggies before he donned the khaki; Captain Merriweather, who carried the colors of Louisiana State to victory some few years ago; Lieut. Rutan, formerly of the Michigan Aggies; Lieut. Lea, one-time backfield star at Northwestern; Lieut. Pruden, Lieut. Hesseldein, and a score of others.

Even if the proposed contest with the 14th Cavalry fails to materialize Laredo's sport lovers will nevertheless have an opportunity to see the fighting eleven of the 37th in action upon numerous occasions. Permission has already been secured to carry out a formidable schedule.

## MEMBERS ARE NOW ARRIVING FOR MEETING NEXT MONDAY

James Duncan, First Vice-President, and Frank Duffy, 4th Vice-President A. F. of L. Arrive.

The vanguard of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor began to reach Laredo this morning, when James Duncan, first vice-president, and Frank Duffy, fourth vice-president of the great labor organization of this country reached Laredo on the morning train. The other members of the executive council to the number of about fifteen, and other representatives of labor organizations from various portions of the country, will reach here on this afternoon's train, while President Samuel Gompers and Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor will reach here sometime between now and Monday morning.

Delegates from various parts of this country, Mexico, South and Central America will be rolling in here in time for the International Labor Conference which will be convened at the Latin-American Club building on Wednesday morning and continue in session for three days. In all about two hundred organized labor officials and delegates are expected here to attend the big conference which starts on Wednesday morning next.

## FOURTH INSTITUTE HELD AT SCHOOL THIS MORNING

A Number of Teachers and Others Participated in the Program With Interesting Subjects.

The fourth day of the City Teachers' Institute was held at the Central School building this morning, and in addition to several vocal selections by Miss Evelyn Kerr, the following subjects were on the program:

"An Object Lesson in Reading," by pupils of Miss Julia Schultz's class; "Chart Class Number Work," by Mrs. Maria Diaz; "Fall in on Discipline," read by Mrs. Thredgill from letter to Supt. L. J. Christen; "Chart Class Number Work," by Miss Maria Gonzales; "Vocational Mathematics vs. the Old Regime," by Miss Christine Sirois; "Management of the Classroom," by Miss Laura Mudd, with remarks on the subject by Mrs. Violet Oberfeldt; "Reading Lessons in the Primary Grade," by Miss Cardenas; "Promotion of the Sale of War Savings Stamps," talks by Mrs. C. S. McKinney and Mrs. I. Goodman; patriotic address by Rev. C. W. Cook; "The Importance of Habit Formation in the Early School Years," by Mrs. Pinder; "Teaching Conservation," by Miss Sanchez; "Hygienic Conditions in the Classroom," by Miss Johnson; "Mathematics in the Lower Grades," by Mrs. Strain.

## LAUNCH CAMPAIGN MONDAY WAR FUND SUBSCRIPTIONS

IF GERMANS SURRENDER THERE WILL BE BIG CELEBRATION.

Committees of Men, Women, Boys and Girls Will Take Field Monday Morning to Secure Subscriptions.

If the German government should accept the armistice terms of the allies and unconditionally surrender by 11 o'clock Monday morning, the time given them by Marshal Foch, commander-in-chief of the allied armies, there will be a big celebration in Laredo by the ringing of bells and blowing of whistles proclaiming absolute victory for the United States and her allies. And this celebration and great jubilation will incidentally give impetus to the United War Work Campaign, which will be launched on Monday morning to provide funds to keep up the work of the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, the War Camp Community Service, the American Library Association, the Jewish Welfare League and the Salvation Army, all of which organizations will be called on to do much work for the welfare of our boys for the next year or more, for peace will not cause demobilization of the American army for some time yet—they will remain "over there" to help straighten out things and see that real peace is maintained.

The United War Work Campaign for Webb county has been thoroughly organized under the efficient management of Charles Deutz, county chairman, and the county and city have been subdivided into small districts with committees of men, women, boys and girls to thoroughly canvass them and secure funds so that Webb county will readily raise her quota of \$15,000 and then some and go "over the top." The executive committee has a force of solicitors already at work, the women under Mrs. Hal W. Greer are ready for the campaign, the Victory Boys and the Victory Girls under Rev. C. W. Cook and Mrs. Ira O'Meara are thoroughly organized, and the Catholic committees in charge of M. M. Leyendecker have their plans all ready to plunge into the work in an earnest manner on Monday morning.

Remember, people, this is a campaign for the good of seven different war work organizations representing Protestant, Catholic and Jewish war workers, and contributions made at this time are for victory for our boys over the seas who now have the Hun on their knees begging for peace.

## FORFEITED BOND WAS PAID INTO THE DISTRICT COURT

After Two Days Trial Before Jury Divorce Suit Ends in Verdict in Favor of the Plaintiff.

In the case of Lorenzo Gonzales Cardenas Cardenas, charged with Cardenas, charged with violation of the dry zone law, his sureties on the bond, B. de la Garza and Santiago Mendoza, yesterday paid District Attorney John A. Valls the sum of \$500. Cardenas had his bond forfeited when he failed to appear in court for trial.

In the case of Teresa Martinez de Fierros vs. Eduardo Fierros, suit for divorce, which was on trial before a jury in the district court Thursday and Friday, the jury last evening rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff and also for a division of the property.

## ANOTHER WEBB COUNTY BOY MAKES SUPREME SACRIFICE

Jose Zamora of Encinal, This County, Succumbed to Pneumonia Contracted at Battlefront.

The casualty list from the front published yesterday contained the name of Jose Zamora, a Webb county man, who joined the national army as a draft registrant last February, when he left here for Camp Travis, and from there the early part of June was sent to France. He died in France on October 15 following an attack of pneumonia, contracted while at the front. He was a member of the 90th Div., Co. C, 360 Infantry Regiment, A. E. F.

Deceased is the son of Samuel Zamora, a well known farmer of this county living near Encinal. The young man was held in the highest estimation by all who knew him and the news of his death comes as a great shock to his relatives and friends.

## APPLICANTS MUST HURRY TO ENTER TRAINING SCHOOL

Captain McClure is Still Anxious to Secure Laredo Applicants Whether Armistice Signed or Not.

Whether or not the armistice between Germany and the allied powers is formally signed within the 72 hours allowed the Teutonic government, the infantry officers training school at Camp Fremont, Cal., will open as previously announced, it was emphatically stated today by Major C. I. McClure.

This announcement is made in order that registrants who intend to apply for admission to the training camp will not labor under the erroneous impression that the camp will be discontinued in case peace is effected and that efforts to enter will be futile and useless. Draft registrants who desire to secure commissions in the infantry should apply to Major McClure at Fort McIntosh without delay.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor  
Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

**Saturday.**  
The War Work Committee will hold a meeting at Market Hall at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.  
There will be a meeting of the Busy Bees at the home of Miss Anna May Mussett after the rally at Market Hall.  
The Red Cross Hospital Supply Room will be open from 4 until 6 o'clock in the afternoon, with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor in charge.

**Sunday.**  
The Epworth Society will meet in the League Room at the Methodist Church at 7 o'clock in the evening.  
The B. Y. P. U. will hold their regular meeting at the Baptist Church in the evening.

## This May Interest You.

The Times desires all social items of interest and cordially invites its readers to supply such news to the society editor. Send or phone all items about weddings, parties, visitors, dinners, receptions, bazaars, children's parties, etc. If you are leaving town or returning, or have visitors arriving or departing. The Times will be glad to know it. While names will not be used all written communications must be signed. This is imperative to prevent imposition. Phone all society communications to the Society Editor of The Times at No. 70 between 7 and 8 o'clock in the morning and 6 and 8:30 in the evening.

## The Shadow.

Where green hills cut the opal sky  
And black and white the maples fly,  
Cheerily with its saffron sails  
The fleece of clouds the windmill  
Falls.

Fanning white puffs in merry race  
Into the red sun's jovial face,  
Loisette and I with rippling laughter,  
And watchful mother trudging after,  
Like children wander hand in hand  
Amid this day dream wonderland.

But up across the world's green rim  
From out a fringe of poplars slim  
Come horsemen trooping, and Loisette,  
With quivering voice and lashes wet,  
Speaks while her tears unbidden  
Flow:

"Our Jean returned two years ago  
With eyes that could not see the sun  
Nor yet the ribbon he had won."  
—Selected.

## General Mention.

Lieut. Seymour Denike arrived in the city yesterday afternoon to visit his parents.

Word has been received from Philip and James Moore that they are well pleased with their school in Staunton, Virginia.

## Honor Guard Girls.

The members of the Honor Guard Girls held a pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Hugh Cluck. After the business was transacted the members adjourned. Those present were Misses Mary Hickey, Jennie Devine, Marguerite Nelson, Mesdames A. S. J. Tucker, Asher Smith, R. L. Muller and the hostess.

## War Relief Notes.

Why should one save? In order to help win the war, of course; but saving pays you directly, for by giving up many things you do not need now, you save and secure future goods that may, a few years from now mean much for your success and happiness. What will a \$5 W. S. S. buy when it is paid back to you—or a number of such stamps? These stamps and the personal discipline secured by saving may make possible later a special course of training, or entrance into a skilled trade, or the opening of a store, or the securing of a farm; if you are a girl, War-Savings may help you to become a stenographer, a book-keeper, a nurse, a teacher, instead of being poorly paid because you are an unskilled worker.

Don't forget that we must all save. If we go on buying as we did before the war, our Government will not be able to get enough material to provide clothes, ammunition, guns, ships, food, and other necessary supplies for our Army and Navy. If we go on spending as usual our Government can not have enough men working to produce the things that are necessary to win the war. Men who work for you can not work for the Government.

**Certain Cure for Croup.**  
Mrs. Rose Middleton, of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says, "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately and I was never without it in the house. I have taken it myself for coughs and colds with good results."

## Announcement.

The Tuesday Music and Literary Club will meet with Mrs. C. M. Fish next Tuesday afternoon.

**Club Notes.**  
The Blue Bird Chapter of Camp

## THIS ISLAST DAY FOR CONVERTING BONDS

BONDS OF EARLIER ISSUES MAY NOW NO LONGER BE CONVERTED TO NEWER ISSUES.

Special to The Times.  
Dallas, Texas, Nov. 8.—Secretary McAdoo today made the following announcement:

"As previously announced, the privilege of converting 4 per cent bonds of the First Liberty Loan converted and 4 per cent bonds of the Second Liberty Loan into 4 1/2 per cent bonds expires on Nov. 9, 1918, and cannot under existing law be extended. Bonds actually in direct transit to a Federal Reserve bank or the treasury department for conversion on Nov. 9 will be treated as presented on Nov. 9 and will be accepted for conversion. In cases where bonds are actually with a Federal Reserve bank or the treasury department pending the determination of questions as to transfer or exchange, or the issue of duplicate bonds, bondholders may exercise the conversion privilege by filing requests for conversion on or before Nov. 9 with the Federal Reserve bank holding the bonds, or the treasury department, as the case may be. Such requests for conversion, if actually in direct transit to the Federal Reserve bank or the treasury department on Nov. 9 will be treated as filed on said date."

## ENTITLED TO PAY.

By Associated Press.  
Austin, Texas, Nov. 9.—Attorney General Looney holds that school teachers are entitled to pay for periods while the schools were closed on account of influenza, unless their contracts stipulate otherwise.

## KILLED IN TRAIN WRECK.

By Associated Press.  
Aurora, Ill., Nov. 9.—An eastbound troop train from Camp Grant carrying football fans for a game with Camp Taylor at Chicago collided with a passenger train here today. Several persons are reported killed.

## NO MORE SUNDAY WORK.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, Nov. 9.—The navy department has ordered the discontinuance of Sunday work in navy yards. The production of most essentials is now exceeding the requirements.

## GOMPERS IS COMING.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, Nov. 9.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, left today for Laredo to preside over the Pan-American labor conference.

Fire Girls held a business meeting with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl yesterday afternoon. The members all signed their pledges for the Victory club. Those present were Mab Barr, Dorothy Borchers, Nellie War, Mollie Swartzmann, Margaret Copeland, and Mrs. Poggenpohl.

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